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JUST KILLING TIME

Sanators Fool Away an Entire Day Discussing Hawaiian Affairs.

WALL STREET WOLVES GROW SLEEK

they Gorge Themselves on Gold to Their Full Capacity.

IN BONDS ARE THE ONLY KIND

Segacity to Place the Country Com-

Washington, February 6 .- (Special.)-When agress assembled this morning there were ust twenty-three working days left. The mmediately proceeded to improve the shining hours by launching forth in a debate on the policy, propriety and necesbetween this country and Hawall. to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mills of Texas promptly made a point of order against it that it was general slation and could not, therefore, be tacked on to this bill. The decision of the man was reserved to let the matter he debated, and it was debated. The dision finally took in the whole Hawaiian stion and lasted all the rest of the day. Every day thus frittered away lessens the mees for general legislation of all kinds. stration bond bill that pet measure of the Wall street gold bugs. It was agreed that Reed's substitute should be regarded as a pending amendment. It will be voted on tomorrow, but the outlook is that it will be beat and that is the outlook for the ole scheme. The administration is set on having authority granted it to issue cold bonds, and if this be not given the distration does not care a rap for any Wail street with coin bonds at 4 and 5 per ent interest until it is gorged. The law under which Cleveland and Carlisle claim to be acting authorizes the issuing of 1.500,000,000 worth of coin bonds-\$200,000,000 en-year 5 per cents, \$300,000,000 fifteen-year the per cents and \$1,000,000,000 thirty-year

They have issued \$100,000,000. They can sue hundreds of millions more. What ather could a Wall street president want? only one thing. The word coin stricken out the word gold inserted. Well, he will ot get it from this congres

Reed tried today to get Springer to ac ept his substitute. Springer agreed to do coin bonds, but the astute ex-czar declined. presidential bee in his bonnet buzzed sagacious warning, so this plan fell appreciated henchman of Cleveland's ting under orders, positively refused to cept any thing save a gold bond. Even the administration bond bill should be reed through the house, under whip and eely plied from the white house and aided by Reed, it cannot pass the senate. It is doubtful if a substitute could pass that body, even though endorsed and urged or Gorman and the steering committee. But the house will probably put both proposi-

ons to sleep tomorrow afternoon. The report in regard to the stone to be used in the public building at Kansas City has been made and all the papers have been lions of the supervising architect until after ctary Carlisie has rendered his decision. He may do this tomorrow and he may hold it for several days. Until then it cannot be known definitely whether the corgia company will furnish the ston

Had the omnibus claim bill passed the use Monday these Georgians would have ceived the amounts after their names. Now, however, they will perhaps never have that good fortune:

omas C. Anderson, Fulton county, \$704; illiam L. Comially, Walker county, \$670; John P. Davidson, Floyd county, \$1,830; Jane Gilbert, Newton county, \$57; George W. Hendricks, Bartow county, \$57; Mira M. Hasbin, Whitheld county, \$12,40; F. G. enderson, Whitfield county, \$754; Richard asse, Fulton county, \$350; C. V. Neid-iger, Effingham county, \$1,500; Minerva Nichols, Forsyth county, \$2,250; W. C. urker, County, \$2,250; W. C. Parker, Campbell county, \$297; Ben P. Rogers, Douglas county, \$410; Nichelas Raw-lings, Floya county, \$848; A. Thornburgh, Walker county, \$941; Francis Tillman, Chat-ham county, \$241; Francis Tillman, Chatan county, \$250; George Wagner, Chat-

illi Springer's Successes and Failures ding Bill Springer has another judgeistrict has been provided for in Illinois setting his pegs for that

ringer ought to be provided for. He stood by Mr. Cleveland at all times od under all circumstances. Nobody ever coused him of being a man of great abili-y, but he is good-natured, energetic, and ways hopeful. He wears hope as faith-ally as he does that red carnation in is buttomiole. You can throw him off a lousetop and he will light upon his feet, many somersaults he may have ned in his fall, and look upon you with a pleasant smile. He has been in congress eighteen years, and in that time has been a little of everything. He has been chairman of a half dozen committees and but for his lock of judgment would have made himself. self famous. He knows something of rything and much of most things, but hen he should keep on the main line. But s insatiable desire to run off on a trail when chasing a fcx, he would ave been great. His greatest fault is his ick of fixed purpose. But for his dallying ualities and good nature he would today ve been the hub of a great democracy. Stead, when defeated for congress in the idealide which swept other great men into the stormy sen of legitimate labor daily bread by daily bread, he paddled his little canoe ards the court of claims judgeship, but id not resist the temptation to change course repeatedly and grab for every ting vision in sight. Up to date his ks have grappled nothing but wind. Yet rybody wisher Pill State 1

wishes Bill Springer well.

VENEZUELA'S BOUNDARY.

The House Passes a Resolution Rec-Washington, February 6.—The boundary dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain over the delimitation of the frontier of British Guiana was the occasion of the passage of a joint resolution by the house today recommending the parties to submit the controversy to arbitration.

The joint resolution was reported from

The joint resolution was reported from the committee on foreign affairs, and was in accordance with the suggestion of Presi-dent Cleveland in his last annual mes-

were introduced to obviate objections to the original measures pointed out by the president, to pension Richard R. Knight and to grant the Gila Valley, Grove and Northern Railroad Company a right of way through the San Carlos Indian reser-

vation in Arizona.

The currency and banking and gold loan bill was discussed five hours today, after 2 o'clock, under the five-minute rule, when amendments were in order. The principal speech in general debate was made by Mr. Bresing republication. Bresius, republican, of Pennsylvania, a member of the committee reporting the bill, who made an eloquent appeal in the rame of patriotism and duty for united action to relieve the country from its present condition. The amendments proposed by the committee with two expentions. the committee, with two exceptions, were agreed to, after an interesting and at times exciting debate, during which there was much confusion on the floor. The committee proposed to strike out the section to retire all national bank notes of less denomination. nation than \$10, and all sliver certificates of higher denomination than \$10, and to require state banks to keep their lawful reserves in gold coin or gold certificates. The two propositions were rejected. Numerous amendments were proposed by indi-vidual members, but of those agreed to only two were of importance. One, offered by Mr. Haugen, republican, of Wisconsin, reduced from \$50,000 to \$20,000 the minimum capital stock of national banks; the other, offered by Mr. Hartman, of Montana, required the payment of half of the customs dues collected to be in gold and half in

Mr. Bland's free silver proposition, as a substitute for the bill, was ruled out of order by Chalrman Richardson and from that decision Mr. Bland appealed. No quorum voted on the question of sustaining the chair, and the house adjourned, leaving the appeal reading the chair. ing the appeal pending for settlem

He Takes His Sent and Adds to the Republican Strength of the Senate. Washington, February 6.—Another acquisition to the strength of the republicans in the senate was made today in the per-son of Mr. Clark, of Wyoming, who ap-peared and took the oath of office. The senate now consists of 87 members, of whom 43 are democrats, 39 republicans and 5 populists.

The diplomatic and consular appropria-

tion bill was taken up today and a long debate took place upon an amendment reported from the committee on approprians for the construction and maintenance by the United States government of telegraph cable between the United States

telegraph cable between the United States and Hawali and appropriating \$500,000 as part of the cost.

The participants in the debate were Hale, Teller, Gray and Platt. The matter went over till tomorrow without action, and with a point of order pending against the amendment of general legislation on an appropriation bill. During the closing minutes of the day's session the sense with appropriation bill. During the closing minutes of the day's session the senate substitute for the house bill appropriating \$4,000,000 for the new Chicago postoffice was taken up and agreed to, the bill passed and a conference with the house asked for. The substitute makes a direct appropriation, but directs the work to be let out in contracts, the aggregate amount of which shall not exceed \$4,000,000. At 5:45 o'clock the senate adjourned.

Senator Butler, in charge of the pooling bill, had decided to make a fight to get that measure before the senate for action. He believes that the bill should be passed and that there are votes enough to pass

He believes that the bill should be passed and that there are votes enough to pass it if it is permitted to come to a vote. This morning he offered a resolution that the senate take his bill up and consider it sent up from the supervising architect's of-fice to Secretary Carilsle. Nothing has been sular and diplomatic and the postoffice appropriation bills shall have been passed. The resolution went to the table and Mr. Butler can call it up after these bills have been passed.

THE DISPUTE SETTLED. President Cleveland's Decision Is in

Favor of Brazil.

Washington, February 6.—The president today decided the boundary dispute between Brazil and the Argentine Republic in favor of Brazil. The difficulty was presented to the special envoys of Brazil, Baron Rio Branco and General Cerquiera, and the Argentine minister Dr. Zeballos. and the Argentine minister, Dr. Zeballo who assembled with their staffs at th state department this afternoon by Secretary Gresham. The voluminous documents in the controversy were delivered to the controversy were delivered to the president February 9, 1894, and he had year for their consideration, in which he was assisted by Assistant Secretaries of State Uhl and Rockhill. The decree of award, which is made under the arbitra-tion treaty concluded September 7, 1889, be-tween the empire (now United States) of

"Now, therefore, be it known that I Grover Cleveland, president of the United States of America, upon whom the func-tions of arbitrator have been conferred in the premises, having duly examined and considered the arguments, documents and evidence to me submitted by the respec-tive parties pursuant to the provisions of

said treaty, do hereby make the following decision and award:
"That the boundary line between the Argentine Republic and the United States of Brazil in that part submitted to me for arbitration and decision is constituted and shall be established and upon the rivers Pepiri (also called Pepiri-Gauzup) and San Antonio, to-wit: the rivers which Brazil has designated in the argument and documents submitted to me as constituting the

boundary, and hereinbefore denom the westerly system."

The president then proceeded to describe the boundary with great precision in order that it may be identified without difficulty and closes the interesting docu-ment by affixing the seal of the United States.

It is understood that this is one of great number of boundary disputes in which Brazil has long been involved and that a definite dividend line is yet to be fixed between Brazilian territory and that of Bolivia, Ecuador, Colombia and Ven-

Washington, February 6.—The president this morning signed the bill reviving the ank of lieutenant general of the army, for the benefit of Major General Schofield. lieutenant general has become a law, it has been ascertained that before General Schofield can be promoted to that grade he must be nominated and confirmed by the senate. Nomination has been sent to the executive mansion and will doubtless go t

Take the Thermometers in by the Fire

or They Will Freeze.

WISCONSIN REPORTS FIFTY BELOW Violent Gales, with Blinding Snow

Storms and Intense Cold.

ALL THE WEST AND NORTH SUFFERS

New York, Philadelphia and Baltimor Report the Most Bitter February
Weather Known in Years.

Washington, February 6 .- (Special.)-The weather bureau special bulletin says; During the past twenty-four hours the pressure has risen 1.22 at Havre; 1.38 at Medicine Hut, and 1.32 at Swift Current, and has fallen more than half an inch at Kansas City, Des Moines, Keokuk, Springfield, Ill., Hannibal and St. Louis, Mo. These conditions have produced a very steep gradien of the barometer and a wind velocity of sixty miles an hour at Valentine; fortyeight at Cheyenne, Wyo., and forty-six at North Platte, Neb.

Emergency warnings, indicating violent gales with snow, have been sent to the states in the upper and middle Mississipp and lower Ohlo valleys and the upper lake region. The indications are for the severest cold wave of the season in Colorado, northern Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territo ry, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota and South Daketa tonight. In Arkansas, Missouri, Indiana and upper lake region Thursday afternoon and night.

The following low temperatures were r

orted today; Middletown, N. Y., 12 below; Plattsburgh, N. Y., 24 below; Monticello, N. Y., 18 below; Cincinnati, 16 below; Mc Keesport, 8 below; Columbus, O., and Pittsburg, Pa., 5 below, and snow falling: Newport, R. I., zero; Hanover, N. H., 14 to 18, or in zero: that neighborhood; Utica, N. Y., 10 below; Schnectady, 14 below; Troy 14 to 20 below; Newburg, 3 below; Washingtonville, N. Y., 20 below; Binghampton, 14 below; Glenison, 18 below; Kingston, 10 below; Hudson, 12 below; Rome, 12 below; Rochester 9 below; Concord, N. H., 18 to 20 degrees below

Lock Haven, Pa., 22 to 28 below through out this entire section.

Garfield, Pa., 20 to 30 below. Harrisburg, Pa., average of 6 below. Milwaukee, Wis., a blizzard. Wheeling, W. Va., from zero to 10 below hroughout the western part of the state.

throughout the western part of the state.

St. Louis, zero.

Detroit, Mich, range of state 7 to 30 below.

Duluth, Minn., 15 below and a blizzard.

Pittsburgh, Pa., 6 below.

Erie, Pa, 12 below in the city and 20 beow in the country. The North River Frozen.

New York, February 6 .- Today was the coldest since December 31, 1880. In the ferry slips and for about a quarter of a mil out into the North river the ice was solid. Ferry boats had to ram their way into slips and in many cases made a dozen attempts to reach the landing.

Through Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, Pa., February 6.—The cold-est weather in February that Philadelphia ever experienced is now manifesting itself. The temperature at the weather bureau is 3 degrees below zero, with no immediate prospect of a rise. The weather is clear Advices from points throughout the state report extremely cold weather, the lowest temperature being fecorded at Cresson, where the mercury dropped to 20 degrees below zero. Cresson is on the summit of the Allegheny mountains. At Reading the meter registered 5 below. At midnight the thermometer

The Coldest in Twenty-One Years. Baltimore, Md., February 6.—The temperature at the signal office this morning was 1 degree above zero, the coldest February with one exception, in twenty-one

SNOW IN THE WEST.

Railroad Traffic Interrupted Heavy Storms Predicted. Chicago, February 6 .- From zero weather the temperature began slowly to rise last night, terminating in snow, which gradually increased in volume until this morning it had nearly reached the proportions of a blizzard. Transportation companies have out their sweepers and are, with difficulty, keeping the tracks clear. Reports from al over Illinois and Indiana are that similar si cwstorms are prevailing and railroad travel through these states is being considerably impeded.

Professor Moore, of the United States eather bureau, says the snowstorm which began last night threatens to result in serious interruption and delay of railroa . A heavy snowfall during the next twenty-four hours is predicted for Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Wiscon-sin, Michigan, Minnesota and Indiana. Another severe cold wave is due tomorrow Living Up to Her Reputation.

The higher temperature which was prom ised for Wednesday came for a short time, but it was marred by the increase in the wind and a steady fall of snow, which drifted all day in this city and the surrounding country, seriously interfering with the transportation of the street railways. The thermometer kept close to 5 degrees above zero, which was comfortable in com-parison with the below-zero waves of re-cent date. The snowfall continues and the prognostications of the weather bureau berne out by the conditions reported from the railroad offices, pointing to general delay of trains tomorrow. All the street car lines of the city were having a hard tin.e do carry passengers last night. The mail sérvice was dernoralized. All trains from one to six hours late. Most of the trains sent out last night were double

At Zero in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., February 6.—The intense tinues with slight abatement. The mercury registered at the 2476 hart cearly im-morning, but is slowly rising. A mild snowstorm prevails with indications of be-coming worse in a few hours. Railway traffic suffers but little delay from the storm. Reports received from southern lowa. Kansas and Missouri points report se ere cold weather with snow flurries.

A Minnesota Blizzard. St. Paul, Minn., February 6.—Dispatches from thirty points west of here in Minneso-ta and Dakota indicate that a great storm Continued on Third Column, Second Page.

"YOU ARE THE MAN." Blixt Rises in Court and Accuse

Minneapolis, Minn., February 6 .- Claus Blixt was again on the stand this morning in the Hayward trial. Mr. Erwin sald on the opening of the morning session: "You know, do you not, that you have

padded your story throughout to suit the public feeling?"
Objected to, and Judge Smith informed Mr. Erwin very forcibly that he was to cast no reflections on the character of the Blixt muddled by questions as to the pint of whisky. Blixt suddenly rallied and said: "This is no laughing matter. I can

there—" rising and pointing his finger at Harry Hayward. The court stopped him and said: "Answer the questions as they are asked, and if you want to explain anything further the court will allow you to do so." Blixt then said: "No man in the condi-tion I was in at the time could keep any hing straight in his mind. When I got

tell the truth now, and you are the man

Better my mind cleared and I could remem-ber more and more."

("Is that the only explanation you have the changes you have made in your That's all. I am telling the truth as I

emember it."

Mr. Erwin continued in his attempts to mix Blixt up on the points of time men-tioned in his statements at the West hotel and since. Blixt stuck to the last, and what he calls "the true statement," and gave Erwin no satisfaction.

gave Erwin no satisfaction.

It means a great deal to Hayward
whether Blixt's first or second confession
is true. If he told the truth in his first is true. If he told the full he able to confession then Hayward will be able to prove an alibi. Mr. Erwin has adopted the idea that in his first confession Blixt told nearer the truth than in his second one. The accusation that Hayward did one. The accusation that Hayward did the killing was false-it was done by Blix himself, as he has since confessed, but the man that urged him to the deed was

the man that urged that the decent of hayward.

Erwin argued that Blixt had been compelled to change the time at which it was alleged Hayward had come to him with a bettle of whisky, because it had been pointed out to him that Hayward would be able to prove him a falsifier if he did not change; it "Any man in the condition I was in," add Blixt, "would not be likely to know whether the time Hayward brought was 5 o'clock or half-past 7."

Hayward laughed aloud at this and looked squarely at Blixt the while. The face of the slayer turned livid, his voice trembled and he half rose from the witness chair.

and he half rose from the witness chair.
"Yes," he cried, "this is no laughing thing,
I tell you." He was pointing one shaking
hard straight at Hayward and his lips
trembled as he gasped out: "Yes, you—
you are the man that done it all. I know tell the truth, you know."

Harry Hayward, with chin resting on his and, his white teeth showing as his lips

hand, his white teeth showing as his lips parted in a broad grin, had enraged the witness beyond and are the witness beyond endurance. Blixt was calm d and the case proceeded. Blixt remained on the stand until after 3 Blixt remained on the stand until after o o'clock, when he complained of a severe headache, and was excused with the under-standing that he should be called tomorrow. All through the trying ordeal of his cross-

examination he has never hesitated an in-stant. Try as the skilled attorney might, he was unable to trap him into making a single damaging admission.

DEATH OF HOWELL OSBORNE. He Was a Character Well Known in America and Europe.

New York, February 6 .- Howell Osborn, a well known man about town, died at o'clock this morning, thirty-six years of

Osborn suffered from acute kidney troubles, which followed a severe cold. He re-cently went to Mount Airy, N. C. with a party of friends on a quall-shooting trip. He was caught in a blizzard and had to drive twelve miles through the storm, and arrived at his hotel in an exhausted condi-

A cold developed, which he feared might ed for New York. He arrived here Janu ary 25th, and he has been in bed since under the care of Dr. E. P. Smith and Dr. E. G. Janeway. He realized that he was a very sick man.

Fay Templeton, the former burlesque ac tress, who has been his constant compan-tion for the last ten years, was unremitting in her attentions during his illness. Both she and Howell Osborn have said that they are unmarried, otherwise a large part of Osborn's income would have been off by the terms of his mother's will. Howell Osborn has been an international spendthrift. Since the death of his father, Charles J. Osborn, in 1885, he has divided

his time about equally between Europe and America and, except for occasional brief intervals, has had the company of Fay Templeton. Osborn's father left in trust \$500,000 from which he was to receive the income during his life time. At his death the bequest was to go to his next of kin on his father's side. In 1891 his mother, Miriam A. Osborn, died, leaving in trust \$700,000, from which he was to receive the

It was provided that the income from his mother's legacy should be shut off and the principal turned over to the Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association in case he contracted a matrimonial alliance with "any woman who had ever acted sung or son that Osborn and Miss Templeton never married. There was no other reason why they should not have entered into wellock because Miss Templeton's husband, "Frily" West, the minstrel, secured a divorce from her in Chicago several years ago. On the death of Osborn the bequest of his mother goes to the Memorfal Home Association, which is to establish a nome for old ladies in New York or in Westchester county After the death of his mother Osborn's income in round numbers was \$50,000 a year. It was previously in the neighborhood of \$25,000. The trustees under his hood of \$25,000. The trustees under father's will are Lawyer John W. Sterli of 45 William street, and Stock Broker E. S. Chapin, of 4 Exchange court. The trustees under his mother's will are Lawyet Sterling and the Central Trust Company.

TRIAL OF DR. CURRY.

He Is Charged with Safe Blowing. A Change of Venue Granted. Chattanooga, Tenn., February 6.-The trial of Dr. Z. H. Curry, a prominent physcian, accused of trying to blow open the vault of the First National bank of Harri-man, with nitro-glycerine, opened today. A change of venue was granted defendant or the plea that he could not get an impartia trial in Harriman and the case will be heard tomorrow at Kingston. The accused in engaged to be married to a highly ac-complished lady of Harriman, and the circompliances leading to his arrest produced a tremendous sensation there, where he stood high. The explosive was procured in Bessemer, Ala., upon false representations. The plan of the robbery, which miscarried because the fuse was too short, shows re markable ingenuity that would not disc it a professional safe blower.

ATLANTA'S DELEGATION AT RALEIGH

Make an Appropriation.

THE WOMEN SECOND THEIR EFFORTS

Their Race - The National Farmers'

Raleigh, N. C., February 6 .- (Special.)-At 1 o'clock this afternoon President Collier, H. H. Cabaniss, J. J. Spalding, Clark Howell, A. W. Smith, T. B. Neal, E. P. Black, F. P. Rice, ex-Governor Bullock and Thomas A. Closs, the committee representing the Cotton States and International exposition, arrived here after a pleasant journey from Atlanta, in the private car of General Manager Winder, of the Seaboard Air-Line. They were met at the union station by Mr. Josephus Daniels, editor of The News and Observer, and members of the senate and house committee on agriculture, and were taken to

the Yarborough. After dinner they visited the state museum and were shown through it by Secretary Bruner, of the state board of agriculture, and State Geologist Holmes. They expressed admiration at the magnificent collection and its superb arrangement in the museum, and they were at once impressed with the ease with which North Carolina can make an exhibit. The comexecutive office, and was most cordially re

now in the treasury, \$20,000, of which \$3,000

Smith and Charles L. Pettigrew. The re-Smith and Charles L. Pettigrew. The remarks of all were heard with close attention, and an extremely favorable impression was made on the agricultural committees. The visitors said the bill was well drawn. They urged with great skill and force all the reasons why North Carolina should participate. Not a reason was left unstated. The matter was put in a most practical way, and the assured success of the exposition was shown as was cess of the exposition was shown as was also the fact that North Carolina would be guilty of a great mistake if it falled to exhibit, as this was the best way to show in this distinctly southern exposition its resources, and avail-itself of the tide of immigration from the great northwest,

spirit of the people of Atlanta and Geor gla were well shown, all political parties and both races being a unit in pushing

guests of the Capital Club.

At 7 o'clock tonight they were giver another hearing, this time in the senate chamber, before the house and senate in joint session. Senator Francks, presidpro tem. of the senate, and Speaker Wal-ser of the house, presided. The assem-blage filled the chamber. Close attention was paid to the speeches. Mr. Howell, as chairman of the legislative com after an introduction by Speaker Walser introduced President Collier, Spalding, Cabaniss, A. W. Smith, Bulkock, Rice and Neal. The speakers declared their full be-lief that North Carolina, never backward in any enterprise, will be represented at the

"Resolved, That the president of the Cotton States and International exposition and Governor Bullock are hereby invited to visit this convention immediately and submit a few remarks concerning the same."

lier and Governor Bullock visited the cor vention and spoke, telling the colored

North Carolina Can Easily Make a Splendid Display.

Georgians Urge the Legislature to

At 4 o'clock the joint committee on agri-culture gave the visitors a hearing at the board room in the agricultural building. Chairman Black, of the house committee presided and there was a large and representative attendance. Chairman Newborne, of the senate committee, did not carrive until later. Mr. Lineback welcomed the Atlanta delegation, saying it was a great pleasure to have it here. Representative French read the bill which is in the hands of the house committee and which he introduced. The bill appropriates out of the balance of the direct tax fund

is for the women's exhibit, and a like sum for the colored department. Addresses were made made by Messrs. Howell, Bullock, Cabaniss, Spalding, Rice,

get cotton mills from the north and trade from the South American and Central American countries. The speakers assured the committee that the good results of the exposition to North Carolina would be even greater than those from the world's fair, which are now felt all over the state. In other words, it was broadly declared that in no way could a greater service be done the state than by active and earnest participation in the exposition. It was frankly said by all the speakers that no state in the south could surpass if, indeed, equal North Caro-lina in an exhibit, so much of which is

the exposition.

After the speeches Chairman Lineback moved that the thanks of the committee be tendered the visitors for their presenta-tion of the matter, and also for their com-ing here. This motion unanimously pre-valled. Mrs. R. R. Cotten, who was president of the North Carolina department o the women's department at the world's fair, made an earnest plea to the con state at Atlanta. The hearing before the committees lasted one hour and a half. During the evening the visitors were the

This afternoon the National Farmers' Alance adopted very strong resolutions endorsing the exposition. Tonight there was a large meeting of prominent colored men in the house of representatives for the purpose of forming a permanent organization for the proper and general observance of emancipation day in North Carolina. Rev. R. H. W. Leak, of Raleigh, presided. The following resolution was adopted:

In accordance with this, President Colple that for the first time they were given a place in a great exposition. Governor Bullock assured his hearers that their best home was in the south and their best friends southern people, and he called on Them to make a worthy exhibit. John C. Dancy thanked the committee for the earnest and advanced work it has done for the colored race, which had no commission at the world's fair. He promised that North Carolina would lead at the Atlanta expeltion. He said the feeling between the races here was better than in any other state and that the races would help each other win laurels at Atlanta. The following reswin laurels at Atlanta. The following resolution was adopted by a standing vote:

"Whereas, The Cotton States and International exposition to be held in Atlanta, Ga., in the fall of this year, has set apart one building, erected at its own cost, for a display of the progress of the colored people of the United States during the thirty years of their freedom; and,

"Whereas, The colored people from all parts of the south have been recognized in the appointment of a commission from each state to collect and install such an exhibit of the progress of the colored people as will be creditable to the race; and,

"Whereas, This has been the first step whereas, Inis has been the first serious towards such a collection and presentation of the industrial and educational development of the colored people at any great exposition; therefore, be it "Resolved, That we heartily endorse the exposition and especially recommend the co-operation of the colored race, not only in North Carolina, but in all parts of the south, in making a display which will present the progress of our race to the world the north light as it deceaves to be." in such light as it deserves to be."

Mr. Howell was then called on and made

THRIFFILEY TO BE TRIED.

Another of the New Orleans Council to Be Tried for Bribery.

a speech which was liberally applauded.

New Orleans, La., February 6.—The next councilmanic case which will come up for hearing in the courts and agitate the public mind will be that of Francis B. Thriffiley, of the eighth district, which has been fixed for hearing in section B on Wednesday, February 13th, before Judge Moise. The retitaty in the state and a state of the indictment in which Thriffley is made the defendant was returned by the celebrated William B. Bloomfield grand jury, and charges the accused with having felon charges the accused with having feloniously and corruptly proposed to receive a bribe of \$7,500 from Charles Marshall, superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville road, in return for which the accused was to exercise the powers vested in him as a member of the city council with partiality and favor and in support of the passage of certain ordinances then pending before the city council granting privileges of laying and rearranging the tracks of that company on the levee between LaFayette and Callicpe the levee between LaFayette and Callicpe

on September 6, 1894, but the arraignment was deferred indefinitely. On January 14, 1895, the defendant's attorneys appeared in court with a motion to quash the indictment, but Judge Moise de-livered a written opinion in which the motion was overruled and defendant ordered to plead. Thriffley accordingly appeared in section B on the 15th instant and pleading not guilty, was discharged on his bond.

THREE MEN SUFFOCATED. The Fumes of a Hard Coal Fire

Overcome Them. New Orleans, La., February 6.—Three men met with a horrible fate last night or early this morning on the Coal Palace owned by W. G. Coyle & Co., lying in the river at the head of Erato street. Two o the victims were colored, while the other was a white man. Their names are Griffin Brown, Sylvester Richardson and John Hogan or Walsh. The latter is of the Caucasian race and was a tramp without a home. The men were suffocated to death by fumes from a hard coal fire, which they built on a piece of sheet iron in the cabin of the Palace. The apartment was tightly closed and the fumes, finding no means of escape, filled the place and overcame the sleepers. This morning they were found rigid, and the smoke and ashes of the coal told the story.

THAWED THE ELEVATOR PIPES But It Cost \$75,000-A Fire in a Fur-

niture Store. Baltimore, Md., February 6.—An attempt to thaw the elevator pipes in the basement of Aaron Brag's furniture store, at the corner of Howard and Clay streets, this morning, caused a loss of over \$75,000. The flames darted up the elevator shaft, quickly spread throughout the five-story building, and before the firemen got to work the flames communicated to the four-story building on the south side of Brag's estab ment, occupied by William T. Hildebrandt & Co., stampers and embroiderers. The building was flooded, and a \$15,000 stock ruined. The furniture store of George Beck, next to Hindebrandt's, was badly damaged. Charles G. Carmine's plumbing shop and saloon were gutted before the flames were under control. In the meantime Brag's store was burned out, entailing a loss of \$40,000. Total loss about \$75,000; part

FOUR BLOCKS BURNED.

An Indiana Town Visited by a De-Plymouth, Ind., February 6 .- A fire was wered at 4:30 o'clock this morning in Gustav Wolf's cothing store on the public square. Four brick blocks were consumed before the fire was brought under control.

R. R. Oglesby lost one of the finest law The total loss is \$50,000: insurance \$25,000. Fire Chief Kuhn was severely hurt by a falling wall. J. W. Hess, a druggist, was scriously injured. The weather was bitterly old, and for a time the entire busines portion of the town was threatened with

A FAMILY BURNED TO DEATH.

The Charred Remains Found by the Neighbors in the Morning. Standish, Mich., February 6.—The residence of John Bock, at Omer, Mich., was destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock this morning, and the family, consisting of six persons, Bock, his wife, two boys and two girls, burned to death. The fire was not discovered by the neighbors until the building was practically destroyed. It is supposed that the fire caught from a stovepipe. The

Fired by Tramps. Rockville, Md., February 6 .- At an early nour this morning fire was discovered and Ohio station, which soon spread to the warehouse attached to the store, and a frame dwelling adjoining. All were destroyed. The loss is about \$60,000. The or-

igin of the fire is uncertain, but it is thought

Box Factory Burned. Fort Wayne, Ind., February 6 .- The Petters Box and Lumber Company's factory was totally destroyed by fire this morning, Less, \$60,000; insurance, \$13,500. Over 100 men are thrown out of employment.

Patronise Home Industries Knoxville, Tenn., February 6.—(Special.) At a largely attended meeting today of representative ladies of this city steps were

taken to organize a woman's council. One of the objects is to encourage the patron. age of home industries, especially in the way of dry goods and millinery establishments. The Governor Was Misunderstood Columbia, B. C., February 6.—(Special.)—Governor Evans explains that he was misunderstood in his reference to the shortage of his dispensers. He explains that he did not say that nearly all the dispensers in the state were short in their accounts, but that nearly all of those whose acc have been inspected are short. Only six have been inspected.

Dover, Del., February 6.—The deadlock for United States senator continues, Two ballots were taken today and resulted: Hig-gins, 9; Addicks, 6; Massey, 4; Wolcott,

Hawaii's Dusky Ex-Queen Renounces Her Right to the Throne.

SHE SWEARS ALLEGIANCE TO DOLF

The Republican Government Had Her Shut Up in Her Home.

SPECKLES IMPLICATED IN THE PLOT

Witness Testifies That He Furnished the Royalists with Mcn y to Buy Arms for the Revolutionists.

San Francisco, Cal., February 6 .- Corre pendence of the United Press, via Steamer Australia, Honolulu, January 30 .- On the 15th instant John S. Walker, Major Seward and C. T. Gallick were arrested for complicity in the purchase and landing of arms for the rebels. Seward was one of the queen's commissioners to Washington las summer. Gallick, who is deeply implicated. was minister of the interior with Gibson These arrests were made in consequence of disclosures by Nowlien, Wilcox and othe prisoners, who have been vieing with one another in their revelations. On the morning of the 16th, the ex-queen was arrested at her residence by Brown and Parker the palace, where she now is. Mrs. Charles Clark continues to attend her. That after noon the volunteer troops and sharpshoot ers were all called in and disn their homes. None of them were killed or

severely wounded. The weather during the campaign was mostly clear and cool, with moonligh nights. In Nuuana and Ontautatus it was cold and wet during the last few days. The Central Union church was evacuated by the volunteers at 3 p. m., as a barracks by about 100 velunteers, who ate and slept there when not out in the field.

The New Council.
Four new members, Messrs. Hosmer, Ken edy, Castle and Wood, were chosen to fill the vacancies in the advisory council. Two acts were passed—one appropriating \$50,000 for special expenses incurred during the insurrection, and the other enabling the pres ident to appoint officers of the national guard in time of war. This was to enable certain lawyers to act on the military com-mission for trying the rebels. Judge Austin

mission for trying the recess. Such adams whitney was accordingly made colonel of the First regiment and W. A. Kinney captain of the staff.

The president appointed the following military commission: Colonel Whitney, president; Captain Kinney, judge advocate; Lieutenant Colonel Fisher, Captains Zeiger Pratt Camara and Wilder and Lieuter Pratty Camara ler, Pratt, Camara and Wilder and Lieu

ler, Pratt, Camara and Wilder and Lieu-tenant Fantaresa.

There/was no celebration of abrogation day on the 17th except a noon salute.

The military commission entered court in the morning, thirteen prisoners appearing before it, as follows: Messrs. Gallick, Se-ward, T. B. Walker, Bowles, Rickard, Ber-telmann, Wilcox, Nowlein, the two Lanes. elmann, Wilcox, Nowlein, the two Lanes, frey, Wiedemann and Marshall. The pris-mers were allowed time to confer with counsel, and the court adjourned.

A Frightful Find. Charles Clark, a chief attendant of the ex-queen, gave the damaging information which led to the discovery at her residence which led to the discovery at her residence of forty rifies, eleven pistols, five swords, thirty-eight full belts and 1,000 cartridges; also twenty-one bombs of different patterns. This last The Bulletin, lately a royalist paper, terms a "frightful find." White and Ritton were arrested for casting white and Ritton were arrested for casting a number of the bombs found. They were employed by Bertelmann, they claim, to make twenty ornaments for fence posts.

President Dole thanks W. G. Irwin for assuming the cost of twenty-five soldlers during the rebellion; also H. May for \$1,000 given by him for war uses.

Manuscript and the mountain to search for Lot Lane.

Lane, however, came down starved out and surrendered himself. He was the only rebel leader still out. All of the rebels in plices and instigators have now been ar-

Up to January 19th 310 persons were held prisoners by the governent on account of the rebellion. Of the rebels taken from the field four were foreigners and 125 natives. Of accomplices thirty-fline were foreigners and 111 natives. Only the half whites are included with the natives.

The Story of the Rebellion The court opened on January 18th with the last eight prisoners named above, who were charged with treason and levying war on the republic. Paul Niemann appeared as counsel for Wilcox, Grey, Wiedemann and Marshall. Antone Rosa was counsel for James and William Lane. Nowlein and Bertelmann refused counsel. The taking of evidence was begun in the afternoon. Wilcox and Nowlein plead guilty. The testimony was completed for the prosecu-tion early in the afternoon of January 19th. Wilcox, James Lane, Wiedemann and Marshall testified for the defense, mainly proving the extremely weak and incapable conduct of the whole affair. Niemann pleaded for a light sentence, urging ban-ishment. Kinney set forth the great pub-lic danger from the rebels. The testimony on this trial developed a large amount of precise information about the actual pro-ceedings of the rebels in the field. From other sources it is ascertained that only 288 rifles were landed at Walalao and that the whole number of natives gathered was 210. These men were gathering during all Sunday, January 6th. They were employed in cleaning the rifles of the sand in which they had been burned and in getting drunk on gin. Nowlein was in the chief command. Bill Wilcox took immediate action on the

had distributed bombs to some of his offi-cers. A few of these flung by the hand had given the idea that the rebels were firing shells from a cannon, which was an error. Wilcox, with forty men, retreated into the mountains and walked. across Manao. His force dispersed entirely that night in the mountains, himself crossing to Nunann. Nowlein and his three younger companions got up Palolo ridge and soon after to Woiliili, where they lay concealed for a week, fed by the natives

The whole attempt proved an absolute flasco through the incapacity of the leaders, a lack of discipline in the men and a general lack of courage and persistence. On the twenty-first the military com-mission began the trial of the four lead-ing men charged with procuring the im-portation of arms and ammunition—C. F. Gallick, Rickard, T. P. Walker and Maor Seward. Walker alone pleaded guilty, Gallick with emphasis pleading not guilty Neumann appeared for the defense. Of the four only Seward and Rickard were implicated by the testimony yesterday. Nowlien was deeply in it. John Cum-

mings was also implicated. He was Kalakau's last premier. Landing the Arms

kau's last premier.

Landing the Arms.

A majority of the witnesses were prisoners who had been engaged in landing the arms. Their stories clearly prove that on the night of December 29th George Townsend, a three-fourth white, with four native comrades who had been for over a week watching from the islet called Mauaua near Waimaula, at last saw a blue light from the schooner Hawahiberg, of San Francisco. They answered with a red light, the schooner rejoining with a white one. The men then entered a small boat and pulled off. They exchanged the password "Missionary" with the schooner. A letter from Seward to the captain having been read, he delivered to Townsend two cases containing eighty revolvers with ammunition. These were landed on the islet, placed in sacks and buried in the sand. A couple of days later they were unearthed and secreted in a house on the main land. On the night of January 2d the pistois were taken to Honolulu. Townsend had left one man, Charles Warren, on the schooner, which stood off to the northeast to await for the steamer Waimanato to take her cargo of rifies. The Waimanato left Honolulu December 28th, called at Manana islet and then stood northeast to find the schooner. The schoonwas found on New Year's Day and delivered to the Waimanato 28 Winchester rifies with a large quantity of ammunit ered to the Waimanato 283 Winchester rides with a large quantity of ammuni-tion. The Waimanato again called at Manana islet and sent word to town that the arms were on boarl. She stood out to sea for one day and on the evening of the 2d ran into Bertelmanns. A whale boat came off with Rickard, who told them the plan must be changed about landing half the arms at the fish market as the dredger was in the way. All must go to Kakaako on the other side of the harbor. They stood out again off shore and spent another day with Rickard on board. That day they finished their coal and had to have the stood of the coal and had to be the stood of the stood

another day with Rickard on board, and had to run deck sheathing. Standing in again the evening of the 3d Robert Wilcox came off Bertelmanns with two whale boats and told them the police had broken up the gathering at Kakaako. The rifles were then loaded into the boats and one-half hidden into the bushes at some distance from the former place.

The first witness was John A. Cummings, Kalakau's last premier. He betrayed great agitation and appeared to tell all he Rhew, thoroughly confirming the testimony of his men as to the chief agency of Seward in landing the arms. He laid all the blame of his own complicity upon Seward, who lived upon him and was his evil mentor. When Seward returned from the coast December 3d he told Cummings that he had shipped arms by a tug boat to be transferred to a schooner, which had gone to sea.

Spreekles Furnished the Money.

Spreckles Furnished the Money.

A great sensation was caused by Cummings stating that upon his inquiring where Seward got the money to pay for the arms the latter told him that the queen had given him a letter to Rudolph Spreckles who would furnish the necessary funds. Cummings remarked that Spreckles had been here and only just returned home. Seward replied that a Mr. Follis did the business for Spreckles. When Cummings complaind to Seward that he was leading him into a deep trouble for himself and family the latter replied that he himself alone would bear the consequences. Cummings's son-in-lay, T. B. When one of the four mes on trial, next testified to having gone with Bextelding oget shells cast by White and Ritton pretending they were fence ornaments. Now-lein furnished sticks of dynamite and Walker filled the shells, adding bird shot. He had made cement bombs in 1833 to protect the gueen's residence. Spreckles Furnished the Money.

lein furnished sticks of dynamite and Walker filled the shells, adding bird shot. He had made cement bombs in 1833 to protect the queen's residence. He was assigned by Nowlein to capture the station house, with George Markham to help him. Henry Bertelmann testified to Packman Radin bringing packages from C. T. Gallick to Rickard at Bertelmann's house. Rickard went aboard the steamer the next night and sent an order to land the arms at Walalae. Radin confirmed his carrying letters between Gallick and Rickard. Samuel Nowlein's testimony came next

How It Was to Be Done. The plan adopted was to occupy stations throughout the heart of the city and capture the police stations, telephone office and electric light station so as to prevent the citizens' guards from rallying. Seward and electric light station so as to prevent the citizens' guards from rallying. Seward purchased and shipped the arms from the coast; Newlein sent out agents to enlist men and organize them in squads with captains reporting to himself. He also helped arrange about landing arms; Rick-ard also assisted generally.

ard also assisted generally.

Nowlein was chief in command in the field, Gallick was the statesman of the quartet. With their help he drafted a new constitution, proclamations of the restored monarchy and of martial law and

The queen's private secretary, W. F. Kaae, who engrossed those papers, testified to having received from Nowlein late fied to having received from Nowieth and in December a copy of a constitution to engross. It was in Gallick's handwriting; also a proclamation and a notice of martial law; also commissions for members of the cabinet and for other officers. He went the commissions. All these papers witness copied out and gave to the queen, who signed the appointments in his presence. The members of the cabinet were: R. W. Wilcox, minister of foreign affairs; Samuel Nowlein, minister of the interior; C. T. Gallick, minster of finance; C. W. S. Cleghorn, Island of Oahu; Joseph Nahawi, Island of Hawaii; D. Kawananakoa, Island of Maui; J. Kalanianaole, Island of Kaui; marshal, W. H. Rickard; assiciated justices, Antone Rosa and V. V. Ashford. On the afternoon of the 22d a third trial was commenced of twelve native and half-white prisoners captured from the field. Among them were Lot Lane, Bipikane, Thomas Poole, who had boasted of shooting Carter, and Kaauha, a former student at Hampton, teaching tailoring at Kamehaineha school. This trial continued that evening and the following morning. evening and the following morning. A point of interest developed was the forsaking by many natives of the gathering at Wajalae because no spile. Waialae because no white men had come out to lead them. The leader, Bipikane or Bull, was not seen fighting. He was only seen running away. This noisy ex-legislator himself testified recklessly, swearing that he had not fought are leading.

The queen's document was addressed to President Dole and was as follows:

"Island of Cahu, Honolulu, January 21.—
To the Hou. Stanford Ballard Dole, President of the Republic of Hawaii. Sir—After full and free consultation with my personal friends and with my legal advisers, both before and since my detention by military.

orders, in the executive building, and acting in conformity with their advice and also upon my own free volition, and in pursuance of my unalterable belief and understanding of my duty to the people of Hawaii, and to their highest and best interests and also for the sake of those misguided Hawaiians and others who have recently engaged in rebellion against the republic, and in an attempt to restore me to the position of queen which I held prior to the 17th day of January, A. D., 1898, and without any claim that I shall become entitled, by reason of anything that I may now say or do, to any other or different treatment or consideration at the hands of now say or do, to any other or different treatment or consideration at the hands of the government than I otherwise could and might legally receive. I now desire to express and make known, and do hereby express and nake known to yourself as the culy lawful and recognized head of the government, and to all the people of the Hawaiian islands, whether or not they have yet become citizens of the republic, or are or have been adherents of the late monarchy, and also to all diplomatic and other foreign representatives in the Hawaiian foreign representatives in the Hawaiian islands, to all of whom I respectfully re-quest you to cause this statement and ac-tion of mine to be made as soon as may be,

as follows, namely:
"I. In order to avoid any possibility of or misunderstanding on the sub-ough I do not think that any doubt or misunderstanding is either proper or possible, I hereby do fully and unequivocal-ly admit and declare that the government of the republic of Hawali is the only law-ful government of the Hawalian islands and that the late Hawalian monarchy is finally and forever ended, and no longer of any and forever ended, and no longer of any legal or actual validity, force or effect, whatsoever, and I do hereby forever abmove all persons, whomsoever whether in the Hawaiian islands or elsewhere, from all and every manner of allegiance or official obligation or duty to me and my heirs and successors forever, and I hereby notal obligation or duty to me and my ners and successors forever, and I hereby de-clare to all such persons in the Hawaiian islands that I consider them as bound in duty and honor henceforth to support and sustain the government of the republic of

Hawaii.

"Second. For myself, my heirs and successors, I do hereby, without any mental reservation or medification, fully, finally, unequivocally, irrevocably and forever adversely and solve the government. e, renounce and release unto the gov-ent of the republic of Hawaii and its mate successors forever, all the claims or pretensions whatsoever to the late formerly existing constitution, statute, w. position, right or claim of any and evelaw, position, right or claim of any and every kind, name or nature, whatsoever, and whether the same consist of pecuniary or property consideration, or personal status, hereby forever renouncing, discwning and disclaiming all rights, claims, demands, privileges, honors, emoluments, titles and prenogatives whatsoever, under or by virtue of any former or the existing government, constitution, statute, law or custom of the Hawaiian islands whatsoever, save end excepting only such rights and privileges as belong to me in common with all private citizens of, or residents in, the republic of Hawaii.

"Third. I do hereby respectfully implore for such misguided Hawaiians and others as have been concerned in the late rebellion against the republic of Hawaii, such degree of executive clemency as the government may deem to be consistent with its duty to the community and such as a due regard for its violated laws may permit.

"Fourth It is my sincera desire hence."

mit.

"Fourth. It is my sincere desire henceforth to live in absolute privacy and retirement from all publicity, or even appearance of being concerned in the public affairs
of the Hawailan islands, further than to
express, as I now do, and shall adways continue to do, my most sincere hope for the
weifare and prosperity of Hawaii and its
people, and subject to the government of
the republic of Hawaii.

celly certified oath of allegiance to the rebilic of Hawali.

"Bixth. I have caused the foregoing statement to be grepared and drawn and have
signed the same without having received
the slightest suggestion from the president
of Hawali concerning the same or any part
thereof, or concerning any action or
course of my own in the premises. Relying upon the magnatimity of the government of the republic, and upon its protection, I have the hohor to be, Mr. President, very respectfully, your most obedient
servant, LiLLUOKALANI DOMINIS."

This is attested and signed as witnesses
by W. G. Irwin, H. A. Widemann, Samuel Parker, E. J. Kaluaa Kahookano, G. B.
Wilson, Paul Neuman and by W. L. Stanley as notary public, and appended to it
is the oath of allegiance.

On the following day, by consent of the
advisory council, the paper was published
and given to the foreign representatives.

The following letter in reply appeared in
an evening paper.

"Executive Builking, Honolulu, January
29, 1895.—Madam: A document executed by
you, purporting to contain an abdication
ard renunciation of all sovereign rights
foreign to the president. As
you were under arrest at the time
the instrument was signed, it is
desired before accepting and placing on
trial to make clear to you, in order that

desired before accepting and placing on trial to make clear to you, in order that no misunderstanding may hereafter arise, the views of the government in the matter. "I. The execution of this document cannot be taken to exempt you in the slightest degree from personal and individual liberty for such complicity as due investigation and trial may show that you had in the late conspiracy against the government and the consequent loss of life, which position is recognized by you in your letter.

sition is recognized by you in your letter.

"2. It cannot be conceded that such rights and claims as you now voluntarily relinquish have had any legal existence since January 14, 1893, when your public announcement that you had no longer considered yourself bound by the fundamental law of the land, under which you took office, and by your action, and by your action in attempting, by the mere exercise of your own will, to establish a new system of government, the contract existing between you and the people were dissolved and the sovereign rights therein invested in you were lost. The statement by your then cabinet that they could not control your actions and their appeal to the citizens of Honolulu for assistance was the next step which led to a resupmtion by the people of the rights of the government.

"3. So far as your communication may

the people of the rights of the rememt.

"3. So far as your communication may be taken as a notice to the disaffected; that it is your desire that the republic shall be recognized by them as the sole and lawful government of the country is fully appreciated. In this connection your unselfish appeal for clemency for those who took part in the late insurrection will receive full consideration. By order of the

executive council, "WILLIAM O. SMITH, "To Mrs Liliuokalani Dominis."

Never Despair!

Many have had consumption and been cured by Nature and did not know they had it. Later, when they died from other causes, autopsies have hown the scars of healed cavities in their lungs. That is what Nature will do if you give her a chance.

SLOCUM'S

OZONIZED **EMULSION**

Of Norwegian COD LIVER OIL with GUALACOL CURES CONSUMPTION Just by aiding nature.

THE KIND THAT PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE. At all Drug Stores. T. A. SLOCUM CO., NEW YORK.

ALABAMA'S PROBLEM

The Legislature is Wrestling with the Convict Question.

RADICAL CHANGES ARE NEEDED

Legislation Is Passed to Encourage Far-mers to Grow Grapes—Corporations to Pay in Cash Every Two Weeks.

Montgomery, Ala., February 6.-(Special. The senate of Alabama is in committee of the whole considering the new convict neasure. A voluminous bill of 15,000 words

s the mucleus. The senators appear to favor the abandonment of the present system of working the convicts out on the state's farm and returning them to the mines. Heretofore, the law has required that not less than 100 should be leased to any one person, firm or corporation, and as few concerns would bid for so large a num-ber, the few who did bid were enabled to combine and lease the convicts on practically their own terms. It is now proposed that they shall be leased in smaller lots, say of fifty, or even less. This will brin the state a better price for hire. The

ate will probably consume several days in the consideration of the bill.

The house passed a measure today which will be of interest to the farmers of the state, especially to those of the mountainous districts. It is entitled an act to encourage the cultivation of the grape and courage the cultivation of the grape and other fruits in this state and to provide for and regulate the sale of vinous liquors produced from fruits grown by cultivation, and, also, indigenous or wild fruits of all kinds, from which wine can be made. The bill allows wines made in this state from fruits grown in this state to be sold by the maker or producer of such wines without a license in all the markets of Alabama. The bill was passed. Seven or eight counties, almost all being in the black belt, are

excepted from its provisions.

A bill providing that whenever a circuit judge is sick or is necessarily absent from his court, the governor shall have authority to appoint a supernumerary judge, als

Mr. O'Brien's bill, reguiring all firms or corporations engaged in manufacturing to pay their employes in cash every two weeks, passed this afternoon by a handsome majority. This law will be a black

WHITLOCK IS IN JAIL.

He Shot Grantville Knight and Escaped but Has Been Captured. LaFayette, Ala., February 6.-(Special.)ast Monday at Lanett, near West Point Allen Whitlock shot and perhaps fatally wounded Grantville Knight. Both are fac-tory hands. Whitlock escaped and hid in

Last night Sheriff McClendon captured him while he was sleeping in a house at Sandy Creek, Tallapoosa county He sur-rendered without trouble. He is now in jail here. The shooting was the outgrowth of an old feud between the two about a He is about twenty-one years old. Knight has been married only about three weeks,

REFUSES TO POSTPONE.

Selma's Primary Must Be Held According to the Rules.

Selma, Ala., February 6.—(Special.)—Marmary election which takes place next Fri-

M. J. Meyer is the only candidate out for to come out, according to the executive committee's rules. It is thought that after Meyer is nominated some of the dissatisfied citizens will put out an independent ticket for mayor. Rev. A. J. Dickinson, of the Baptist church, said that if they didn't postpone the primary election he would fight hard to defeat the democratic nominee

the general election. There was a move here on the part of the ministers to get a respite for Eugene By

ars, who is under sentence to hang Fri This move has terminated as was sufficient time to prepare for death since the confirmation of his sentence. State Presidents.

Huntsville, Ala., February 6.—(Special.)— President Lane, of the American Cotton Growers' Protective Association, commis-sioned as state presidents today, for Ar-kansas Hon. W. J. Vincenbeller, of Little Rock, and for Tennessee Hon. John R. Goodwin, of Memphis. Both gentlemen are large cotton planters and greatly interest ed in the acreage reduction movement.

A Child Burned to Death. Anniston, Ala., February 6.—(Special.)— The four-year-old son of Tom McClerkin, a Talladega county farmer, was burned to leath this morning. The little fellow was left in the house alone and it is suppose

that his clothing caught fire. They Will Resume Work.

Birmingham, Ala., February 6.-Last Sat urday night the puddling department of the Birmingham rolling mill was closed down, throwing out of employment 600 hands. Yes-terday an order was issued to the men to report Thursday morning for work. For a time a question of corporation limits has been aritated, which affected the mill site. been agitated, which affected the mill site.
The state legislature, since the order to close the puddling department, passed a bill to leave the mill out of the corporate limits, ce the order to resume, so it as said.

A Good Citisen Assassinated. Montgomery, Ala., February 6.—News has just reached here that on last Saturday night, while Joseph H. Hurst, a good citizen of Choctaw county, was bathing his feet, preparatory to retiring, an assassin fired a load of buckshot into his head, killing him instantly. There is no tele-

THE AMERICANS RELEASED.

him instantly. There is no

The Bombardment at Wei-Hai-Wei

Continues.

London, February 7.—The Central News Company's correspondent in Shangnai says fifty men from the American warship Concord, who were selzed by the natives near Chinkiang, have been released. The Shanghai Mercury reports that at the emperor's creders the Chinese peace envoys will rerders the Chinese peace envoys will retions. His majesty having declared that he had been misinformed as to the true state of affairs.

atch dated at Chee-Foo today says that all is quiet there. There Chinese fleet and island at Wei-Hai-Wei still hold out and the bombardment continues.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Augusta, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)—At midnight last night Major George W. Crane died. He was a resident of Augusta for over thirty years. Although born in Ohio, he had so identified himself with Georgia and her people that few people ever believed otherwise than that he was born and reared here. No man had more friends or knew more people here. His dis-position was such that every one was treated cordially and became his admirer. Major Crane was sixty-seven years of age, He leaves a wife and seven children.

THE BLIZZARD COMES.

Continued from Third Column, First Page is raging in several places, reaching the proportions of a blizzard. Snow here and a high wind sprang up in spite of the fact that the temperature is 14 degrees below zero. The signal service reports are to the effect that it will snow pretty steadily for the next twenty-four hours, when there will be a further drop of 10 to 20 degrees in the temperature. There is but a slight delay here in the street and steam railway traffic, but further west trains are hadly traffic, but further west trains are badly

Milwaukee, Wis. February 6.—All kinds of weather was reported from all over this tate during the past few days, but Grantsburg, Wis., set a new record yesterday, the nercury reaching 50 degrees below zero. Zanesville, O., February 6 .- It is bitterly cold here today and driving snow made the streets almost deserted.

Another blizzard is raging in this city. Trains on the various railroads are from one to six hours behind time. The street car traffic is virtually blocked. The ther-mometer stands at zero.

NEBRASKA STORM STRUCK

It Is Feared That Many Lives Will Be Lost Before It Is Over. Omaha, Neb., February 7.—A furious blizzard, now rages all over this section. The storm began in the west, reaching Kearney, Neb., about daybreak Wednesday, and striking Omaha at 10 o'clock. Business is almost suspended; trains are all late. In some places there is snow and sleet. Ther-mometers mark from 14 to 20 degrees below zero. The storm extends far into Kansas, ven to the southern boundary. The wind has been blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The public schools were dismissed at 1 o'clock on Wednesday.

Telegrams from various portions of the state indicate the worst storm in the state

for ten years. It is generally feared that many lives have been lost by this blizzard. t is growing colder rapidly.

Frigid Weather for Minnesota. St. Paul, Minn., February 7 .- Most discuraging weather reports come from the Wednesday afternoon and at 10 o'clock last night the temperature varied from 10 degrees below zero at St. Paul to 30 below at Qu Appelle, Northwest territory. It is excessively frigid all the to Missoula, Montana. The wind reaches the proportions of a blizzard at most points the Dakotas and western Minnesota fering among live stock and considerable among human beings.

Driven from the Streets. Pierre, S. D., February 7.-A windstorm to great that people were driven from the treets is raging here. At Redfield, S. D., dispatches say that it snowed till noon, when a fifty-mile wind sprang up and drifted the mow badly. All business houses have closed, and the trains on the Northwestern road at

that point have been abandoned A Physician Frozen to Death. Keokuk, Ia., February 6.-While on his way from a sick call, Dr. Stover, a Wey-Suffering and Destitution in Kansas

Kansas City, Mo., February 7.—Intensely cold weather prevails all over Missouri and Kansas. A blizzard of vast proportions is raging in Kansas. It is especially severe in the western and southern part of the state. The thermometer is falling, and the indications are that it will reach 15 degrees below zero. Reports of suffering many places wires are down. Trains or the Rock Island are snowbound at McFar and. Kas.

The Most Terrible Weather Ever Ex

perienced-Trains Stopped. don, February 6 .- In the Scotch high lands snow has fallen almost incessantly since last night. The roads are blocked and railway travel is impossible. A train s imbedded in an enormous drift near Lock Rennoch, Perthshire, and all efforts to start it have been futile, as the snow is niled up by the high wind as fast as is shoveled away. All travel by land or water has stopped north of Inverness, on Moray Firth. Barns and sheds have been solated by the drifts. Many cattle are dying under cover. Thousands of sheep and deer have perished, from cold and hunger, or from suffocation in the drifts. Small game has suffered more than before in ten years. The blizzard is driving the grouse seaward in great quantities.

In Westmoreland several schools have been surrounded with drifts and parents

of the school children have gone them out. Many deaths of aged and infant poor are reported from the midland coun-ties. The gale has also wrecked several fighing boats off the Fife and Berwick

The Cold in England. London, February 6.—The cold which is new being experienced throughout the kingdom is the most severe that has been felt for years. The thermometer in the midlands averages 6 degrees below zero. The docks at Southampton are partly frozen over and protracted snowstorms and gales have prevailed all over the United Kingdom. Strong gales are reported from Queenstown and vessels are taking shelter at Queenstown and other ports. The Scotch and Welsh railways are blocked with snow. Suffering in Europe.

Berlin, February 7.—The weather is in-tensely cold in western and central Europe. In Vienna the thermometer is at zero and In vienna the thermometer is at zero and snow is falling heavily. The poor of the city are suffering severely. Danish waters are filled with ice and navigation is very

lifficult. The lightships have taken into A Village Snowed Under. Rome, February 6.—The village of Sambucel has been snowed in for two days, and 150 families have been cut off from supplies of food and fuel. The prefect of the district has sent a party to help them.

The Indications for Today. Washington, February 6.—The following forecast for Thursday is given by the

Virginia-Heavy snow, north to northeast North Carolina-Snow, turning to rain; slightly warmer on the immediate coast;

ast winds, increasing. South Carolina-Rain: northeast winds Georgia-Rain, turning to snow in north-ern portion; much colder with a cold wave in the northwest portion; east winds becoming northwesterly.

Tennessee and Kentucky-Snow, sever

cold wave; northwest gales; clearing in western portions Thursday noon. Eastern Florida—Rain in Northern, prob-ably fair in southern portion; decidedly colder Friday morning, with a severe cold wave and temperature below freezing in the interior of the northern portion; east-erly winds becoming northwest. Western Florida—Rain; probably fair and

decidely colder with a cold wave Friday n crning; northwest gales n. Craing; northwest gales.

Alabama-Rain turning to snow in northern portion; cold wave; northwesterly gales;
probably fair Thursday afternoon.

Mississippl, Louisiana, Eastern Texas and
Arkansas-Fair; severe cold wave; northwest gales.

ZERO WEATHER AT HAND. Temperature Will Drop Thirty Degrees Before Tomorrow Morning.

Atlanta is promised zero weather tomor The temperature will take a tumble of

erver says.

The following telegram was received at the local forecast office from the chief of the weather bureau tonight:

"Hoist cold wave warning; temperature will fall 30 degrees by Friday morning." An area of high barometric pressure ap-peared to be central last night in the upper Missouri valley. The highest reading re-ported was 30.94 inches at North Platte, Neb. The "low" noted in the southwest of yesterday morning had, during the day, moved but slightly eastward, but had increased in energy and was central at the evening observation at Meridian, Miss., with the barometer at 25.72 inches. The gradient between these two areas is unusually steep, amounting to 1.22 inches. The above distribution of pressure brought high winds in the central valleys, also low temperatures and general snows except in southern Texas and states on the gulf, where temperatures are still about normal and rain has failen. The heaviest fails of snow occurred at Chicago, ill., and Huron, S. D.; the former received four inches, the latter over three and a half. In the southeast section rains have been general. In the extreme northeast fair and cold weather prevails. creased in energy and was central at the ecast for Georgia today-Rain, turning

ocal Report for February 6, 1895.

Mean daily temperature.

Normal temperature.

Highest in twenty-four hours

Lowest in twenty-four hours

Rainfall, twenty-four hours to 7 p. m.

Deficiency of rainfall since January

1.15 inches.

Weather Bulletin. Observations taken at 7 o'clock, p. m

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER. SOUTHEAST-Atlanta, Ga., r.

Wilmington, N SOUTHWEST-

Palestine, Tex., cloudy.
San Antonio, Tex., clear.
Vicksburg, Miss., cloudy.
NORTHEAST—

EVANS TAKES THE OATH. He Is Sworn in as Governor but Turney Has the Chair. Nashville, Tenn., February 6 .- (Special.) The opening of the returns for governo was concluded shortly after noon today, and availing himself of the constitutional pr vision that the person having the highest number of votes shall be governor, H. Clay Evans took the oath of office. The returns showed that Evans received 105,104 yotes

Turney 104,356 and Mims 23,092, giving Ev ans 23,092 plurality.
Only twenty-two countles were not objected to. Turney objected to twenty-nine and Evans to forty. and Evans to forty.

Just before the opening of the returns was concluded a Bible was brought into the hall and placed on the table in front of Mr. Evans. It was the intention to swear him in as soon as the convention had adjourned, but this action was not unthe last county was opened Senator

present only during the opening of the re He demanded that the floor be cleared of all but members, and by a vote of 67 to 56 the seargeant-at-arms was in-structed to clear the floor. This was to prevent Evans from being sworn in at Senator Butler demanded that the mem

bers of the press be also ejected, but Speaker Pillow instructed that they be not interfered with. As soon as the convention adjourned Mr. Evans, with his attorneys, went into the state library on the same floor and was followed by fully one hundred people, includfollowed by fully one hundred people, including senators, representatives and several state officials, where the formal oath of office as governor was administered by Hon. Thomas O. Morris, a prominent merchant and democratic members of the Davidson county court. Mr. Evans at once went to his hotel, while his attorneys went to the office of the secretary of state and presented the secretary of secretary of state and presented the secretary of s office of the secretary of state and pre-sented to Mr. Morgan a copy of the oath, with the request that it be filed. Mr. Mor-gan declined to receive it, saying that "when the proper authorities of this state shall determine that Mr. Evans has elected and he shall then have been duly inauguratd as such, I will, of course, recogi-nize his authority. Until then this office

will recognize only Peter Turney the governor of Tennessee." Mandamus proceedings will probably be instituted at once to compel Mr. Morgan to file the oath. Mr. Evans's attorneys say they do not intend to adopt any revolusay they do not intend to adopt any revolu-tionary plan, but are simply availing them-selves of every right to which they con-sider Mr. Evans entitled, in order that it may not be said that any of his legal rights

may not be said that any or his legal rights have been waived.

At this afternoon's session a resolution was offered authorizing the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges. This was adopted. Speaker Pillow, of the senate, appointed Caldwell, Scales and Beene, democrats, and Jeffries and Hodge, republicans. Speaker Tipton appointed republicans. Speaker Tipton appointed Hull Jarvis, Waddell, of Obion, and Fitzpatrick, democrats, and Rowan Keeney and Strong, republicans, and the joint convention adjourned subject to the call of President Pillow.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. A Bill Introduced Forbidding First Cousins to Marry.

Cousins to Marry.

Raleigh, N. C., February 6.—(Special.)—
The most important bills introduced in the legislature today were to incorporate the Carolina and Northwestern railway, to forbid marriage first cousins, to allow citizens to kill game and catch fish and oysters in all public waters, to incorporate the Western North Carolina Christian conference and to prevent desecration of churches. A bill was passed for the relief of all sheriffs and tax collectors, while a bill to allow the shipment of game from the state was tabled. The bill to let the public printing, about which there has been so much discussion, passed the senate, while in the same body the bill to work the public roads by taxation and convict labor was defeated on third reading by one vote. Both senate and house will adjourn early tomorrow so as to witness the laying of the Polk monument corner stone and hear the address by Mr. Page, of Virginia.

A Victim of the Elbe Disaster. London, February 6.—A body supposed to be that of H. Pschunder, the chief steward of the Elbe, was brought to Lowestoft by a fishing boat this morning. N. & W.'S DESTINY

One of the South's Great Trunk Lines in Receivers' Hands.

THE ACTION WAS TAKEN YESTERDAY

Messrs. Frederic Kimball and Henry Fink Made Receivers-News from Other Boads of the South.

The interesting topic of talk in railroad ircles of Atlanta yesterday was the passing of the Norfolk and Western railroad into the hands of receivers. This is one of the south's most important

lines of railway and it was something in the nature of a surprise to the railroad managers in Atlanta to learn of its falling The Norfolk and Western is the male link of the famous Shenandoah valley

dition and it is said that there are few roads in the country even now that are in better condition than the properties of this company. Messrs. F. J. Kimball and Henry Fink Were made receivers. The appointment of Mr. Kimball was re-

route. It has been kept in excellent co

The appointment of Mr. Kimball was requested by the Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of Philadelphia; the Guarantee and Trust Company, by representatives and holders of large amounts of securities of the company, and by the board of directors; and Mr. Henry Fink was selected in view of his successful administration as receiver of the old Atlantic-Mississppi rairoad, which was the predecessor of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company. In the interval Mr. Fink road Company. In the interval, Mr. Fink has also been acting as receiver of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad and the Memphis and Charleston railroad, and is thoroughly familiar with the property and the industrial interests of the tion through which the road run A dispatch from Philadelphia s

the following statement was issued by the officials when the announcement was made that the road had been placed in the hands of a receiver:
"This action was taken under the ad-

vice and at the recommendation of holders and representatives of very large amounts of securities of the company to whom the of securities of the company to whom the company had submitted a full statement of its financial condition, and of the anticipated payments and receipts for the ensu ing year.
"The property of the company is in excel"The property of the company is in excel-

lent condition, but, owing to the great de-pression in the coal and iron industries, and the unprecedented low rates prevailing, the net earnings of the company have, for the past two years, been insufficient to meet its fixed charges, and this has so seri-ously affected the credit of the company that it was thought impossible for it to continue its operations without some readjustment of its liabilities.

"A full statement of the affairs of the company will be imposed to the affairs." company will be issued in the course of a

The Story from Richmond. The Story from Richmond.

Richmond, Va., February 8.—Judge Goff, sitting in the United States circuit court here today, placed the Norfolk and Western Raliroad Company in the hands of receivers and appointed as receivers Messrs.

F. J. Kimball and Henry Pink. The suit was instituted by the Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of Philadelphia. and Henry Whelen. Henry Whelen.

Trust and Safe Deposit Company, of Phila-delphia, and Henry Whelen, Henry Whelen, Jr., Charles S. Whelen and J. Henry Ew-ing, doing business as Townsend, Whelen & Co., and Henry E. Gerhard, for themselves and other creditors of the company The bill sets forth that the Philadelphi orporation above named are trustees nder the mortgage deeds of trusts of the

Norfolk and Western as follows: The general mortgage, New River di-vision first mortgage, improvement and extension mortgage, adjustment mortgage and Clinch Valley division mortgage. Un-der these mortgage bonds to the amount of \$18,500,000 have been issued.

Aside from the value of the main line Aside from the value of the main line the railroad company is a large stock-holder in the Old Dominion Steamship Company, the Roanoke Machine works, the Columbus Connection Company, the Pocahontas Coal Company, the Virginia Company, the Lynchburg and Durham Railroad Company and the Roanoke and Southern Railroad Company.

The action for receivers is taken in view of antiquetad Assault of interest upon

of anticipated default of interest upon about \$17,000,000 of bonds, and the fact that current expenses amount to about \$500,000 and that there is a floating debt upon th road of over \$1,000,000. The orators state that they are informed and believe that the property of the company are in a good state of preservation and that the affairs have been skillfully managed. They at-tribute the present condition of its affairs

As Received in Philadelphia ladelphia, Pa., February 6 .- The news of the appointment of receivers for the of the appointment of receivers for the Norfolk and Western was received in financial circles here shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon and, while such a denouement of the company's financial difficulties had not been immediately expected it cannot be said to have created

much surprise.

For many months it has been well known that the company's credit was deteriorating the one conclusion—a receivership.

Norfolk and Western shares have re-

cently been quoted at the lowest prices on record, the preferred stock selling below 14 and the common below 4. The Clinch valley division bonds also declined convalley division bonds also declined considerably in price and the New river division first mortgage 6 per cents have brought as low as 95. Nevertheless it has not been openly reported that a receivership was imminent and in some quarters it had been hoped that the difficulties of the company could be tided over.

The News at Headquarters. Roanoke, Va., February 6.—The Norfolk and Western railroad officials at the general offices in this city were notified this eral offices in this city were notified this afternoon of the appointment of receivers at Richmond and that the road had been turned over to the receivers. They were instructed to proceed with the operation as heretofore, and while it is not known what will be done, the opinion prevails among the officials in this city that no great changes will be made in the operat-

ing force.

As this city is the center of the system and the location of the general offices and shops of the road it is largely dependent upon the Norfolk and Western road, there upon the Norfolk and Western road, there was much interest in the receivership manifested by the people here. The receivership is somewhat of a surprise and there is a general disposition to accept it cheerfully. It is not believed that any Roanoke interest will be seriously affected and that the result will ultimately be beneficial, as it was well known that the road would have to see through the usual prowould have to go through the usual pro-The Lawrenceville Road.

The Lawrenceville road, running from the main line of the Atlanta and Charlotte main line of the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line, which was not operated for some time past, has been leased by a corporation of Lawrenceville men and will be operated in the future just as it formerly was, running its trains in connection with the regular schedule trains of the Southern railway over the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line.

For Obstructing the Track. On October 15th last obstructions were placed on the Southern railway's track, on the Atlanta and Charlotte division, between the forty-first and forty-second

MakesPureBlood

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Purifies the blood and thus cures these diseases by removing their cause. No other preparation has ever accomplished the remarkable cures which have followed the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, because Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar in combina tion, proportion and process.

Hood's Pills the after dinner pill and

osts, which train No. 36 ran into. The company offered a reward of \$300 for the arrest of the guilty party. A short time afterwards Company Detec-tive Hanie arrested John Addison, Richard Bates and Evans Walker.

These parties were tried in Hall superior court the latter part of January and sentenced to ten years each in the penitentiary.

Ties on a Track. Selman, Ala., February 6.-(Special.)-An attempt was made last night to wreck the ing western train. Two railroad ties were placed across the track at Soapston creek, a few miles above Selma. Fortunat ly no serious damage was done. To Interchange Mileage Books.

Augusta, Ga. February 6.—(Special.)—The Port Royal and Augusta and the Port Royal and Western Carolina railroads today formed an alliance with the Plant system for the interchange of mileage books. Thousand-mile books will be sold for \$25 and will be good on either of these

Savannah, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)— The Macon and Dublic railway applied to the council tody for an extension of time in which to occupy the terminal property granted it here, the time for which expires March 1st. The company agreed to give a \$20,000 bond to have fifty miles of the road completed from Savannah within a year. The Atlantic Short Line will oppose this petition before the city council, as this line desired to secure the same terminal property as soon as the time of the Macon and Dublin expired. The coun cil will hear the matter at its next meet

The Sunset Limited. New Orleans, La., February 6.—The Sun-set limited, which leaves the golden gate tomorrow morning, will be the largest that has departed since the inauguration of the weekly service. The train will include sev-en sleepers, all of them with a full complement of passengers and with the dining and combination will bring the total equip-ment up to nine coaches. Among the travelers tomorrow is a large party from Cleve land, O., that arrived in New Orleans this morning via the Queen and Crescent system and who are sightseeing today under the chaperonage of an attache of the Southern Rocales.

DEBS ON TRIAL.

Pullman Was Expected to Testify but the Officer Couldn't Find Him. the omeer contact ria him.

Chicago. February 6.—It was expected that George M. Pullman would take the stand at the opening of the Debs trial this morning, but the marshal reported that he could not find him and that it was his belief that the palace car president was in his office part of the day yesterday, but refused to allow the officer to gain admission to his presence. Later on, it is claimed. to his presence. Later on, it is claime Mr. Pullman took a train to Florida.

Eugene V. Debs was the principal witness of the day. Debs said his salary as presi-dent of the American Railway Union is uent of the American Railway Union is \$9,000 per year. He said the object of the organization of the American Railway Union was to unite warring factions of railroad employes and make their cause a common one against the General Managers' Association. This was made necessary by the fact that the large roads ware con stantly swallowing the small ones, and a movement was on foot to reduce wages. When he first heard of the trouble at Pull-man, Mr. Debs sent Vice President Howard there and told him to avert the threatened

there and told limit strike if. possible.

He related the proceedings of the American Railway Union convention in detail, and said that the strike went into effect June 26th and was declared off August 2d He stated further that during the contin-uance of the strike he at no time was guilty of any violation of the federal law, nor did he at any time, from the first meeting of the American Railway Union until ing of the American Rallway Union until
the end of the strike, countenance any acts
of violence or advise any one to violate the
laws of the nation, the state laws or any
city ordinance. He emphatically stated
that at all meetings his words were to the
effect that under no circumstances must
mail trains be interfered with. His testi-

ourned.

Before court adjourned Attorney Gregory, for the defense, requested Judge Gross-cup to order an investigation concerning the

TIPTON SUCCEEDS BRADLEY.

the Norfolk and Western. the Norfolk and Western.

Knoxville, Tenn., February 6.—(Special.)—
It is officially announced today that Jonathan A. Tipton, freight claim agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia for Receiver Spencer, has been appointed general freight and passenger agent of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville railroad, vice W. B. Brudley resigned. Mr. Tipton's appointment is effective February 15th. Circulars will be issued today. Bradley will continue as general freight and passenger agent of the Marletta and North Georgia road. His retirement from the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louis ville is not reflective on his ability.

News of the appointment of receivers for the Norfolk and Western road caused sensation in local railroad circles. It is believed that the Norfolk and Western

The Southern's Earnings New York, February 6.—For the fourth week of January, the Southern railway earned \$512,331, increase \$25,111; and for the onth. \$1,534,207; increase \$23,948.

Colonel Carr's Contribution Washington, February 6.—Colonel Julian S. Carr, of Durham, N. C., president of the Durham Tobacco Company, has subscribed \$10,000 to the American university, which is to be erected in Washington by the Methodist Episcopal church. Colonel Carr is the first southern gentleman to contrib-ute to an educational enterprise north of the Potomac since the war. Colonel Carr was at the capitol today, accompanied by Francis D. Winston, of Raleigh, N. C.

South Carolina Republicans. Columbia, S. C., February 6.—The state republican convention called to reorganize the republican party in South Carolina as-sembled at the capitol here at 1 o'cluck this afternoon. There are 125 delegates in attendance, some twenty being white men. E. M. Brayton has been elected temporary chairman. Brayton is an old leader. He made a vigorous speech, advocating that the party work with the better class of white men in the all-important fight on the constitutional convention committee and on credentials, platform and resolutions, etc., are now being selected.

Clearance Sale.

be a wonderful success, and we shall continue until March ist our entire stock of WINTER SHOES AT ACTUAL BOSTON CO.

This Is a Bona Fide Sale

The class of Shoes we include in this sale will be in great during the heavy weather of February and March. You can the secure SHOES THAT YOU NEED AT ACTUAL COST PRICE



Footcoverers to All Mankind

27 Whitehall Street.

DEMAND FOR SPACE

Secretary Lewis Says That Exposition Room Will Soon Be Gone.

BUT FEW LOCAL FIRMS HAVE APPLIED

Big Exhibit of the Gould Car Couplin Company, of Chicago-Other Exposition News. General J. R. Lewis, secretary of the

showing the amount of taken at the exposition and the result of his figuring was a surprise to himself. hardly any space has been applied for by "All the space at the comexposition company will be taken within sixty days," said he yesterday. "There is

a great demand for it on every side. Of course the object being to make the exhibits selective rather than numerous, we have refused many applications for space. Most of the space already taken belongs to parties from other states and cities." Exposition Notes. Mr. Edmund A. Felder received yesteday a telegram from Mr. C. M. Felde

Chicago, saying he had closed with Mr Gould, manager of the Gould Car Coupler Company, for an exhibit to cover 2,400 square feet of space. This is an immense concern, supplying couplers for freight and cassenger cars, and their exhibit will be very important one.

Mr. X. Pene, representing the Berrin French colony of Dahomey the west coast of Africa, produced the Dahomey village

called on Mr. E. A. Felder yesterday

negotiate a concession for this yillage at the exposition: Mr. Pene has rorty-five of the Dahomans and proposes to exhibit them here. The Dahomans are very savage, but do some neat gold work of a rough character. They do beautiful skin work and some of the assegis sold at the world's fair make handsome souvenirs. Mr. L. A. Thompson, inventor and owner of the scenic railway, is in the city for the purpose of locating his railway on the exposition grounds. He proposes to begin work at once and have it done by May 1st. The railway covers 750 feet of ground and The railway covers 750 feet of ground and goes through a scenic tunnel 300 feet long. This is passed twice, the first time in darkness, the second time with brilliant electrical illumination. The scenery is made of papier mache and represents

tunnel is passed in darkness on the first round leads to some ludicrous scenes on the second.

caverns, icebergs, etc. The fact that the

N. M. Brown, Said to Be an Atlanta Man, Seems to Have Disappeared. A dispatch from Montgomery, Ala., say that N. M. Brown, of Atlanta, went to tha

city and started an afternoon paper, which he ran for two days.

Brown then wrote a letter to a Mr. Lomax saying that his life had been a failure throughout and that he intended to drown himself in the river. Brown has disappeared and cannot be traced to Atlanta. The only newspaper man of that name in the city directory is Nehemiah M. Brown, and he is put down as living on Fratt street.

The house he occupied was visited but no one could be aroused. From all appearances it is at present untenanted.

The following is the telegram received from Montgomery:
"N. M. Brown came here from Atlanta some time and A few days ago he started an afternoon paper here and printed it two days. Yesterday Mr. Tenant Lomax received a letter from Brown through the postorice saying that his (Brown's) life had been a failure throughout and he intended to drown himself in the river. Since that time nothing has been heard or seen of him. He cannot be located by wire to Atlanta. His wife and two children, one three weeks old, are here in destitute circumstances. Mrs. Brown is distressed over her husband's disappearance.

WHIPPED ON THE STREET. A Convict Punished Before the Eyes

of Griffin's People.

Griffin, Ga., February s.—(Special.)—Superintendent J. J. Camp, of the county chaingang, has been subjected to some very severe criticism today in regard to his method of whipping obstreperous con-victs. Yesterday, while the gang was at work on Tenth street, near Salamon, the victs. Yesterday, while the gang was at work on Tenth street, near Salamon, the superintendent saw fit to have one of the convicts punished. Instead of taking him into some secluded place the man was stripped and punished twice on one of the principal streets of the city.

On January list the city council made a contract with the county commissioners to have the streets worked by the chaingang, in place of a regular street force as formerly. Nearly all of the streets have been worked over for the first time and are in very good condition.

The Widow Shot Him.

The Widow Shot Him.

Lexington, Ky., Fbruary 6.—John E. Railer, a mountain physician and of shooting notoricty, was found dead yesterday morning in the house of Mrs. Catherine McQuinn, a widow, four miles from Jackson, Breathitt county. Two bullets had been fired through his breast, each one of which would have been fatal. Mrs. McQuinn said she did the shooting and surrendered. She refused to assign any reason for committing the deed. T. M. Smith, her paramour, is suspected of having been the real murderer and the officers are looking for him.

—There will be a delightful entertainment tonight at the First Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock. There will be stereopticon views and some instrumental solos by the best talent in the city. It will be an evening of decided interest,

For a nice pair of h sweet, downy, snow refeather Pillows see stock. Chamberlin Je son & Co.

MEETINGS.

Masonic. A regular communiant Fulton lodge No. 18 F. 181 will be held this (Thursday ing at 7 o'clock in the sonic hall. Chamber to sonic hall. Chamber to sonic hall. Chamber trance. Work in E. A. All brethren cordially invited.

A. H. SMITHSON, T. A. HOLCOMB, Secretary.

SOCIETY NEWS AND GO place Friday afternoon and at min-residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. 1. 18 Park street, West End, for the

residence of Mr. and are, we residence of Mr. and are, we seem of the building fund of the children of the Grady hospital. Mrs. With of Atlanta's most accomplished and she has arranged a rare promethe entertainment. Among the prewill be Mr. Sam Burbank, Mr. in Miss Howard and Mrs. Wilson at those from the violin, xylophone, and guitar will be interspersed in music and recitations. The amount of the mobile charity in which the noble charity in which the Atlanta are so actively interest; selves and as Mrs. Witham is callenta's most delightful entertain needless to urge attendance. Many will be issued and all who is at to enjoy the interesting programment and at the same time help the Garpital fund have opportunity of the property of the present the content of the

pital fund have opportunity Miss Marie Thomas, of Roma be at the residence of Mr. C. M. M.

At 4 o'clock Friday afterion a will be danced at the dancing his McLellan, in the Grand building auspices of the Friday Afteria of Ciuc. Miss McLeilan will be me of the chaperones will be Mrs. Ogs. Pittman and Mrs. Fratt. Amagare members of the club are Mrs. Oglesby, Isabella Thompson, Bens. Lilia Wing, Willie Burke, Margare Elizabeth Pratt, Augusta Wyla, atten, Annie Lou Hawkins, Jans. Marion Colley, Mary Nicolea, Scout, Jean Swift, Susan Calaca, Hich, Ads. Alexander and Mem. Ottley, Meauor Goidsmith, Allert Sam Williams, John Williams, John Williams, John Williams, John Ler, Maryon, Chaerwood, Jame in Phinizy Calhoun, Arthur Carls, Clarke, Tom Clarke, Tom Sen, Cox, Walter Nash, Bob Ridley, Mrs. Tom Grier, of Ellija, 14 At 4 o'clock Friday afternoon as

AT THE PONCE DE LE What Is Going on at the Fa

tel of Mr. H. M. Flagier.
The Casino presented a scene yer
anusual activity and pleasure, also
y-five persons being to the ty-five persons being in the post ty-five persons being in the settime. The prejudice prevailing len a certain "few" in regard to lades indulging in the innocent amus swimming in the pool at the seems not to affect the general a distressing extent, as today I notified in the property of the seems and children are in an enjoying themselves quite as they a summer seasible resort. The persons time to the property of together at the Casino is that fortunately, have never traveled.

together at the Casino is that fortunately, have never traveled ality worth one's while to drop insistion during concert hours, if only to the exquisite strains of the flaggysy band. The pragramme year ternoon was one of more than interest, the musicians, by the ternoon was one of more than interest, the musicians, by the ternoon was one of more than interest, the musicians, by the ternoon was one of more than interest, the musicians, by the second of the flagger of

as palatable as milk.

HELD FOR MURDER.

Jack Williams Was in the Crowd Which Assassinated Young.

LUCIUS WILLIAMS WAS ALSO THERE

Dakour Withdraws the Charges Which He Made Against Mayor Horne and Alderman Carling, of Macon.

Macon, Ga., February 6 .- (Special.)-The preliminary trial of T. Jack Williams, of Telfair county, for conspiracy and the murder of Tom Young, was held before United States Commissioner Erwin today. Wil-Hams was represented by Colonel Joseph Preston. Marion Erwin, as attorney for the Dodge Land Company, assisted the nissioner in behalf of the government. The defendant is a kinsman of the now no terious Lucius Williams. Young was shot and killed while at work for the Dodge company on land in Telfair which the ny claims and which Lucius Williams claims. Williams had been enjoined Judge Speer from trespassing on this by Judge speer from trespassing on this land. The murder occurred about 10 o'clock on the morning of January 18th. B. T. Heap, the Dodge company's foreman, was fired at twice at the time Young was shot. witnesses were examined for the Several witnesses were examined for the government and defendant. It was shown that in the party doing the shooting were Steve Williams, alias "Punch," John Mwilliams. T. Jack Williams and Lucius Williams. No one testified that T. Jack Williams. No one testified that T. Jack Williams fired his gun, but he had it seveled for the purpose of shooting. It was stated that Steve Williams fired the shot that killed Young. John M. Williams for the shot that killed Young. John M. Williams twice at Heap, but missed him. Non quartet has been arrested except T. of the delians. After hearing all the evidence, Commissioner Erwin committed T. Jack Williams to jail, but will recommend to Judge Speer that Williams be released

A short time ago Charles E. Damour engaged his attorneys, Gustin, Guerry & Hall, to file suit against the city of Macon for damages for injuries done his property Third street by reason of certain street severe charges against Mayor Horne and the Chairman of the council, T. J. Carling, the effect that the street work was un aken because it would enhance the value of certain property in that vicinity owned by Horne and Carling. Damour withdrew the charges against Mayor Horne soon after they were made, but those against

Carling have stood.

Carling was in New York when the charges were made. On his return he determined to bring a damage suit against Damour for libel. Dessau & Hodges representations. ent Carling. Damour has now withdrawn s charges against Carling.

What About Bonds?

The ordinance that was introduced in city council last night providing for the issuance of \$130,000 of bonds will meet with opposition from aldermen when i comes up on its second reading at the meeting of council next Tuesday night. None of the aldermen are really opposed to any of the improvements proposed under the ordinance, but they take the position that it would be impracticable to spend just \$38,500 on street paving and curbing, and that fully \$125,000 should be spent in paving and curbing and \$5,000 in street crossings. Under the law Macon can issue only \$130. 000 more of bonds, and some of the alder-men and many citizens wish this entire amount spent in curbing, paving and crossings. They say that paving is the great need and demand of the hour, and if the ordinance is submitted to the vote of the people with its various riders that it will be defeated, but that it will win if the entire issue of bonds is devoted to paving. Some voters will be against bonds for swamp drainage, some against bonds for improvement of Tattnall Square park, and for the other improvements proposed under the ordinance, whereas the necessary ma-

cellor Boggs to the public:

"It only remains for me to add that, throughout the whole of these trying proceedings Mr. Weddington's behavior has been manly and dignified. He came to me promptly and demanded an investigation with the declaration: 'If anything be found to cast the slightest shadow on my title to the medal I will not have it. But I can take my cath that I never saw Bennett's speech, which is so curiously like mine.' Every word, every tone, every act has been exactly that of a man conscious of his integrity. He has never shrunk from the searching gaze which rested on his calm face as he talked with me. There has never been the slightest tremor in his voice. His representations of the facts have never varied, as might confidently be expected in the case of one who had any misgivings.
"The whole matter is mysterious and recreated." Mrs, Annie Abbott, "the Georgia mag-net," so well known in Macon, where she lived several years and married, and who varied, as might confidently be expected in the case of one who had any misgivings. "The whole matter is mysterious and perplexing beyond anything of the sort hitherto falling under my observation. The natural supposition of a common original for the speech of Mr. Bennett (printed in May, 1893), and Mr. Weddington, spoken on January 19, 1895, seems to be complicated by serious insoluble difficulties. But there is always a possibility of error in the interpretation of circumstantial proof. And while public administration in courts of law or elsewhere may not allow us to rehas caused spasmodic furores in various parts of this country and in Europe by her remarkable feats and mysterious powers, has gotten into trouble in New York. News-papers in that city say that according to papers on file in the city court she engaged October W. Peters to act as her man-r for performances throughout the counlaw or elsewhere may not allow us to re-fuse to act on a sufficiently strong proba-bility, yet in the judgment of charity, we may justly hold to the possibility of some explanation, which, if known, would be con-sistent with innocence. Such is Judge Cobb's opinion, as I understand him, and such is my own judgment in the case." In a letter from United States District Attorney J. S. James, to the chancellor, the following occurs: then dismissed without being paid a cent. He sued for \$500, and Mrs. Abbott paying no attention to the summons served upon her, judgment was taken by default. But she promptly moved her effects over to New Jersey. Peters found that she had \$45 on deposit with Thomas Cook & Son. He enjoined them from paying over the money to Mrs. Abbott until his judgment was satisfied. Mrs. Abbott, on finding that she was unable to draw the money from the Attorney J. S. James, to the chancellor, the following occurs:

"I have known Mr. Weddington from his birth. His character is exceptionally good. He is sober, truthful, honest and trustworthy in every walk of life. I have known him intimately all this time, and whatever he says about his speech can be relied on implicitly. I would take his word argivinere and under any circumstances about anything he might say or do. He would not misrepresent anything even to his own interest, and before he leaves college you will find that every word I have written about him is true."

After the board of honor, raised at Mr. ankers, returned to the city and made an affidavit that she was never served with the summons in the action against her by her manager, even going so far as to swear was never served with a summons in life, and asking that the judgment be set aside. Judge Fitzsimmons, of the city court, ordered both parties to appear before Louis Steckler, of No. 273 Broadway, who was duly appointed referee to ascertain After the board of honor, raised at Mr. ld-mannered young man, John C. Hearn, iett, he wrote a letter to the faculty, de

surprised everybody by announcing himself as Mrs. Abbott's husband, saying that they had been married in Philadelphia on No-vember 11th. The referee decided against nocence. He concluded his letter as follows: "I mean by my future conduct to prove my innocence, not only to the board of honor, but to the public."

Judge Howell Cobb, to whom Mr. Wed-Mrs. Abbott, whereupon she again went to New Jersey, from where she sent an affidavis that the money belonged to her eight-year-old daughter. Peters has not yet got the money for which he sued. dington went for advice as to what course he should pursue, questioned him closely and in his letter to the chancellor expressed his firm belief in Mr. Weddington's inno-A Serious Affray. Deputy sheriffs have arrested a negronamed Ernest Sundy charged with riot. Sundy is alleged to be one of the crowd that raised such a disturbance last night at a sociable near Collinsville. Quite a number The Assignment Sticks

Judge N. L. Hutchins has decided the W. P. Vanderau & Co. receivership case The temporary receiver, Mr. F. W. Lucas, is displaced and the assignee, Mr. A. W. Vess, is re-instated. The order of Judge Hutchins says no fraud was practiced and was shot in the knee. A man was shot in the interests of the creditors are amply protected by the assignment. Newsy Notes.

clining the medal and reiterating his in

Street Commissioner Barnett has nearly completed his new map of the city.
Colonel J. D. Mell has returned from a pleasant hunting trip.

Mr. H. S. West is back from a trip to
Jefferson. A citizen of Athens has among his relics a facsimile of the great seal of the confederacy.

Ingersoll at Augusta. Augusta, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)—It has been learned that Colonel Robert Ingersoll will not lecture on Shakespeare, as gersoil will not lecture on Shakespeare, as was first announced. He now proposes as his theme "The Liberty of Man, Woman and Child" for tomorrow night. There has been considerable talk in regard to the propriety of attending this lecture. Rev. Wallace Tharpe, pastor of the First Christian church, denounces the lecturer and his lecture in an emphatic manner in the afternoon papers and urges the people to remain away.

Haralson's Superior Court. Buchanan, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)— The criminal docket was taken up in Haralson county superior court Monday morning, Judge Charles G.—James presiding. This is the third week of court, the past two weeks having been devoted to civil bus-iness. This week and next will be devoted to the criminal docket.

the back, and another in the breast, and a third in the shoulder. One was seriously cut. The negroes called the affair "The Last Days of Pompeil."

An Odd Fellow Fifty Years.

Hon. John G. Deltz, of Macon, has been a member of the Odd Fellows fifty years. He joined Oglethorpe lodge in Savannah in 1845, but has lived in Macon many years. He is, end has been for a long while, grand

analyses. of your membership, offering best wishes for continued happiness and prosperity." Mr. Deitz was born in Philadelphia in 1823. He is one of Macon's most popular and highly esteemed citizens.

Building Freight Cars.

It is understood that the Central railrowill soon commence the construction of it freight cars, which will be built in the mo approved manner. The cars are needed hardle the business of the road. All the cars will be built in the shops of the Cetral. The superintendent of cars at Mace has recently returned from Savannal where he has been in consultation with Sperintendent Kline, of the Central, relative to the building of the cars.

Macon's New Afternoon Paper.

Macon's New Afterneon Paper.

Messrs. W. G. F. Price and R. E. Butler will commence the publication of a new afterneon paper in Macon about the middle of February. Mr. Price was formerly managing editor of The Macon Telegraph and Mr. Butler used to be connected with the business of fibe of The Telegraph. Mr. Price will have editorial charge of the new paper and Mr. Butler will manage the business. It is not yet known who will be at the head of the local department. The name of the paper has not yet been selected. The office of the paper will be centrally located. Mr. Butler has been in Atlanta today on business connected with the new publication. The two gentlemen are experienced and capable newspaper men, and will, no doubt, publish a popular and successful journal.

to be incendiarism.

The remains of the late Chief Justice
Jackson arrived from Atlanta today and
were interred in the Cobb lot in Rose Hill

THE CHANCELLOR'S OPINION.

Dr. Boggs Writes a Letter in Regard

Athens, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)—The Clyde Shropshire medal contest has been

the subject of a great deal of comment.

Mr. C. A. Weddington, of Atlanta, who was

declined the medal in order to set himself

right before the public in regard to the

question of plagiarism, submits the fol-

cellor Boggs to the public:

at first declared the winner and afterwards

is understood that the Central railroad

Is Free Once More. secretary of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows of Georgia. Mr. Deltz is in receipt of the following telegram from T. J. Dinkins, of Savannah, noble grand: "Oglethorpe lodge congratulates you on attaining this, fiftieth

PRISONERS ESCAPE.

HE IS A DESPERATE HIGHWAYMAN

A Companion Goes with Him-They Leave a Sleeping Cellmate Behind-One Expects to Die for Money. Valdosta, Ga., February 6 .- (Special.)-

Will Kink, allas "Wild Bill," or "The Georgia Snake," and Will Lewis, two des perate highway robbers, broke out of jail here last night and succeeded in making their escape. The escape has created a genuine sensation on account of the notoriety of the criminals and because the eswhich was believed to be absolutely secure. No one knows at what time the es ape occurred, and nothing is known as to which way the prisoners went. The au-thorities with bloodhounds are scouring the country for the fugitives. The new jail was erected a few months

ago by the Manly Company, of Dayton, O., and the cage was guaranteed against file or saws for twenty-four hours.

The "Georgia Snake" used a file in getting from the cage, and four different bars of steel were filed in two. Three bolts and a bar of steel were broken like pipe stems before they reached the corridor of the jail. As soon as that was reached a hole was made in the wall near a water pipe. Blankets were tied to the cell and suspended through the opening in the wall to the ground. In this way the escape was effected between 11 o'clock last night and 4 o'clock this morning.

The superior court will not convene until Friday.

Mrs. Follendore was tried today on a writ of lunacy and found to be a fit subject for the asylum. She is now raving crazy and has to be kept at the jail until there is accommodation for her at the lunatic asylum. first time in years the sheriff. failer and chief of police were called out and has to be kept at the jail until there is accommodation for her at the lunatic asylum.

Mrs. H. M. Wortham will give an entertainment on Friday afternoon.

Miss Callie Harris will give a reception on Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Gray Goodwyn and Mrs. Ed Artope will give a card party Saturday afternoon.

Miss Sallie Blount gave a luncheon yesterday afternoon, compilmentary to Miss Fontaine, of Columbus.

The german at the Log Cabin Club last night was very delightful.

Miss Mamie Hatcher will go to Rome at an early day to visit Miss Camp.

Captain J. D. Stetson, vice president of the American National bank, has gone to New York on a business trip.

The store of C. C. Holmes, in Vineville, was destroyed by fire at a late hour last night. It is not known how the fire originated, but it is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary. The loss is estimated at about \$2,500. There was no insurance. During the burning an explosion of some kind occurred with a loud noise. Not very long ago Mr. Holmes lost his dwelling by fire and this was also tnought to be incendiarism. of town by business connected with their The jailer was abs o'clock to 4 o'clock a. m., and between these hours the escape was made. A re-ward of \$40 has been offered for the arrest and detention of the two prisoners. Hundreds of people have been about the jail all day long and the escape marks the two desperadoes as the sharpest in the country.

Only yesterday a reporter asked "Wild Bill" how he got in so much trouble, when the reply came quickly: "Money, boss, money. A nigger like me can't go without money. I fight for it, and expect to die

A negro here was seen sending them a age probably contained the tools for the that a negro sleeping in the cell with them knew nothing of the escape until that a negro sleeping in the certified them knew nothing of the escape the jailer awoke him this morning.

A VALUABLE PACKAGE STOLEN.

While an Agent's Back Was Turned \$1,000 Was Taken. Machen Ga., February 6,-(Special.)-A package containing \$1,000 was stolen from

the Southern Express office here today immediately after the 10:45 o'clock express tic railroad. The express agent, Hightower, was busy and placed the express packages on his telegraph table preparatory to locking them up in the safe until the next Middl

Georgia and Atlantic train arrived. This

train was delayed by a wreck at Covingwho had access to the package while it was lying on the table. Suspicion points very strongly to one of them. WMle Highing on a lady one of the parties in the de pot was seen to have a package of money in his hand looking at it. That was the last seen of the express package until to-

Inhuman Action by Guards of Chat

ham's Chaingang. Savannah, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)— An investigation of the matter of the frost-bitten convicts was held before the county commissioners today. It was shown that there are twenty-one convicts at the county camps with frozen feet, the result of their being compelled to work in claimed that he ordered the men kept out of the water. Captain Hughes, who has charge of the men, claimed that Major Blandford told him to put the men into the canal and have them slush it out.
There was a decided conflict of testime The commissioners will consider the mat ter before rendering their decision.

Jury Boxes Locked. The United States court opened its session here today. No juries were drawn on account of the fact that Deputy Asher Ayres falled to arrive with the keys to the jury boxes. An order was granted requiring the Wadley and Mt. railroad to show cause why it should not pay rental for rail and appurtenances held by it belonging to the sinking fund of the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad, of which the Germania bank is trustee.

A Happy Negro. Eddie Davis, the convicted murderer of Willis Brown, whose sentence was commuted today to imprisonment for life, by Governor Atkinson, was overjoyed when he received the news. His attorney, Mr. E. R. McKethan, has done some hard work in the case, and the negro had a narrow es cape from hanging. He was on his way to the gellows a week ago when the sherifi was telegraphed and asked to delay the exe-cution until the governor could be heard from. Governor Atkinson granted a re-spite, and on consideration of the petition sent him, today commuted his sentence.

His Charge Was Extortionate. A. H. Gaston, a colored polictician, wa arrested today, charged with violating the pension laws. Gaston acted as correspondent for Visa Strickland, an old colored wo nan, who received a \$4,000 pension, an harged her \$1,500 above the the legal fee or his services. Gaston was arrested at the instigation of the pension authorities, wh have worked up the case. He is under a \$20 bond for appearance.

BLEW OPEN THE SAFE. Shot a Policeman and Got Away with

Considerable Boodle. Newburgh, N. Y., February 25,—At 3 o'clock this morning, the safe in the post-office at Mateawan, Dutchess county, was blown open by three burglars. Then they shot Policeman Marshall Snyder. The bullet entered his mouth, knocking out several teeth and lodged in the muscles of the neck. The wound is serious, but there is hope of his recovery. Night Watchman Jeremiah Stevenson had been or duty as usual, but just before the ex plosion he was discovered by Snyder lying in a doorway near the postoffice in a stupor. The burglars had evidently drugged him. While Snyder was putting the nigh watchman in his room on the second floo watchman in his room on the second floor of the building the explosion occurred. Snyder rushed down stairs, and as he appeared at the front door a masked man lired at him. He fell in the hallway, where he was found by friends. The burglars were professionais and all were masked. They got away with \$200 in money, two registered letters and a quantity of stamps. They overlooked some envelopes containing sums of large denominations. They left behind a number of burglars tools.

STUCKEY ON TRIAL.

"Wild Bill," Alias the "Georgia Snake," He Shot and Killed His Brotherin-Law Taylor.

A THREATENING LETTER TO HIS WIFE

Just Before the Murder Stuckey Wrote Rer, Acknowledging That He Had Deeply Wronged Her.

Dublin, Ga., February 6 .- (Special .- The trial of W. A. Stuckey for shooting to death his brother-in-law, Ira Taylor ear of the Macon, Dublin and Southwe railroad last September, is in process here. It took two hours to select a jury. Ex-Judge Roberts, Colonel Harlow Burch of Eastman; Colonels Phil Howard and J. M. Stubbs defend Stuckey, while Solicitor Lewis is assisted by Colonels Griner and witnesses are to be examined and from appearances the trial will last all the week, Directly opposite Stuckey sits his aged other, noting anxiously every phase of the proceedings. Close to her is Mrs. Gainey, a cousin of Stuckey; Mrs. Patrick

witness in the trial. The tragedy occurred at Turkey creek, ten miles from this town. Taylor was sitting near the front end of the ladies coach. Stuckey's wife, who is Taylor's sister, sat by his side and Stuckey occupied a seat behind them. As the train was crossing the creek the latter arose from his seat, and walking forward, caught Taylor by the collar of his coat from be-hind and without a word shot him five times. Taylor fell at his sister's feet a orpse. The murderer jumped from th train while it was running at the rate

and Miss Anna Ward, who is to be

of thirty miles an hour.

After the shooting the train proceeded to
Dublin, where the lifeless body of Taylor was taken to his home and a posse a once formed to pursue Stuckey. The place where he leaped from the train was first visited, but no trace of him was found The posse continued their search and finally met a negro man who told then that Stuckey had gone to his home about a mile from the railroad, and after tell-fing him that the conductor had kicked him off the train, hired the negro to take him In his wagon to Haskin's crossing. He had done so and was returning home when he met the posse. The band of searchers then pushed on to Haskin's crossing, which was difteen miles from the creek where the bloody affair occurred. There they found Stuckey in a critical condition, his left arm dislocated in several places, a large hole in his head and the whole right side of his body partially paralyzed. He was conveyed to town, placed in fail and medical aid was summoned. He lingered between life and death for several weeks. The physicians said it was a miraculous ecovery and the patient attracted considered him cured he was released on a

\$5,000 bond.

The beginning of the feud between Taylor and Stuckey, who were brothers-in-law, dates back to last March, when Stuckey returned to his home in Wilkinson county after several days' absence in Macon as a witness before the United States court in a case of illicit distilling. After arriving home. Stuckey accused his wife of improper nome, stuckey accused his wire of improper relations with a young man named Smith while he, Stuckey, was absent in Macon. Mrs. Stuckey, a vivacious and pretty young woman, denied the charge. She was so exasperated that she at once left her ome and went to her brother's home in this town. After remaining apart some time, Stuckey opened communication with his wife, and finally, by making promises to treat her right, induced her to live with him again. After her return, however, said that he forced her by means threats of personal violence, to openly ac-knowledge to her neighbors that it was true that she had had improper relations with young Smith. As soon as this had been done to his satisfaction, he beat her severely with a shotgun, striking her so hard that the barrels were broken from the stock. Some say this did not happen at all. More dead than alive, Mrs. Stuckey all. More dead than alive, and the ran away and again sought shelter with her brother in Dublin, to whom she related what had happened. He advised her to sue for divorce and alimony, as Stuckey was wealthy. The hearing of the divorce case was set for Thursday, the day the traggedy occurred. The week preceding the result of their being compelled to work in the water of the canal on December 28th, when the severe cold weather set in. Major letter from her husband;

murder Mrs. Stuckey received the following letter from her husband:

"Redhill, Ga., August 13.—Mrs. Estelle Stuckey. Dear Wife—I write you another letter asking you wife—I write you another letter asking you wife—I write you are treating me like you are. You know I love you, Estelle. If I had back the way I treated you, I could not be persuaded by my mother, I could not be persuaded by my mother, or by any one else to treat you so again. Estelle, I want to see you and talk pritately with you, but I know you won't let me have that privilege; but I want you to take my word once more and I will do what I say if you will come back to me. I will treat you well and never tell another lie on you or want you to tell one for mc. Estelle, all I have told is false, and you knew it was at first, but I was persuaded by my mother to do what I did, and to treat you as I have told is false, and you treat you as I have but I am sorry I did it, and if you will forgive me and settle with me, I will tell the people I was in the wrong and not you. Estelle, you have never mistreated me in any way in the least, and I did not have any cause to tell what I told on you and I would not have done it for anything had it not been for mother. Estelle, I love you, and hate to swear to lies on you, but if you don't come back I will have to swear to what I have told, and get everybody to swear for me I can, for I want my child, and that is all the way I can get him. Answer this letter yourself, as I have written you two and have not got any answer to any of them. Now, don't let any one see this letter. You read it carefully gud

In the Interest of Education Lavonia, Ga., February 6.—(Special.)—Areducation rally will be held here on Fri day evening at which State School Commissioner Glenn, Professor V. E. Orr and the county school commissioner, L. J. McConnell, will make addresses. A handsome school building will be erected here in the spring.

Stand the Test.

A popular remedy is sure to be subjected to the severest tests, both practical and medical.

Allcock's **Porous Plaster**

receives the endorsement of medical men and private persons everywhere as the best remedy for colds coughs, sore throat, pains in the back, chest or limbs. Be Not Deceived. Imitations are not equal the genuine. Get ALLCOCK's and no other. Allcock's Corn Shields, Allcock's Bunion Shields,

Have no equal as a relief and cure for cor Brandreth's Pills purify and tone up a debilitated system. They are absolutely safe. one Goes to the Gallows, the Other

to the Penitentiary. Quitman, Ga., February 6.-(Special.) Brooks superior court today was taken up in the trial of Jerry Jeffreths and Sher man Jeffreths, both colored, charged with the murder of Tip Mauldin, a white man, on the night of December 1st last. Jerry was found guilty of murder in the first degree without recommendation to mercy. Sherman was convicted of murder in the second degree, with a recommendation that he be imprisoned in the penitentiary for life. Both are negroes born since the

On the night of December 1st Tip Mauldin, constable for the Morven district justice court, met a crowd of negroes in the public road and inquired if Jerry forward and inquired if Mauldin wanted him. On Mauldin's saying that he did, Jerry replied by shooting him through the neck. Sherman Jeffreths shot at Mauldin after he fell. They killed Mauldin simply "to see his wings crimp," as they stated at the time. This murder, it was said, was the cause of the recent race riot in this county. The evidence was most positive in character and was entirely negro testimony. The jury was out just thirty-light religious for the country was out just thirty-light religious for the country was out just the country was o

There was a negro before the grand jury today in investigation of the Brooks county race rlot who swore that there was a band of negroes sworn to kill every white man that was in the posse that arrested the Jeffreth's boys. He said that Sam Taylor, one of the victims of the riot, was captain and Waverly Pike was lieutenant and he declared that Sam Taylieutenant and he declared that Sam Tay-lor tried to pursuade him to join.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health or the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, elling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from

every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manfactured by the California Fig Syrup Co, only, whose name is printed on ever package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Notice---Sale of Bonds Until 12 o'clock m. of March 4, 1895, sealed bids will be received for bonds of the town of Abbeville, Ga. Abbeville has 1,500 in-habitants, taxable property \$175,000; \$9,000 of the bonds will be used in erecting acade-my and \$1,000 for artesian well. Ten bonds will be sold of the denomination of \$1,000, will be sold of the denomination of \$1,000, falling due thirty years from date, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. Form of bond to be dictated by purchaser. Address clerk town council, Abbeville, Ga. feb 7—to mar 1

B. W. BEACH, Secretary and Treasurer, J. A. G BEACH, O WINGATE, Vice

'Phone 102. Contractors of Plumoing, Steam and Gas Fitting. 2 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm heretofore existing of Morris Bond is this day dissolved by mutua consent, Mr. J. A. Morris withdraw-

We have now on the

floor and in transit the largest stock of medium priced and fine Furniture for our spring trade ever shown by us. These goods were bought at the factories for cash, and no retail house can undersell us; and further, we guarantee every piece we sell. See our low priced Oak Suits, \$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00 per suit. Cham, berlin, Johnson & Co.





Stories That Well-Known People Like to Recall.

The Learned Professor a True Philanthropist-His Humane Methods Praised Everywhere.

Charles J. Mutch, of No. 99 South Division street, Buffalo, says: "For the past twenty years," said he, "I have suffered terribly from dyspepsia. I could eat scarcely anything, and at times was unable to even retain water on my stomach. When I atte the food seemeed to lie in my stomach with a hot, burning sensation. There was a pain on my right side that caused me intense agony. Usually within four to six hours after eating I vomited my food, when the pain in my side would stop until hunger compelled me to eat again. I was troubled with dizziness, was very nervous and my whole system was so run down that words cannot describe how I felt. I had four doctors, besides trying every medicine I ever heard of and spending hundreds of dollars without receiving any benefit. Just one month ago I began using Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. I did not have much faith in it, but my friends who had been cured with his remedies urged me to try it. The first few doses improved me so much that I continued taking it, fand am now thoroughly cured. I have a good appetite, can eat and digest any kind of food and am in excellent health. My friends are greatly surprised at the change in me, as they did not believe I would ever be a well man again. I owe it all to Munyon's Remedies."

Remedies."

Munyon's Homeopathic Remedy Company, of Philadelphia, put up a cure for every disease. No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded.

With Munyon's Remedies every one can doctor themselves.

Our stocks in Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear are complete. See and price with us. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER. Administrator's Sale.

Georgia Furniture Company. By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of Muscogee county, Georgia, granted at the November term, 1895, I will sell before the Courthouse door of Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in March, 1895, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta and being part of land lot No. 54 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being on the northeast corner of Georgia avenue and Reed street, fronting 197 feet on the north side of Georgia avenue and extending back same width along east side of Reed street 154 feet, more of less.

Also a lot lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 83 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning on the west side of Mangum street 100 feet south of Simpson street and running south along Mangum street and running south along Mangum street and six inches.

Sold for the purpose of paying debts and

with Mangum street same and six inches.
Sold for the purpose of paying debts and distribution. Terms half cash, half in 12 months with 8 per cent interest.
C. T. PORTER,
Administrator of the Estate of Mrs. Carrle F. Porter feb 7-14 21 28 PERSONAL.

NOTICE-If you want to save money give J. B. Bowen your plumbing work to do. As I carry my tools and vise in the wagon to do general repair work to save time. No running back to the shop, 45 East Hunter street. Phone 521. feb 7-4t

INFORMATION WANTED of Daniel Herliby, white, a native of Lexington, Ky.
Age thirty years. When last heard of
was in Atlanta, Ga. Any information
of him will be thankfully received by
his uncle, Timothy Dinneen, 207 South
Broadway, Lexington, Ky. Southern and

western papers please copy. feb5 15t tue thur fri sun OPIUM SMOKING and morphine habits cured at home for \$10. "No cure, no pay." Correspondence confidential. Acme Opium Cure Company, P. A. Stewart, Ph. G., secretary and manager, 207 Norcroing, Atlanta, Ga.

R. Watts & Co., jeweiers, 57 Whitenall. FOR RENT-Miscellaneour, STORE, woodyard, stables and rooms furnished and unfurnished. Piedmont avenue corner Ellis. Call at 105 Ellis street. All

VERY DESIRABLE business quarters for rent—the third floor of the Coker building on Broad street, next to bridge, roomy, light and central. Bank State of Georgia. feb-6-2t FOR RENT OR LEASE—A blacksmith shop on Alabama street. Apply to W. A. Hemphill, business office Constitution.

WANTED—A party with three to five thou-sand dollars to buy with me one of the oldest established commission businesses in Atlanta. J. S. Craig, No. 4 South Broad

WANTED-Rooms A GENTLEMAN desires room and board in small private family, near postoffice. Address, stating particulars, terms, etc., C. K., care Constitution.

WANTED-Board. GENTLEMAN AND WIFE want furnisi ed room with board in private family Table must be first-class; price reason able and location close in. "F.," car

WANTED-Money WANTED-To borrow about \$9,000 on real estate not to cost over 7 or 7½ per cent net. Address L. N. D., Box 542.

A SPLENDIDLY built brick house with rooms, in perfect order, freshly papered, new plumbing, in same block with post-office, corner Walton and Forsyth street. Address A. B., Constitution office. ANY ONE desiring an elegant home on Peachtree street can secure the same by offering part payment in well located residence or store property. Address W. Y. Z., Constitution office.

FOR SALE—A twelve and a half acre truck farm, three miles from carshed, cheap. Call on J. W. Phillips, No. 4 Broad street. feb-6-3t WANTED-Boarders. 135 SPRING STREET is fitted up new, iovely rooms, single or en suite, elegant board, every convenience, good location. BOARDERS WANTED-Two nice rooms, single or en suite, can be obtained at 131 Spring street. Table boarders also de-sired.

WANTED BOARDERS—Pleasant rooms with board at 25 Peachtree street. Refer-ences exchanged. WANTED BOARDERS—Handsome home

guired. 64 Forest aveaue.

80 ARD—At 45 Poplar circle. Inman Park;
not a fashionable (so-called) boarding
house, but a Christian home with most
pleasant neighbors and beautiful surroundings; the healthiest and most delightful
resident portion of the city; electric cars
every fifteen minutes; 12 minutes from the
Equitable. feb-5-tue-thur-sun. Equitable. Ieb-our rent, elegant! VANTED BOARDERS-For rent, elegant! BOARDERS WANTED Several young men can get excellent board very reas

whether it is cheaper to buy one of our late style Overcoats now at cost or wait till next fall and pay a proft. Be sure and ask her advice.

Is a good thing when she votes on the

kind of clothes her husband should

buy, and the best time to buy them.

Ask your wife (provided you have one)

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

STEWART OLES ALLAWAY 26 Whitehall St.

A. K. HAWKES

Manufacturing Optician

DNE OF THE OLDEST HOUSES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Established 1870.

Special Styles of Speciales and Eyes
Glasses made to order.

W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$4 She 85,84,83.50 Cordovan, Frome Enamelled Calf and Kangaroo. 83.50 Police Shose. 3 soles. 82,50 and 82 Workingmen's \$2.481.75 Roys School Sho Ladies' \$3, \$2.50. \$2 and \$1.75

For Sale by Morris, Ewing & Carr oll, 163-5 Decatur Street; C. C. Rojers, 151 Decatur Street.

SIDE LINE, good for \$10 to \$25 weekly offered traveling salesmen in this section. Small samples free. P. O. Box 1371. New York.

New York.

SALESMEN-To sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade; sell on sight to every business man or firm; liberal salary and expenses paid; position permanent. For terms address, with stamp, Centennial Manufacturing Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—A principalship in a well-pay-ing high school. Applicant is a gradu-ate of the University of Georgia and has teacher's permanent license for the state. Address J. B. H. Day, M. D., Social Circle, Ga., Box 116. Circle, Ga., Box 116. feb 7.—2t
WANTED—SALESMEN—Ability, not experience required. Live men paid big
money selling our 44 pants made to measure. Full particulars on request. Address
the makers of more pants to measure than
any tailoring establishment in America.
Faultless Custom Pants Co., Chicago, Ill.
feb 3-8t-sun tu thur sat

WANTED-An experienced salesman ac quainted with clear Havana cigar trade quainted with clear Havana cigar trade in southern states to travel for Florida factory. Address with references and terms F. H. Rand, president, Sanford, Fla. jan 31-2w, thur, sun Fig. jan 31-2w, thur, sur SALESMEN OR AGENTS make money easy selling suits to order, \$13.50; pants, \$3; shirts, \$1; mackintoshes, \$5. Hunter Tailoring Company, Cincinnati. O. deci-4m-sun tues thur sat

NEW FACES—All about changing the features and renovating blemishes in 153-page book for a stamp. John H. Woodbury, 177 W. 42d street, New York, Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap. sep30-1y.

WANTED - Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers' Oil Company, Cleveland. O. sept25- 'm

HELP WANTED-Female. WANTED—White nurse; must come well recommended. Apply to 228 Equitable building, or postoffice box No. 1. feb-6-2t

LADIES—To do fancy work at home; \$\fo\$ to \$10; steady work; no canvassing; send stamp. Delray Needlework Co., Delray, Mich. Feb2 7t SITUATIONS WANTED-Female. SITUATION by a German girl as chamber-maid or nurse. Address German Girl, this office. feb-6-3t

AGENTS-Make \$7 to \$12 daily Carter's Butter Color Coagutum. Carter's Butter Color Coagutum. Sample makes 500 pounds, sent prepaid for 16 2makes 500 pounds, sent prepaid for 16 2cent stamps; turns the solids of sweet
milk into pure butter instantaneously.
Every family buys. Secure territory
quick. Address Perfection Manufacturing. Company, Englewood, Ill.
WANTED—A few first-class building and
loan agents, large territory and good
commissions. Address J. H. Rhodes,
manager of agencies Rome Mutual Loan
Association, 325 Broad street, Rome, Ga.
feb 7—15t

AGENTS-To take orders by sample at home or travel. We pay liberal salaries and expenses or good commission and furnish samples to right applicant. Address Lock Box 1354, New York City.

july 5-312t
WANTED-First-class subscription bool
agent for new work; just issued; sells a
sight; big money for active men. Address
Agate, office of this paper. feb2 7t AGENTS IN EVERY state on salary and commission. Agents making 325 to \$50 weekly. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis. weekly. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co.
La Crosse, Wis. jan 23-5m

ARE YOU HONEST, sober, industrious?
If so, engage with us for 18%; \$300 a
month. \$3,000 a year; you can make it
easy, 6 hours a day; our agents do not
complain of hard times; why? They are
making money selling our Perfection
Dish Washer, the only practical family
washer manufactured; washes, dries and
polishes dishes perfectly in two minutes;
no experience necessary; a child of 8
operates it easily; cheap and durable;
weight, 13 pounds; made of anti-rust tin;
capacity, 100 pieces; \$10,000 for its equal;
every family wants one; you don't have
to canvass; as soon as people know you
have it for sale they send for a dish
washer; each agent's territory protected;

have it for sale they send for a dism washer; each agent's territory protected; no competition; bona fide offer, 35 or washer free to first lady or gentleman applicant for "territory position." Ad-dress, for full particulars, Perfection Manufacturing Company, Englewood, LOST-On Monday last a gold comb or hairpin with tortoise shell teeth. Finder

ON DIAMONDS, ETC.—Responsible, eral, confidential. N. Kaiser & Co. Decatur St., Kimbali house. jan17-LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or near Atlanta promptly negotiat nett, Equitable building.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can ber row what money you want from Atlant Discount Company, Office No. 20 Gat City bank building. Jos. N. Moody, Cashier nov 11-ly

\$50,000-1F YOU WANT A LOAN promptly on real estate, easy monthly plan, call on W. B. Smith, 16 N. Pryor street, jan 29-8m

VEYMAN & CONNORS, \$25 Equit building, are prepared to place loan business property at 6 per, cent; on dence property at 7 per cent. no

7, 7½ AND 8 PER CENT loans made on improved Atlanta real estate, two to five years, interest payable semi-annually; no commissions charged borrower; no delay. Apply in person to the Scottish-American Mortgage Co., office with W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 East Alabama street, jan 19-1m.

FOR FARM loans within 50 miles of Atlan-ta come to the Georgia Farm Loan Co., rooms 10 and 12, 37% Whitehall street, nov 2-5m.

nov 2-5m.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 25 South Broad street.

jan 12.1-\$2,500 to \$3,000 to loan on Atlanta

for immediate payment. Wm. C. Hale, 627 Equitable building. febl-ft. MONEY TO LOAN-SI,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta real estate security; one to five years time. D. H. Livermore, State Savings bank. bank.

I REPRESENT a company that wishes to make loans on Atlanta real estate at 7 per cent, interest payable semi-annually. In order to get this company started am instructed to charge only half per cent for negotiating first \$50,000. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta street.

WE WISH to lend \$5,000 for 3 years on improved Atlanta real estate. Hillyer, WE WISH to real estate. Hillyer improved Atlanta real estate. Hillyer Alexander & Lambdin, 8% West Alabam feb-3t-tu-thu-su

street. feb5-3t-fu-thu-sun
LOANS on Atlanta real estate promptly
negotiated; no delay. M. & J. Hirsch, 18
North Pryor street. feb 7-lm
I HAVE a large amount of funds on hand
for choice loans. Address with description. Financial. Box 281.

6 AND 7 PER CENT LOANS negotiated for any amount. No delay. Special amounts of \$1,000, \$1,200 \$1,500, \$2,500, \$4,000 \$5,000. T. F. Scott, \$27 Equitable building 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT CITY LOANS. Georgia farms 8 per cent. W. C. Davis. 7 AND 8 PER Control W. C. Davis Georgia farms 8 per cent. W. C. Davis attorney. Room 43 Gate City bank built nov 6-6m

ROOMS FOR RENT. FOR RENT-Either two or three furnished rooms or entire house to party who will board two people. Will pay difference. Apply at once after 6 o'clock. 25 Baltifeb 7-2t

WANTED—A pool and billiard table first-class condition. Apply Alfred Broadhaus, 41 South Pryor, feb5-tues-thur-sun

LARGE LOT first-class Elberta and othe peachtrees at 4c by the hundre and over. W. W. Thompson, Smithville FOR SALE-A complete steam cand

CASH PAID for old gold. A. L. Delkin Co & Whitehall street. FOR MALE-Misce

FOR SALE CHEAP—One second-hand 4 horse power gas engine. Address Charles J. Brede, Spartanburg, S. C. 1eb 7-3t

FOR RENT By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 North Broad.

Sale

kind.

is largely an "outdoor" product. Fresh air Fresh air and exercise usually produce sound appetite and sound sleep. Sickly children obtain great benefit from

Scott's Emulsion

of assimilation and almost

The Rugged Child

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ATLANTA, GA., February 7, 1895.

Mr. Carlisle's Crime.

Mr. Carlisle has again hurt the feelings of the bond forcers, and they are showing the usual disposition to squirm The senate by resolution recently asked Mr. Carlisle as to the condition of the finances. Mr. Carlisle, following the broad example of Mr. Cleveland. who, in his recent message, declared that there was a comfortable working surplus in the treasury, informed the honorable senate that there was no longer a deficit in revenues; that receipts were now larger than expenditures and that if they kept up at the presen rate, the treasury will have a surplus of \$22,000,000 at the end of the present

To this statement the able New York Times makes ser ous objection. It declares that Mr. Carlisle "has a positive genius for the inopportune;" that his reply to the senate resolution of Janu-28th "is a masterpiece of the Hoult art of doing a thing at the precise moment when it will produce the utmost possible mischief and confu-

This is such a serious charge that the iophisticated reader will be justified in putting on his spectacles and inquiring in a hoarse tone of voice what parular crime Mr. Carlisle has committed by sending to the senate the facts of the situation. What is the nature of the "mischief and confusion" that Mr. isle has precipitated?

With a frankness characteristic of the bold attitude the Wall street bankers have assumed under the present adration, The Times tells us: "If there remained a spark of hope for the rold bond bill which President Clevehas besought congress to pass, Mr. Isle's letter has quenched it."

The is the crime Mr. Carlisle has litted. By telling the truth he has, he opinion of this organ of the Vall street wreckers endangered a cheme to defraud the people. The was dictated by the banks infamous an attempt to rob the people for the benefit of the money ver as was ever conceived by the power as was mind of man.

The Times seems to feel that Mr. Carlisle, by telling the truth instead of a lie, has endangered this monstrous piece of infamy. But our contemporary staken. There has never been a ent from the time the scheme was broached in the New York Chamber of nerce at the dictation of the bankers who control that body, to the preshour, when it had the remotest chance of passing the senate. And there never will be a time when it can pass the senate.

The eyes of the people are opened. When the present administration goes out of power, the money sharks, the bankers and the bondholders will never be able to get hold of the people's government again. The line has been drawn. The decks have been cleared of a great deal of trash. Hereafter the will be clean-cut. It will be a conflict between the people and the money power, just as it was on a smallin Jackson's day and time; and the people will win again as they did

Money and Prices.

The New York Journal of Commerce, commenting on some remarks made by The Constitution to the effect that the financial problem is simply a question of prices, says:

The whole problem is not one of price. High prices are sometimes the result of prosperity; they are never the cause of it. Stability of price is hardly an avalant. ity of price is hardly an evidence of Stability of price is hardly an evidence of prosperity. It is only found in stationary communities, cut off in some degree from the commerce of the world. In progressive communities the costs of production are being continually reduced and selling prices are following with great advantage to the consumer and no detriment to the producer. The reduced cost of trans-portation and the reduced cost of produc-tion will go some distance to explain and offset the reduced price of cotton. It will not do it fully, but the excessive prosertainly sufficient to explain why the vices of cotton has fallen more than the rice of many other things. It is safe to say that everything the cotton planter buys, and he spends all his money for one thing to expend the cotton planter buys, and he spends all his money for one thing to expend the cotton planter buys. another, unless he hoards it in holes in the ground, has come down materially.

are often surprised, when ering upon a discussion with those whose position and influence ought to the result of exact knowledge, to and how narrow their views are and how inaccurate their statements. Our ary ought to know, if it does ot, that the ideal currency of econots is that which would give stability prices not the inflexible stability is represented by a granite wall, nt the stability that is expressed in

ways trying to expand it. The happy medium between undue contraction and undue expansion is the point for which economists are striving, and they express that ideal currency in the term, "stable prices," which means a mands of business at a period of high prosperity.

That, of course, is an ideal condition which, in these days of bank power and influence, we cannot hope to reach. The man who has the cash money in hand anxious that its purchasing power should be as high as possible. He is, therefore, in favor of contracting the available supply of money. The producer of commodities, on the other hand, is anxious that his cotton, his wheat, etc., should be able to command much money in the markets as pos sible, and he is, therefore, whether he knows it or not, in favor of expanding the money supply.

As a matter of course we employed the term, "stable prices" in the meaning given to it by economists. We meant stable prices so far as stability could be brought about by a uniform and sufficient money supply. Within that general level of stability there is, of course, the fluctuations occasioned by the operations of the law of supply and demand. If the fall of prices had confined itself simply to wheat and cotton, there would be no room for The Journal of Commerce to talk about the reduced cost of production and transportation as a factor in the problem. But the prices of all commodities have fallen, and the worst of it is that they are still falling.

Is The Journal of Commerce perfectly convinced of the efficacy of its own arguments? If so, why does it not take hold of the short corn crop and show that, in spite of a supply unequaled to the demand, the price has continued to fall because of increased cheapness of production and reduced rates of transportation? We should be glad to see our contemporary enter upon such an experiment in logic.

What we ask of an editor who undertakes to set us right in this matter is charity, and it is a very small thing to ask of a man who proposes to chop logic and distor: facts for the purpose of maintaining the present dislocation of our currency system.

We repeat, therefore, that the whole financial problem, so far as it effects the people, is a question of prices. While it is true that high prices are not the cause of prosperity, they are its invariable accompaniment. We do not mean inflation prices, but prices on the level of twelve-cent cotton and one-dollar wheat. High prices are one of the signs of prosperity, for they show that the products of human labor have a higher purchasing power, and that there is a plentiful supply of money in circulation to meet the demands occasioned by growing business and new enterprises. A high rate of interest is not a sign of scarcity of money, but is in evidence of a keen demand for it; and this demand is based wholly on the

profits that can be secured by borrowers who propose to invest money in busistandard! less and in new enterprises. When prices are falling, as they now are or, in other words, when money is scarce enough to command a constant ly increasing premium in the products

of human labor-the demand for money for purposes of investment practically Nobody can know what is to be the outcome of such investment, for nobody knows how much lower the prices of commodities will fall. Consequently money is congested in the enters and the interest rate is abnormally low.

These things are as plain as the nose on a man's face, and we have no doubt the editor of The Journal of Commerce es and understands them-we should have doubt of his sanity else-but it is to the interest of the class he represents that he should pretend not to see them.

Lieutenant General Schofield. John M. Schofield, nominated by the president to be lieutenant general of the army, revives an army rank which had ceased with the promotion of Lieutenant General Sheridan to be general

of the army. These two ranks have always been filled by special legislation, and are not in the regular line of army promotion. They are intended as recognitions of remarkable military service. The rank of general was first created for General Scott as a recognition of his services in the Mexican war. Later, when Grant had risen to eminence as the overtowering figure in the federal army, he was created lieutenant gener-When the war was over he was honored with the full title of general. Sherman taking the title of lieutenant general. Upon the election of Grant to the presidency Sherman was moved up and Sheridan became lieutenant general, to become general himself upon the

death of Sherman, when both titles It has since been a matter of much controversy as to whether either title should be revived. Of course, the rerival in either case would not be made blindly, but would be for the benefit of some officer whose services would be steemed worthy of the honor. In this way it became settled some time ago that General Schofield was the man for the honor which has at last been conferred upon him.

The Story of His Own Death. It must be a gruesome task for man to wake up some morning to find his death recorded in the morning papers, with a detailed sketch of the ser-

vices which entitle his memory to con

sideration. It seems that the latest addition to this kind of literature has developed within a few miles of Atlanta, where a man named Bogardus registered at a man named Bogardus registered at a hotel, and forthwith began spending his money with a lavish hand for a quiet Georgia town. He treated the boys to milk punches and strangely the colored people. Both the stranger the volume the lower the ces, It is for this reason that one is a laways trying to contract the contr

money supply and the other class al- | be none other than Captain Bogardus the great marksman, who was out on a lark by way of diversion. When the stranger laid down and died, somewhat to the surprise and regret of his newfound friends, it was heralded forth that it, was Captain Bogardus, who would shoot no more in this vale of tears.

Meanwhile the genuine Captain Bogardus was snow-bound in his Illinois home, where he was roasting his shine by a great log fire. He announces that he is still in life, ready to shoot for any figure, and confident that he can strike the bull's eye at every shot. In deference to his wishes he will have to be regarded as still in life, whilst the dead stranger at Austell has lost all of his importance.

Queen Lit Is Loyal.

President Dole, of the Hawaiian retblie, can now count upon Queen Lil as one of the most loyal of his subjects. The obese queen never had any importance save that which President Cleveland forced upon her. Her court while she held the throne, was a public scandal, and the ease with which she was hustled off of it shows the real estimation in which she was held. It was not until President Cleveland, by the threatened use of United States bayonets, through Commissioner Blount, of Georgia, proposed to restore her to authority, that she became an object of real importance to the Hawaiian people The indignant protests of the American people, however, put an end to this unpopular and un-American policy, and the Hawaiians were permitted to carve their own way through the difficulties by which they were surrounded.

There was a powerful secret influence however, which made the ex-queen an object of concern to the new government. Her residence became the rendezvous of traitors and spies, who claimed to have powerful influence in Washington. The recent aftempted revolution was the culmination of their work, ending fortunately for the government in the exposure of the real designs of the queen and her followers, and affording the government the cause upon which to proceed summari-

ly against them. Now that she is abandoned and powerless the queen has taken the oath of allegiance to the government; giving up all of her claims to authority, and appeals for elemency for her followers. After this we will hear but little more of Queen Lil.

Mrs. Dominis has permanently retired from the business of queening. When it comes to money all the trusts

are "sugar" trusts. The whisky trust seems to have taken

The gloom that has been cast over the country by gold monometallism is not conined to the poorer classes. Some of the millionaires are beginning to lie down in

John Bull is getting the biggest profit out of the single gold standard-cheap wheat, cheap cotton and cheap bonds. Hooray and hooray for the British gold

A free silver congressmen from New Hampshire! What next?

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Howell Osborne, the young man who burned his life away at the shrine of Fay Templeton, is dead, but the well-rounded Fay still lives.

A republican convention in session in Coimbia, for the reformation of the republican party of South Carolina, has but twenwhite delegates in its membership. Evi-ntly the age of reform has not yet been

The receivers of the American Water Company, of Omaha, claim thousands of dollars' worth of its pipes are rendered worthless by electricity from the motor companies lines. Their atsay they are considering bringing suit against the railway companies. The street car company has laid parallel mains and wires in some the hungry electricity from the water rains. It would appear the water company did not view these as wholly effective.

A Minnesota judge has just ruled that a husband is responsible for slanders ut-tered by his wife. Would the gentle Susan B. Anthony regard this as a victory for her

An old soldier in the north of England, who is said to be heir to \$350,000, has applied for outdoor parish relief pending the determination of his claim.

Congressman Long, who defeated Jerry Simpson, is a young man and unmarried Learning that the capital is full of fast fe-males ready to play havoc with susceptible men, he has resolved to get married before he goes there, in order to be doubly forti-

Although the mortality from diphtheria Although the mortanty from unputerial in Havana is not large, being in the neighborhood of 110 per alinum, measures were promptly taken by the physicians and bacteriologists of that city to provide for a home supply of anti-toxine serum, and two horses were inoculated for the first lime becoming lifth. Two or three more will be December 15th. Two or three more will be made immune, and it is the intention of those engaged in this work to produce enough of the remedy to supply the whole island. It appears that some difficulty was experienced at first on account of the prev alence in Havana of an epiden ders. The horses selected, however, were carefully subjected to the mallein test and were proved to be free from this disease. dallein is a preparation of the harmful product of the bacillus of glanders, just as tuberculin, which is used in testing cat-tle for tuberculosis, is a preperation of the toxic product of the tubercle bacillus, and these two diagnostic agents are used in the same way. It may not be generally know that for two or three years past mallel has been produced and supplied to those who needed it by the agricultural depart

A Word for the Fair.

From The Chicago Tribune.
The forthcoming Cotton States and International exposition at Atlanta will have ome strong attractions in the way of popular amusements. Hagenbeck's wild ani-mal arena has a concession and Buffalo Bill's Wild West show is negotiating for a place within the grounds. A concession has also been let to some theatrical managers for a vaudeville theater which

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Might as Well! Might's well sing a song of hope as growl about the weather; In the light or in the night, go singin'

all together! When it's windy, fly your kites; when the Roast you brown, don't rear aroun', but

go to killin' skeeters! Singin' on the way Makes winter sweet as May; An' you might as well be happy 'Till the jedgment day!

Might's well whistle as you go as grow because you're goin'; If you strike a thorn or so, maybe it's your sowin'! Thorns wuz fer a purpose made-hard to

live without 'em;
If you look, you'll always find roses all

Makes the winter sweet as May; An' you might as well be happy 'Till the jedgment day!

Standing by the Old Man. "Yes," said the woman candidate for congress, "they may say what they like about me, but they shan't cast any slurs on my poor husband, for he's the best nurse in the country and he never burnt

biscuit in his life! A Cold Weather Lyric. Queerest kind o' weather In the sunny south; Draw your rubber boots on-

Wrap up to your mouth! Talk about yer blizzards-Ain't we up to date? Molly's at the picnic, Johnny's gone to skate! to date?

'Possum's on the griddle-

'Tater banks in snow; Jimmy git yer fiddle-Dance before you go! Eugene Field, with a party of friend s making a tour of the south. It is proba ble that he will extend his visit to Atlanta exposition, accompanied by

Song of the Western Settlers

Let us all be up and doing— Cease to live from hand to mouth; When the blizzard is pursuing, Make like thunder for the south!

We sympathize with New York in her coldest day." One bite of blizzard

News from Headquarters "Do you believe in woman's suffrage

I don't know. My wife hasn't expressed an opinion yet.' The cold flag over the signal service

office is having a hard time of it. It can hardly wave for the icicles. A Considerate Judge. "Have you anything to say?" asked the rural justice of the prisoner who stole

the horse. "Nuthin', yer honor." "Well, I won't lecture you this time. Actions speak louder thand words, so I'll jest hang you and be done with it!"

Several vessels carrying passengers have been lost on the great lakes recently, but the dispatches indicate that all the crews were saved.

The More's the Pity! Congress has a daily "scrap," In weather foul or fair; But not a scrap of comfort

For the country in despair. way to the cotton, we will now proceed plant more cotton than ever

The Very Place for Him. "Don't know what to do with that feller don't know how to work, an' can't do any-

"Too bad. If he was only old enough you could send him to congress!" SOMETHING ABOUT MEN.

Master Vivian Hodgson Burnet, the orignal Little Lord Fauntleroy, is now sixtee and a football player.

Mr. Gladstone has become a subscriber to the fund for providing a memorial to 'Llewelyn, the last price of Wales." John B. Tabb, the poet, is a Catholic priest living in Amelia county, Virginia, but holding a professorship in St. Charles Col-

lege, Maryland. Dr. Talmage is sixty-three years of age and feels good enough for another quart of a century, and this is because he lives sensibly and indulges in no silly excitement. In honor of the seventieth birthday of the art critic, Ludwig Pietsch, a banquet was given in Berlin on January 6th was attended by 500 artists, men of letters and others.

It is claimed that a ground for fresco work which will make it durable has been dis covered by Mrs. Lea Merritt, who has re cently decorated a church at Blackheath

The "father of the house of commons, Charles Pelham Villiers, recently cele-brated the ninety-third anniversary of his birth. He has represented Wolverhampton in parliament since 1835.

Three women members of the Colorado legislature—Mrs. Carrie Clyde Holly, Mrs. Francis Klock and Mrs. Clara Cressing. ham-are considerably above the average of intelligence in the legislature.

THE MESSAGE IN GEORGIA.

Butler Herald: We regret exceedingly that a president elected by the democrat that a present elected by the deficient appears has seen proper to repudiate the platform and pleages of his party and endeavor to fasten upon the country a policy which goes further in the direction of the republican party than that party ever dared to recommend. The country has learned by sad experience not to expect much on the present congress; but we do hope that that body has not become so indifferent to the welfare of the country as to carry ou this last recommendation of the president The remedy for the evils which now afflic the country can, even at this late day, be applied and the country cace more placed on the highway of plenty and prosperity Let the president and congress carry out the platform of the party by opening the mints to silver just as they are open to gold and repeal the 10 per cent tax on gold and repeal the 10 per cent tax on the issue of state banks and all will yet be well. The gloom and depression which overhang the country would vanish as if by magic. The hum of spindles, the music of the anvil and the smoke of the furnace would again be heard and seen, and mil-lions of saddened hearts would be made glad by the blessed change.

LaGrange Graphic: A more iniquitou scheme was never devised than that em-bodied in Cleveland's last message. Verily he wants the iniquities of the fathers vis-ticd upon the children of the third and fourth generation. Five hundred million dollars of bonds all redeemable in gold He throws off the mask of bimetallism with which he has been masquerading and comes out a goldbug, pure and simple. The cuckoo papers have all swallowed it, however, and are engaged in praising this crowning atrocity as the yery acme of statesmanship. statesmanship.

Macon News: In giving a solemn promise not to interfere with the president and secretary of the treasury in their effort to adjust the financial policy of the country, we desire to go on record with the prediction that silver will inevitably be restored to its proper place as a money metal. The almost universal sentiment of a free people must, sooner or later, establish laws under which they shall live, and inevitably, the

reasoning of the few must succumb to the will of the many.

Covington Star: We believe that Cleveland now feels and realizes that he has been terribly whipped by congress, as well as by the great American people, on his financial policy, and has practically acknowledged his defeat by sending in his special message to congress on Monday, though visionary and wild as that financial scheme appears to be.

Albany Herald: Oh, for a president and congress with the patriotam, courage and loyalty to country and people to rise at this crists in the financial history of the government and say, "Europe be blowed we are here to do for our own country and

THE GOLD BOND BUSINESS.

Sparta Ishmaelite: The Savannah News dreadfully alarmed at the alleged "peri hat threaten the credit of the nation It is so very much afraid that the govern ment will be forced to pay the holders of its "coin" obligations in the same kind of coin in which The News pays its printers, and in which it accepts payment for subscriptions and advertisements, that it would die, if it were not for the fear it actually has of going to the devil after death. So earnest is it that the Ickelhein ers and Heldelbachs and Doodenhelfers an all the rest of the God-forsaken shylocks shall receive gold, and gold only, for every government obligation held by them, that it importunes even wicked Dave Hill, of New York, to fly to the rescue. It pats him on the back. It hints to him that he may just count on succeeding the hero of Demi-john island in the white house, if he will only fly to the rescue of the "imperiled honor of the nation." poor folks down in Georgia, but the lost goats of the house of Israel, doing a bank iness in the United States, for "the honor of the nation," be paid onlin gold. If The News were a sample of the temper and spirit of Georgia demoracy. It would not be deserving even of decent burial.

Butler Herald: If the people submitte to such a policy it would not be long until they become the serfs of the millionaires trust and syndicates, just as to the condiion of the laboring classes in Europe. And what would the people gain by submission Absolutely nothing. The gold raids on the treasury would not only continue, but more gold would be exported than ever before. The 25,000 persons who own more wealth than the balance of our 70,000,000 of people of the people would lose it. Worse still, it such a policy shall be permanently fastened upon the country the people would as cer-tainly lose the substance of free government as that night follows day,

Americus Times-Recorder: The horrowin of gold from England means lower prices for cotton and wheat. If you don't believe t, watch the result.

IN GEORGIA SANCTUMS. With the current issue Messrs, Carter

With the current issue Messrs. Carter & Hansell begin the publication of The Spring Place Jimplecute jointly. The editors say in their announcement:
"We shall have no favorites nor enemies; the political sentiments of the paper remain unswervingly democratic; the unblemished truth is going to come, and you shall have all the news of Murray county every week of the year. If any galoot comes here to whip the editor he will always find that we have just stepped out." an Important Whitecap Trial Is t

The Clarkesville Advertiser gives this The Clarkesvine Advertiser gives good account of Habersham county: "Habersham's a county right; Her farmers always plottin'; On: good thing we say for them— They've got no five-cent cotton."

The LaGrange Graphic has this para

"Suppose some mean man had turned mouse loose in the womans' suffrage convention when they assembled in the capital. What a scene there would have been

Hard times, says The Albany Herald

paper soon to be published in Covington The Albany News has found out that Miss Ellen Beach Yaw is really a Savan-nahian and comes of a well-known and highly respected family of Liberty county, numbering among its members some prominent educators.

The Sparta Ishmaelite predicts that the will be another tremendous cotton crop next year unless the Lord wills it otherwise. And The Ishmaelite intimates that it will take active interference on His part to prevent it.

RURAL LIFE IN GEORGIA.

Cave Spring Herald: Mr. Simpson says he asked a young lady of Cave Spring if she had ever read through her Bible. She re-plied no, but she had read "Rube Burrows Stepping Heavenward." He says he has een under the impression that Rube wen the opposite course at railroad speed. He is glad, for Rube's sake, to stand corrected Clarkesville Advertiser: We understand some of the young people contemplating marriage have been waiting for the holiday to pass to make the price of furniture

cheaper. minded and some have no mind of their own. Our girl has only got part of a mind, for she gave us a piece of it the other day. Spring Place Jimplecute: Jim Oulnn, of Dalton, shot the top of his wife's head off Wednesday night with a shotgun, and she

died instantly. Jonesboro News: A bailiff in Cochran w out a few days since and levied on a 'possum to satisfy a ten-dollar note.

GEORGIA PRESS PERSONALS

Sylvania Telephone: Judge H. D. D. Twiggs will always have a warm place in the hearts of the democrats of Screven. He came to give them legal help in the main-tenance of their political rights and did them splendid service.

Morganton News: Should Hon, Carter Tate refuse to enter the race for re-election to congress, Fannin will send a delegation instructed for Hon. E. W. Watkins Gilmer. The doctor is one of the brain est men in the ninth dstrct. Savannah Press: Hon. H. H. Carlton and G. H. Yancey have returned from Massachusetts, where they held council with the

millmen who are ripping up their turbines and getting ready to come south. Athens is already a manufacturing town, and is determined to be in the death of some of the New England factories. Dr. Hawthorne, in his sermon in ta last Sunday, took occasion to give Col onel Bob Ingersoll a raking over the coals. It would be interesting reading if a controversy should spring up between Dr. Haw-thorne and Colonel Bob. And such a thing

may be, as the former propounds some very CLEVELAND AND CONGRESS.

Covington Star: The Star firmly believes Covington Star: The Star firmly believes that the course pursued by President Cleveland at the beginning of his present aoministration upon the financial question, was unwise and impolitic, and was the immediate and direct cause of all the divisions that have occurred among the democrate members of congress, and the consequent failure of that body to carry cut the piedges and doctrines of the Chicago platform, as construed and understood by the

LaGrange Graphic: The southern con Lagrange Graphic: The southern congressmen are worthy representatives of a great people. They have remained true to the interest of their section, with a few exceptions, despite the efforts of the country, despite the temptation of green pastures

form, as construed and understood by the people when they placed the present admin-

of federal patronage spread temptingly beespite the sneers and abuse of a fawning ress. History never afforded a grander ight than the changeless loyalty of these len to the great principles for which they rea fighting.

are fighting. Cuthbert Liberal: President sent an emergency message to congres sent an emergency message to congress Monday, asking them to authorize another issue of gold bonds. But we have conf-dence enough in congress to believe they will do nothing of the sort. If Mr. Cleve-land wants bonds he will probably have

to do as he has done in the past—issu them without the sanction of congress. Sparta Ishmaelite: The people look to their representatives in congress to save them from the dire consequences of Presi-dent Cleveland's bond mania. He is a bond maniac-or worse. Even the republ cans in congress are disgusted with Cleve land's servility to the democrats.

MRS. GRANT IN ATLANTA.

Gainesville Eagle: It was a touchin scene, indeed, when the gray-haired veter ans who had followed beneath the stars and bars marched into the parlors of the Aragon hotel, where Mrs. Grant received Republic, to exchange compliments with the widow of the greatest and most gallan soldier of the army of the north. eral Evans and Mrs. General J. R. stood beside the distinguished lady she stood and was introduced to the veter ans one by one, as they came up to shak hands with her. Jackson Herald: Mrs. U. S. Grant, wif

of ex-President Grant, has received a roy-al welcome by the people of Atlanta, and was honored almost as much as if she were the wife of President Cleveland.

FOUND IN THE FURROWS.

Augusta Chronicle: Our congress may b amenable to censure and our president not have the best ideas of how the mo tary pressure may be relieved. But if our farmers will move on the line of producing their own food, and practicing the strictest economy, they will better their condition in spite of congress and president. Let them proceed to give the matter a trial.

depot. I don't think I stopped running until I was a mile in the woods. As soon as I recovered I went back and waked the only two citizens of the place and we wen Albany Herald: The farmers of southwes leorgia who have adopted the hog an ominy schedule, will not be bothered muc by anything that congress does or do. The fact of the whole business to the depot. Of course, the robber farmers who are out of debt and hav something ahead, even though it be but lit that is lost to the business interests of Attle, are about the only really independent people in this part of the country. And may their numbers increase! lanta by the that pass the street

Griffin Call: Southern farmers may well make up their minds that if the outpu of cotton this year is not materially redu ed, they must prepare to get 3 cents pe

THREE YEARS IN THE PEN.

Be Followed by Another Today. In the United States district court yes terday morning George W. Terry was con-picted of whitecapping and sentenced to three years in the Ohio penitentiary. J. W. Redd, who was sworn for the de endant, testified on the cross-examination hat several other parties were on hand. The fitness charged was that of whipping Tom

McIntyre in Murray county.

Among the parties named by Redd are John Hulsey, Dave Butler, John Quarles, Jr., Huse Nelson and Seth Harper. He admitted that he did the whipping himself.

John Arnold, who was jointly indicted with Terry, was discharged on account of adders in the hill. a defect in the bill. After the bill of indict-ment was drawn Arnoid's name was in-serted by the grand jury in only one place, and this caused the legal difficulty in the

way of his prosecution A number of alleged whitecappers will A humber of alloced winterappers as be put on trial this morning, charged wit the whipping of Robert Hocker. Amon these are Green Treadwell, an ex-state sen ator: Frank Kilgore, a justice of the peace and Dr. Sam Brown, a prominent, physician of Murray county.

The others indicted are: J. G. Gryder, Sil-

vestus Gilgore, Robert Weaver, I Lasster, Marion Bishop and Alfred aker. These men, it is charged, cruelly beat Hooker for testifying again at Dalton, Ga. Gilgore ran a blockade dis tillery in Murray. Among the attorneys interested in the

case are Maddox & Starr. Jones & Martin, Glenn & Maddox, Tom Greer, Oscar Par-ker and J. E. Robinson. HAD A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Ton of Earth Fell Yesterday at Broad Street Bridge.

One of the workmen engaged in removing the loose earth from the bank by the side the old fire headquarters had a narrow scape yesterday.

This particular workman was engaged in in my own family," remarked ex-State Senator T. E. Mas. One of the workmen engaged in removing the loose earth from the bank by the side of the old fire headquarters had a narrow

scape yesterday.

This particular workman was engaged in digging under a lot of dirt that appeared to be about to fall at any moment. He would strike underneath it with his pick and then jump back. It was not long before he had excavated a great deal of dirt In the meantime quite a crowd gathered along on the bridge and advised him to keep out of the way of the falling dirt. He secured a nandspike and climbed upon one side of it and gave it a slight shove Instantaneously a mass of earth not less than a ton or more fell and dashed against the nearby freight cars. The negro could not have possibly saved himself if he had been at the bottom when it gave way. The fall of the dirt left the wall of the building in a condition more serious than before and people passing along looked for if to fail every moment.

DEATH OF MRS. JEFFERSON.

car was crowded with people who had sought refuge from the rain tnat poured down in torrents. Some were shoppers who had been down town all the forencon buying the hundreds of little things that women fird to n Aged Christian Lady Dies at Her Home Early Yesterday Morning.

An aged Christian lady

At her home, 419 West Peters street, Mrs. Caroline Jefferson, a lady universally be-at 6 o'clock yestreday morning. loved by all who knew her in this city, died Mrs. Jefferson was in the seventy-fourth year of her age at the time of her death. She had been declining for several months, and those about her realized that she would soon be taken from them. In her last bours Mrs. Jefferson was sustained by an abiding faith in the word of God, and her death was a triumphed entrance into the ever-blooming gardens of the heavenly land.

Though a native of Charlotte, N. C., Mrs. Jefferson spent the greater part of her life in Virginia. She came to Atlanta about five years ago and has since resided in this city. She leaves two sons and one daugh-ter, all of them grown. The loss of her husband about two years ago was a great shock to her, and she never fully regained

her heaten. The funeral will occur from her late residence this morning at 10 o'clock. The interment will be at Westview cemetery. A CONTRACT AWARDED For Pipe Hauling and for Sprinkling

reached.

Then it was the obliging conductor rang down the motorman and went in to notify the lady that she was at the street she called for in the outset. The passengers were all talking and did not notice what was going on until they heard a scream from one of the women as the car started off again. the Streets. The regular monthly meeting of the

off again.

"Oh, you've got the wrong baby!" she cried aloud in much embarrassment as she looked out and saw the conductor just lifting to the ground the little infant he The regular monthly meeting of the board of water commissioners occurred yesterday morning and several matters of interest were disposed of.

The matter of transferring the old pipe from the old pumping station to where it is to be laid, was taken up. The contract for the hauling of the pipe was awarded to the Golden Transfer Company. This pipe will be laid along North avenue from Marietta street to the Boulevard.

At yesterday's meeting the United Tramway Sprinkling Company was granted the right to sprinkle the streets. This company sprinkles the streets by means of cars run by motors, and attends to all streets upon which there are electric lines. lifting to the ground the little infant he thought belonged to the woman who was to get off there.

The car was stopped instantly and the correction made amid the laughter of all the passengers. The baby seemed to catch on and hugged its mother about the neck crying as though its heart would break when it was placed back on the right knee. A wise child that knows its own mother would never compare with a wise conductor that knew a child's mother when there were two or more such children sitting on a bench together.

TALK OF THE TOWN.

orsaken region of this mortal vineyard.

was not well settled and I had a rather

knesome time of it out there. I never knes

the next and train wrecking was a frequen

"One night I was sitting in the little de

pot by the lonely railroad track keeping track of the trains over the wires when

omething happened that I will not forge

till I die. There was in the depot a coffir

till I die. There was in the depot a communication that had been brought there on the midnight train, strange to say, unattended by any one. It was addressed to some party in the neighborhood who, according to my presumption, had been detained by swollen streams from coming to the station after it that night, so I had the ghastly casket placed in the depot to await the-man who called for it. It was a rainy night, and as there was but one room to the depot I had the corpse for a companion that night and

the corpse for a companion that night and had about made up my mind to make the

best of the situation till morning. It was about 3 o'clock and I was clicking away with my telegraph key when I heard a noise

a shudder I was crazed with fright to see

pop his head up with a pistol in his hand and start towards me.
"What did I do? Why, I broke through the back door and left the day.

the back door and left the fellow in the

taken all the money f had and fled."

crossings?" asked

Mr. Percy Adams

yesterday while

by

Whitehall street

"Well, sir, it would

are muddy and wet.

beside a

standing

shifting

crossing.

"Did you ever stop to calculate the tim

freight train some-thing like a mile in length, it seemed, shifting by the

amaze you. Take, for instance, right here. There are now more

than fifty people on each side of this train

who have been waiting here for just three

minutes by the watch. They are taught pa-

tience in a better school than Job, waiting

for this train to get out of the way, for here

"Three minutes seem a little thing, but say a fellow loses that much time two or three times a day and you have the propo-

sition. Remember, while one man is losing that much time a hundred others are losing

it, too, and that is taking a good deal of time away from the business interests of

the city.
"Suppose a fellow was a few minutes late and wanted to catch a train which he saw

mean something more to him than you or

I can fancy. Well, he has to stand on this side of a freight train and see the train he wants to make flying out of the city within reach, and yet he does not

"I think we ought not to hurry through

life too fast and all that sort of a thing, but at the same time, my dear fellow, just think of the serious side of this business."

"Now, I have you to understand that I

taches itself to owis and so forth, but seeing a story in The Constitution the other day about

"Му

other day about a

do not believe in the superstition that at-

sengale yesterday.

dences happen in this world some tir

that women find to buy each day of the 365 of the year. Oth.

ry regions of the city to see about their

ing out to the facto-

A right funny thing occurred on a Ma.

rietta street electric car yesterday. The

work and business interests and a vast

number were factory women and children

One of the ladies who had been shopping

when she boarded the car thoughtfully told the conductor where she wanted to get off and the car rattled on until the street was

The same

passing out of the city. He have vital interests som and catching that train

it is pouring down rain and the sidewalks

the

250

in the direction of the coffin. Turning w

COMING SATURDAY "Talk about being scared to death-why One Handred Lumbermen from Biebie in the railroad business on the frontier as I had to do when I

was quite a boy." The speaker was man beyond the bor der lines of middle THEIR ANNUAL WINTER EXCURREN age with iron gray ged face which show-ed by its lines that he had seen the service of a hard life in some

Atlanta Saturday morning from the box "When I was a young man," he resumed, regions of Lake Michigan. "I was depot agent for a road that ran They are members of the Michigan Rus out into the wilds of Texas. The country any minute that I would not be attacked Detroit.

The members are leading lumb that section of country, consisting bon sawmili owners and managers owners of lumber lands.

Every year the Michigan Lan Association holds a convention in on a the largest cities of that state, after when they go on an excursion to some souther This year the objective point is San

days here. They will be met by promlumbermen of this city who will show be
the courtesies and attentions calculated
make their stay a pleasant one.

The directors of the Cotton State m
International exposition have invited a
visitors to take a trip to the ground a
view the work that is going on there
to catch the inspiration of thrift and
dustry that is marked so plainly then
the name of this section of America.
lumbermen of America will have do se days here. They will be met by p bermen of America will have du sideration in the displays that are to made at the Cotton States and Inte al exposition, and they will play considerable part in the work of mal reat fair what it gives such pro

section have taken a great interest is a exposition for they realize that no in-trial interests of America can derive genuine benefit from this enterprise to

pleasant to the Michigan lumberman visit the exposition grounds and see we is going to be done for the timber at lumber interests of this country time

southern Georgia and down into forms a pleasure jaunt.

The party will arrive in Atlanta Sabamorning early by way of the Westen at Atlanta railroad from Chattanoon, a will be met bright and early by promis lumbermen of this city. It is probable the local men of the trade will show the city that day.

From here they will go to Savamah a will spend a day or two there, viewing is

little run down through soutawat gia and into Florida on a pleasure in This is one of the regular annual ensions of the lumbermen. They are for most part managers of lumber mills in regions around the lakes, but among a are owners and proprietors of some it most extensive mills in that section it country—men who may be in sease of the country. If so, it may evolve at the country if so, it may evolve at

field for their capital down in the country. If so, it may evolve at this trip that some right handsome imments will come to Georgia.

The party will travel in special can be the Western and Atlantic railroad for Vestern and Atlantic rail

It is said that the lumbers

show up a better field for the lumb than can Georgia. The lumber all all that belt of southern and Georgia, known as the "wire small Georgia, known as the "wire grad"
"piny woods" country is an interstudy to the lumber manufacturer at a

grandfather was a judge in the region of old Wrightsof Michigan who saffer such sometimes in dead of winter by the hand incessant snows will find it partially interesting to make a tour of the dead of the saffer such a saffer such a saffer such as the saf boro, Ga., and one night while he was riding along going to one of the courts over which he presided an owl flew down fro the trees in a dense thicket and perched upon his shoulder for an instant and then darted off. I suppose the bird chanced to hit him on the shoulder accidentally and all that, but in this instance the old su-perstition came true, for my grandfather did not live but a few weeks after that in-

cident.
"Now, I don't believe in any such stuff as these superstitions, and simply tell this as an illustration of what strange coinci-

Mr. W. O. Jones Thinks He Has a Good Turnout.

Mr. W. O. Jones yesterday issued a ber of cards bearing the announce which appears below:

On Monday, February 4th, a mas the his name as John McCline came is stables and hired a horse and busy of day's trip to the country; as he has returned, I suppose he has stolen him. Incree was about fifteen hands high a black with brand on hip; ten or the years old; long mane and tail; bucked in the knees; he is also a fair ing horse under the saddle. He was cracked on the shafts and singing horse under the buggy had previse been painted red. The harness wan and showed signs of numerous regain. The man was about five feet eight high; about fifty-five years old, with growth of beard on his face, which is ning gray; plainly dressed, and was about 140 or 150 pounds. He is erident. Twenty-five dollars will be paid to be a sign of the paid to be paid to be a sign of the paid to be paid to be

ed a Supersedens for Yesterday morning Attorney W. T. ers presented a bill of exceptions to Clark's decision on his motion for new and Judge Clark signed it; at the time Judge Clark signed a supersection of the way of the Myers case.

This means that the case has been upon the country where it will be the superperson of the way of the superperson of the s

tion for new trial and the amendment the charge of Judge Clark and his de denying a new trial are all comprise. It seems to have been accepted officers of the court that Myers was be hung on tomorrow, the day on he was sentenced to hang, and is quence there has been no scaffold. Attorney Moyers is confident that secure a new trial and that his class eventually come free. He has some vits to present to the supreme contion for new trial and the am

It Is Best to Wait. From The Chicago Tribune.
In the case of a reported Chinesit is always best to wait for

en Route to Atlanta.

Will Visit the Exposition Grounds and the City-They Will Then Go to Savannah and South There will be one hundred by

Lumbermen's Association, which has be

nah. The lumbermen will come first to Detroit to Atlanta and will spend some

that which they represent.

It will, no doubt prove interesting

year from now.

There will be about one hundred mean of the Michigan State Lumberment is ciation on the trip, and they will suggisted an extensive trip through the scale going through all the timber country southern Georgia and down into Florida.

From here they will go to savama will spend a day or two there, viewing beauties of the Sylvan City at the month the beautiful Savannah. Then they is turn their faces still southward and the little run down through southward egia and into Florida on a pleasure the

the Western and Atlantic railroad will be escorted by courteous representatives of the railroads over which the

Michigan association formerly made to trips to New Orleans and down the mi-of the Mississippi river, but that and timber lands of Georgia have been as developed they have been coming to of the Mississippi river, but with timber lands of Georgia have been significantly developed they have been coming a state every year. It is known that of the northern lumbermen have but turned their attention to the timber also fourth Georgia and that this section specially favored in its splendid that the section of t specially favored in its splendid is growth, has reaped much benefit fur-hands of the honest investor.

For reasons such as these the

the northern lumber manufacture dealer is turning his attention south more and more as the years come and

HORSE AND BUGGY MISSIS. Mr. W. O. Jones Thinks He Has le

German.
Twenty-five dollars will be paid for be arrest and detention until I can be arrest.

Yesterday Morning Judge Clark

to the supreme court, where it of fought over again. In the bill of the brief of evidence in the case,

s city and interest in that no in

here, viewing y at the mout Then they hward and in

pleasure tribar ar annual or They are for mber mills in but among 8 s of some of at section or in this customay evolve anadsome tribandsome tribandsom

MISSING

s He Has

th, a man since came to and bugsy has be has so stolen him. I hands high, by ten or the hard previous repairs feet eight had previous repairs feet eight had be sold, with he is evidently be and with the sevidently and be sold for the sevidently and be sevidently as the sevidently as the sevidently and be sevidently as the sevidently a

DED YET.

for Myers.
coptions to Jotton for new it; at the a supersades

se has been to here it will bill of except the case, the amendments it comprised accepted by Myers would he day on will compress the scaffold dent that he has some a season of the court.

Much Sensational Testimony the Delectives' Trial Yesterday

SOLICITOR THOMAS TESTIFIES

His Statement Direct, Earnest and to the Point

Paid Bill Brown \$25 a Week to Give the Detectives.

of the Police Board's Investigation. The Officers Look Cheerful.

The police board's sensation mill had

long run yesterday.

W. H. Faith told under oath the story that first started the bribery charges against the detectives—that he paid Bill frown \$25 a week to pay to the detectives place that he was running.

G. W. Hall and two other witnesses fied that Looney protected the blind tiger and crap room at the National hotel and warned Hall of raids. This was cheap whisky and cigars were all that Loones

The city closed in the afternoon, and So-

before the board and the large audience.

pocket and brought out figures.

purnment was reached, and will resume it

The crowd in the chamber was larger than it has been at any time since the trial began. It was quite as large as during

week. Many witnesses were summoned yes-terday afternoon, and the prospect is that much testimony will yet be introduced. The trial will be resumed at 9 o'clock this

SOLICITOR THOMAS TESTIFIES.

The Prosecution Closed and a Spicy In the trial of Detectives Wright, Looney and Cason yesterday afternoon the prose-

tion closed its evidence. The defense opened. It played its high Lewis Thomas, solicitor of the city court. For nearly three hours the solicitor was on the stand. His statement was like Tenson's brook, but it was clear, forceful, mpressive and convincing. It was beyond dispute the most interesting as well as the most sensational feature during the nvestigation. He championed the cause of the detectives, and the effect of his

atements was plainly discernable on all nterested in the case. The detectives straightened up from the hairs and their faces wore a look of pride and triumph. Colonel Glenn smiled and smiled. When the solicitor had finished his statement he was put through a vere cross-examination by Mr. Tinney ere decidedly pointed. He sliced up Mr. Thomas's testimony and his persistent equiries on certain embarrassing questions

ppeared to fret the solicitor no little.

tions you put to me, and answer them in full. You know, Tinney, that you've got here a foeman that's worthy of your steel."

to the city court.

He dipped into a sensation in reference

"The city government was opposed to making war on these women," he said, "and the grand jury had never made a case. I considered it a gross wrong, and the city the city court was the only place in which they could be dealt with under the exist-

Quite a sensation was caused by the statement of the solicitor to the effect that Captain George B. Forbes, whose testi-mony had reflected upon him, was drunk and not responsible for what he said. A

During the first of the afternoon testimony very damaging to the detectives was brought out. Mr. B. M. Blackburn, editor of The Commercial, gave his reasons for the attacks of his paper upon the detectives. He charged incompetency and neglect of duty in various ways.

What Dr. Smith Said.

What Dr. Smith Said.

Dr. W. A. Smith was the first witness called for the prosecution when the commissioners convened at 2:30 o'clock. His testimony was the same introduced during

the Baker investigation. He stated that about the 1st of October last Looney came to him and told him one day while he was at the courthouse that there was an accu-sation against him in the city court for cambling.

"I knew," he continued, "that I had not been guilty in two years of that offense, and I demanded to see the indictment. He said he did not have it, but he thought Solicitor Thomas had it in his pocket. A week later Deputy Sheriff Greene came to me with a warrant in the superior court. I demanded a preliminary hearing. Then the detectives tried to get me to postpone "Finally, I got a bill against myself in

the superior court. After I had put it in the superior court Looney came to me and tried to get me to take it back to the sworn against him in the city court, which, during the Baker trial, was charged with being mutilated. The witness stated that his name had been added to the paper after the accusation had been sworn to by the detectives. He also stated that Looney's name had been erased and the name of Cason substituted

Cason substituted. The witness stated that he was not mad with Looney, but did not think that it was right for him to tell a sie, as he did when said there was an accusation against him when there really was not.

Walter Taylor as a Scout. Mr. Walter Taylor, the newspaper man, took the stand and gave a jocular account of the scouting work he did while connected with The Herald in detecting one night a gambling dive in the Healy building on Marietta street. He stated that he had been in the newspaper business about ten years. in the newspaper business about ten years.

In those days he had frequently seen gamblers about police headquarters talking and hobnobing with the detectives.

It came to the notice of The Herald that game was going on in the Healy building, and he was detailed to detect and write to up. It was a dark night, and pretty risky business, scaling fire escapes, but he got up on the roof, and the sound of chips that pass in the night was wafted to his attentive ear. He wrote up a lurid story and gave the snap dead away. Two days af-

terwards the place was pulled.
"Don't you know," asked Mr. Rucker,
"that there was nothing but furniture
there when the detectives came?" "Oh, I heard that two or three men had epped over to Folsom's for cigars."

Editor Blackburn's Position. Editor Blackburn gave an exhaustive account of the war waged by The Commercial against the detective department and especially against Wright, Looney and Cason. His first article was published in February, 1894, and charged "high-handedness" Since that time he had waged vigorous warfare against them. He did it because he felt it to be a public duty. He scarcely knew the tectives personally. The individual was nothing to him. A public trust had been imposed upon them, and unless they carried that out conscientiously they should

be discharged.

Mr. Blackburn named various instances where he thought the detectives derelict. They had failed to do anything in the Liley murder case. He recalled that they had not been instrumental in the capture of Myers, and they had failed signally in a dynamite case in he understood that a reward of \$1,000 had been offered. All these things and many more led him to think that the dewere incompetent and untrust-He stated that he had no feeling against the police department, and he drew distinction betweent this and the detect

e department.
"I was laboring under the hallucination," explained, "that a detective should be a shrewd man. I might have been wrong,

shrewd man. I might have been wrong, but it appeared to me that all of these mysteries should have been cleared up."

The editor told of the only instance he knew in which there was any ground for personal ill feeling between him and the detectives. He related a visit to nim of the Liley boys after a publication in his paper charging that one of them had been guilty of murdering Mrs. Liley. This publication was based upon a theory which he had positive information the detectives were working on, but in spite of that, he declared, ing on, but in spite of that, he declared Captain Wright came out in the next morn Captain Wright came out in the next morn-ing's paper denying that he had ever con-sidered that theory. Mr. Blackburn said he had proof that the detectives had worked on the theory. He was warmly questioned by the commissioners.

Blanche Hill Tells of the Cheek In reference to the charge that Looney and Cason had demanded and received money from Pafford, the medical student, Blanche Hill, at whose house the money

vore a heavy black veil which hid her face and muffled her voice somewhat.
"I gave a check to Captain Moss," she said, "as collateral for the girl who stole money It was for \$40. who made out another one for the same

"So that he could get the money I sup-

"Did you ever get this check back?"
"Yes, I got it back. It was endorsed by

Mr. John Clay Smith was the attorney

commodate me. I thought he was doing me a good turn."

Captain Forbes's Damaging Evidence At one time when the attorney chopped off a reply from the witness, he leaned forward over the desk and shot his foreanger out suddenly;

"I've got a right to answer these questions are suddenly;"

"The got a right to answer these questions are suddenly;"

"The got a right to answer these questions are suddenly;"

"The got a right to answer these questions are suddenly;"

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The witness did not respond. He hesi-tated some time and seemed to be drilling

"Two or three months later on there came another bill for \$25. I protested again and said that no such bill should be paid out of the treasury. This wen

manner connected with it."
Solicitor Thomas, who was seated just in front, got up quickly from his chair. "I want that brought out. I want him to tel it all, and I demand that it be brought

out," he exclaimed excitedly,
"Let it come. Let it come," interposed
Chairman English. "We want it all."

Where the Money Went. "Well," continued Captain Forbes, "I don't think I can be mistaken. These identical five cases were brought up be-fore the grand jury and indictments were secured. They were canceled in Judge Clark's court, as Solicitor Hill got up and said that they had been recently fined in the city court. That these bills were nol prossed by motion of Solicitor Hill I know to be a fact, for I was connected with both courts at the time. Now, Solici Thomas said that this money was to given to Chief Connolly to give the

tives to make the cases against the

Mr. Glenn asked if it was not so that the first amount paid out was money that Chiel Connolly had used to pay city expenses. "I must say that I thought that it was legitimate," answered the witness. "Who was present at the time?"
"Mr. Mike Blount and others."

Captain Forbes referred to another case made against women, out he was positive that the \$25 transaction occurred in the time of Solicitor Thomas.

Frank Dewey was recalled and testified that he referred to the Aragon register and found that the Armstrong brothers registered in Atlanta March 24, 1894. It was C. A. Amstrong, from New York, who was

A. Amstrong, from New York, who was robbed and whom the detectives demanded and obtained money from.

Faith Says He Was Prosecuted.

W. H. Faith gave an account of the manner in which he received immunity from the raids of the detectives.

"I used to run a gambling place," he said. "It was in the latter part of '93 and I used to give Bill Brown \$25 a week to give to the detectives to keep them off. "As long as Brown had anything to do with mo," he went on, "I never got pulled. Sometimes he would come up and say: 'Boys, watch out,' and we would hide away. Brown got the money to pay the detections".

the detectives."

Faith was closely questioned by Mr. Glenn. He acknowledged that he had beer prosecuted numerous times for gambling and was under prosecution when that game was going on.

Mr. Glenn: "Did you conduct the take out in Hall's saloon at the National hotel?

"Yes." Mr. Rucker: "Did they ever pull you." "No."

The Defense on Deck Faith was the last witness introduce by the prosecution. There were calls for Bill Brown, to whom he claimed he gave the money, and Chairman English gave Chief Connolly orders to have him brought

Deputy Sheriff Mike Blount was put up. He was saked by Mr. Glenn concerning the testimony of Captain Forbes.
"I think," he stated, "that the first amount he referred to. \$17.50—was taked out to bring somebody back to Atlanta, who was badly wanted. I don't know

spoke of?"
"I don't remember that."

"Did any such thing happen?"
"Not that I know of."
"Do you know," was asked, "if the deectives ever received anything for services in city court?" "I don't know that the detectives ever received 1 cent for rendition of services."
"Who made the most arrests in the

"I can't remember. The detectives,

The sensation of the day awaited the appearance of Solicitor Lewis Thomas. Smarting under the accusation implied in the testimony of Captain Forbes, he had scarcely taken his seat in the chair re served for witnesses when he leaned for ward and in a flurried manner said tha he thought Captain Forbes was intoxicated and was not responsible for what he said on the stand. Mr. Glenn asked a question. The solici

tor did not reply directly.
"I desire to say, Mr. Glenn, that I think
Mr. Forbes is drunk and not responsible for what he said on the stand. "I don't accuse him of willfully telling a falsehood, but he is certainly mistaken. I want to be charitable, but what Mr. Forbes said is wrong. I want to say in the peripulne that I want to say in the

beginning that I never paid the detectives cent in my life. The truth is, the dea cent in my fire. The truth is, the de-tectives were opposed to indicting the fallen women. The policy of the city is not to prosecute them and as to my stating to Mr. Forbes that I gave money to the detectives for this purpose, it is absolutely false. I mean to say he is mistaken and can't be in his right mind." When Mr. Thomas stopped the excite-ment was glowing. Everybody looked for

Captain Forbes to rise up and reply, but just at the time he had stepped out.

Solicitor Thomas entered on his stetement.
"I have been in office now nearly three years. In the summer of '93 the recorder's court began the trial of gaming cases. I lid not think that the recorder had jurisdiction in such cases. I thought that in such cases persons gaming on the street, that the recorder had the right to punish inder the charge of disorderly conduct. "It was about the time that this was gitated that I was called on by Mr. John son, of The Journal, for an interview on the subject. In this interview I stated that if the recorder was given the right to try lewd women and gamblers that they would come off light. This statement of mine terwards it came up in the legislature, and I argued it there before the committee. It seems that after that the city authorities

decided not to try the gaming cases in the recorder's court. Then they were taken to the superior court. The detectives did not bring a single case to my court. "It was in the spring of '94 that the deectives brought ten or twelve cases to my court. I was surprised. Mr. Hill came to me and said he, too, was surprised. A short time after this the bribery charges came up. I was at Cumberland at the time. After they had finished this, it was in August, '94, the detectives came to my office

and said they wanted to have an interview with Judge Westmoreland as they wanted these gamblers fined and fined heavily. I saw the judge, and he said to bring them on to see him. At that time they said to me that they would never bring any more cases to the superior court. Two Reasons Given.

"I wanted to know what was the matter," Mr. Thomas went on in an earnest tone. "They said that Monaghan had done them wrong. They had an incandescent, a welding heat of hatred against him. There were two reasons for taking the cases from the superior court, that they gave; one was that they hated Monaghan, and the other was that they wanted heavy fines imposed."

Mr. Glenn asked witness to state the

amount of fines usually imposed in the su-"I don't think." he answered. "that there were any fines given in that court to amount to \$500, except the other day when McElveen was fined by Judge Clark. I believe he got that amount. The usual range

of fines in that court was from \$25 to \$100.

"Well, to go on, the detectives said that they were going to war on the gamblers, and that they wanted their work to show. They wanted to get the credit for what they had done." Turning Up Something New.

Mr. Thomas stopped a moment to reflect. He then went into a history of the prose-cution of the Athletic Club and turned up

gust, 1894, arrested a number of men conted with the Athletic Club. Mr. Loyd, Mr. Winn and Mr. Holcombe were among them. It was Mr. John Loyd.
"A few days after Loyd was arrested,
Mr. Jim Loyd came to me and I told him

that I had the accusation against his brother. He said, 'Well, there is an indict-ment taken out in the superior court.' I informed him that I thought that that was a subsequent offense. He wanted me to a subsequent offense. He wanted me to pigeonhole the accusation against his brother. I told him that I had heard that his brother was a gambler, and that I intended to prosecute him to the fullest extent.

"The next day Mr. Park Woodward came to see me. Park and I are good friends, but when he asked me to nol prosse the case I told him I would not do it. That I intended to prosecute it, and that right vigerously.

Shows it all. Out of this kind of cases in 1892 I made \$400, the same amount the next year, and in 1894 I made \$700, the same amount the next to see me. Park and I are good friends, but when he asked me to nol prosse the case I told him I would not do it. That I intended to prosecute it, and that right vigerously.

Shows it all. Out of this kind of cases in 1892 I made \$400, the same amount the next LADIE LADIE I was brought to my court of this kind less than \$1,000."

A flood of questions was poured at the witness by Mr. Rucker. Many were embarrassing, and several sharp spats ensued. It was the purpose of Mr. Rucker to show that the solicitor hired me for the especial purpose of making cases against lewd women. This was denied, but the Park Woodward to me cases brought to my court of this kind less than \$1,000."

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judge fined him \$500. His case was carried to the supreme court and then to the governor. I followed him there and he finally had to pay it. It was after Loyd was convicted that Ernest Looney was discharded from the profit on of lark lischarged from the position of clerk

"Looney came to me and stated that Jim Loyd and Park Woodward had done it. I thought it was an outrage. I went to see Mayor King about it and I also paid a visit to Mr. Goodwin and I told them that it was an outrage. At the same time Holcombe was convicted and the jury found him not guilty under a technicality. Afterwards both Holcombe and Winn plead guilty to selling whisky without license, but before Holcombe was fined Henry Holcombe in the office below here came to me and I refused to have anythi

Lauding the Detectives.

gambling house. When he was on tria or about that time, I asked him if wasn't true that he had given the de absolutely false. He made an exculpatory

affidavit to that effect.
"Now," continued the solicitor, "looking at the commissioners steadily, "Harp stated in the Baker investigation that I tried to get him to plead guilty in the city court. This is absolutely false. I had two cases against Harp. Mr. Rucker was his attorney. I had to nolle prosse one on a technicality and in the gaming case I had to forfeit bond and he could ont be prosecuted. He left the city at one time also. Afterwards a bill was made out in the superior court. Now, he said: 'I want to know how much Judge Westmoreland will fine me.' I told him I did not know, but stated what the average

the witness who had testified during the first part of the afternoon session. He stated that Faith had forfeited his bond in the city court and afterwards had himself indicted in the superior court for gaming. When he returned he was fined \$500 in the city court. He made a motion for a new trial and that motion is on now. Looney the Most Energetic.

Now. I'll say it to the credit of the d tectives, they have been tireless in the prosecution of these cases. I think that Looney was the most energetic and sword out the most accusations. He was the one who gave me the most information, too. Now," he continued, "I want to allude to the John Tye evidence. There was a little inaccuracy in the morning paper. He stated yesterday that the affidavit sworn ou by Cason was at a different time and on a different case. Mr. Tye met me and asked me if I had an accusation against Turner. I told him I did not know. But I went to Leoney and he told me that he had be playing cards and an accusation was swort out. That was how that happened. At that time I knew nothing of an indictment in the superior court.

came to me and Mr. Frank Myers, too, think. Fred Cooper came afterwards him self, and stated that he was drunk when the thing happened. I saw the man who was prosecuting the case and I finik that

Saxe to sign the accusation. Here it is You can see his signature to it. This ac cusation was all perfect at the time,
"I could not have taken a plea of guilty n an accusation not sworn to properly he court would not allow it. I got up an

\$50 and costs." Some Money He Did Pay Out.

ne paid out money to the detectives. Once was when he gave \$17.50 to Chief Connolly for catching a gambler outside of the city. He remonstrated then, but finally paid it. Chief Wright came to him another time and said he had located Knott, a pre

ession by taking oaths in the court be Westmoreland. He stated that an letter had been sent to West this over to Captain English

An Unpardonable Sin. "I committed the unpardonable sin when I refused to let up on Loyd; that was a hing that could never be forgiven. I don't think that the criminal element of this is

in love with me. I'm not as kind-hearted in some cases as my Brother Hill, and un-less my sympathy is touched I never let up on a case.

up on a case.
"I want to say that it is specified that the sheriff shall collect all costs, and I want to say that I have never collected a cent for fines, and any one who wishes the control of the say that I have no ever to Mr. to know what I make can go over to Mike Blunt and find out."

The Only Crime Chargeable. "The only charge," he continued, "that they can charge me with is that I have made money out of the office."

Mr. Thomas stated that from January
9th until December, 1894, the detectives had prosecuted 215 gambling cases

"Don't know that that's true."

Mr. Rucker referred to the prosecution of

show that the solicitor had em Conrell for the special purpose of making cases of that kind, and the atmosphere was

Judge Westmoreland said he was going to stop fining these women and take to put-ting them in jail; that you held up cases until Judge Van Epps come cn?"
"Yes. I thought that it was not the

proper way to treat them and asked Judge Westmoreland to get Judge Van Epps to preside on them. He said that if Van Epps would do so, it was all right.
"I was not insane enough to think," he stated, "that these women could be broken up by putting them in jail."

Solicitor Thomas gave a full and lucid explanation of the cause of the coming of the cases of lewd women to his court.
"The city council wouldn't punish them. None of the grand juries would touch them and they were brought to my court as a

dernier resort."
"How much have you made in cases of "How much have you made in cases of this kind?" Mr. Rucker asked.
"I want to state that. It has been charged that I have made a fortune out of such cases. I keep a cash book. It shows it all. Out of this kind of cases in

The session adjourned with Mr. Thomas

At the appointed hour for holding the morning session of the board of police commissioners to investigate the charges against Detectives Wright, Looney and Cason, Commissioner Venable had not put in his appearance. Captain English, however, called the board to order. The attorneys had just expressed a willingness to go ahead when Mr. Venable came in.

room at the National hotel for severa

"Did you have an understanding with

Looney by which he was to protect you?"
"No, but he had free access to the bar.
He never paid for anything. I gave instructions to the bartender to let him have

anything he wanted. He had shown me

Cross-Examined by Colonel Glenn.

"How long have you known Amos Ba ker?" asked Colonel Glenn, on the cross

"You have violated the law in a number of cases, have you not, Mr. Hall?" asked

nished the fiquor.
"I was never in the room," said Hall,
"I sold the whisky to Pemberton and he

ran the blind tiger."
Referring to the poker games that were played in the rooms, Colonel Glenn asked the witness if he did not get a good share

of the proceeds.
"I thought a was getting it all," replied

"What class of people congregated at your saloon, Mr. Hall?" asked the attor-ney. "Were they not tough and bad char-

acters?"

"A few of them were, Colonel Glenn, I think I have seen you in the crowd."
(Laughter.)

"That's pretty good, Mr. Witness," re-

plied Colonel Glenn, laughing. "I may have

been there in my prodigal days, but as a matter of fact, Mr. Hall, was it not a place of resort for bad men as well as a

few good ones?"

The witness replied that the crowd was

about the same usually found in saloons.

"I Refuse to Testify."

Questioned in regard to a pistol that was

witness refused to testify.

"That was over four years ago," said

Colonel Glenn, "and the offense is barred by the statute of limitations."

The witness refused to answer the ques-

protection?" asked Colonel Glenn.
"We never traded," replied the witness.

"He used to come into the saloon once or

The witness testified that Looney had

with the witness much since the investiga

tion, but their friendship still continued.
In reply to a question from Judge Ander

son the witness stated that no raids had

ever been made on his salcon, as Looney

Hall's Bartender Examined.

Tom Morrison was the next witness call-

The witness testified that he was the bar-

building, as he had talked with the w

e careful.

arcut it and told him that Hall had bett

be careful.

Cross-examined by Colonel Glenn, the witness stated that he was now in business for himself under the opera house.

"Is it a very unusual thing for an Atlanta policeman to take a drink?" inquired Colonal Glenn.

"No, sir," replied the witness, promptly A wave of laughter rippled the counci

"I do occasionally."
"Do you give them access to your sa

"No. sir; I have to draw the line some where." (Laughter.)

Mr. Oscar Hall on the Stand.

A New Witness.

Charles Grant, a witness who appeared for the first time, was next introduced. Colonel Rucker conducted the examination. The witness came from Charleston, S. C., and had been in Atlanta three weeks. He was here in December, 1892, and took part in a game of poker that was played in the Kimball house. The other men were Connors, Fox and McClain. They were discovered and taken to the police station. Five

red and taken to the police station. Fir ered and taken to the police station. Five detectives made the raid. He did not rec-ognize the detectives on trial as being among the number. At the police head-quarters they were carried before Chief

"Is this the man?" asked Colonel Ruck er, pointing to Chief Connolly.
"No, sir; I think that is the man," indi-

cating Captain Thompson.

"Do you ever give them anything

had always given him information

into a man's pocket in his saloon, the

Colonel Glenn.
"Not directly," replied the witness

'About twenty-five years."

were played.

"The police dockets are in evidence," said Judge Anderson, clearing the way for the introduction of his witnesses, "and the first man we want to put on the stand is Tom Morribre." Morrison, however, was not forthcoming

Hall proved to be a good witness and his testimony was rather damaging to the de-tectives. He testified that he was common-ly known as "Bill" Hall, and ran the bar-

years. He knew Detectives Wright, Cason and Looney. On the second floor of the building there was a room in which games

"Did the detectives know anything about this room?" asked Judge Anderson.
"Looney did. But he was a patrolman, I
think, at that time. He was not on the several men who paid the detectives m for 'protection. Among these were Faith and Charley Chisholm. "How do you know that Looney knew anything about the room?"
"He would always give me information about the raids the officers intended to

Rumors of Other Charges Which Will

Be Made 'Against the Detectives. New and unexpected charges against the detectives are forthcoming. It was stated by one of the principal agents for the prosecution last night that the statement of Captain English to Mr. Hall yesterday assuring him that he would stand the bond and intercede if any cases for giving briber came up has brought an abundance of

new evidence to the prosecution.
"This evidence may come in the shape
of new specifications," said he. "I am
certain of one thing, that the evidence on "Not directly," replied the witness.
"Is it not true, Mr. Hall, that you have never missed an opportunity to sell liquor, regardless of the law?"
The witness replied that he had sold a lot of it. In 1898 Mr. Charley Pemberton was in charge of his blind tiger in the National hotel. The witness merely furnished the liquor.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD

her paper in this convention. She has and favorably known in Hebrew circ here. She will write the proceedings the convention for her paper.

the witness, unabashed, and much to the amusement of the crowd.

A Joke on Colonel Glenn. pital committee of the exposition will give a splendid entertainment at the residence of Mrs. W. S. Witham, 16 Park street West End. The entertain in the afternoon and a delightful musical programme will be rendered. Signor Ran-degger, Mr. Sam Burbank, Mr. Will Harrison, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Annie Howard and others will add to the pleasure of the oc

> -The suit of Marie Louise Tract against the Jacobs' Pharmacy Company for damages, has been dismissed by the plaintiff. It was ordered so entered by Judge Van Epps yesterday morning.

> -The dead man at Austell is not Cap tain Bogardus, the champion marksman of The world. A special from Lincoln, Ill., the home of Captain Bogardus, says: "Cap-tain Bogardus, the well-known marksman, is not dead as reported in Georgia. He is alive and well in this town, and as an evi-

> -Bud Kernodle, the humorist, the in domitable, the irrepressible, the incomparable Bud, bobbed up serenely once more yesterday behind the counter at Durand's restaurant after a lengthy spell

> his big, generous hand all day with graciation at seeing him still in the ring. -The suit of Owens against the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Com-pany is still in hearing before Judge Van Epps. It is hardly fikely that it will be

> —Judge Clark held a short session of court yesterday morning and continued the hearing of the motion for a new trial in the McElveen case until Saturday. The otion for a new trial in the Hicken cas will go over until the next term; in

> -Mr. Arch Harrison, deputy clerk of the superior court, is quite sick at his home. He will probably be able to get out in a few days.

-Every member of the staff of the w

-A meeting of the advertising of tee of the woman's edition of The Journal is called for Thursday afternoon, February 7th, at 3 o'clock, at the office of the wo-

Dickson, Business Manager.

—Mr. E. M. Nourse was admitted to the bar yesterday by Judge Lumpkin, after passing an excellent examination. Mr. Nourse is a native of Massachusetts and came to Atlanta about a year ago. He took his B. A. at Amherst, and is both by nature and education well qualified for his profession. He is with the firm of Rosser & Carter.

Ordinary Calhoun is nearly through with the issuing of certificates for widows' pensions. Confederate veterans, under the old law, will be paid on the 12th of March, while those under the new law will be paid in May. The new law applies to confederate soldiers who are blind, infirm or poverty-stricken.

—There will be a special term of court called for Saturday very probably for the purpose of granting charters to those desiring them.

-The ladies of the Good Shepherd mission on Pryor street will give a delightful entertainment at the mission tonight. There will be music and refreshments. Admission 10 cents.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

a Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

car at a time. Some one will notice that the conductor does not ring in the proper number of fares and the matter is reported to me. The consequence is that the official is subjected to unjust suspicion. I am more than willing for the policemen to ride free, as their presence on the cars insures order."

The Governor Wants the New England Mill Men to Come South. Governor Atkinson believes in doing so England cotton mill men to Georgia. To that end he has been in conference with some of the leading cotton men of the state, and now has under consideration to send to New England a committee of representative men to lay before the mill men the advantages of Georgia over any other sites. He has not as yet determined whom he will appoint or what will be their method of procedure, but he believes that the most practical thing to be done at this juncture is to send the committee.

The house committee on privileges and elections will come to Atlanta next week, and will be in session in Room 34 at the capitol. Under a resolution the committee is given power to meet in recess and Colo-nel Harrison, its chairman, has called the other members to meet here on Tuesday of next week. The Douglas county case will be the first one heard and after that the Butts, Gwinnett, Harris, Munroe and Pike cases will be considered. The committee expects to finish up its work before the next session convenes.

There is some trouble over the There is some trouble over the making of bonds by county officers elected at the last election, and it is possible that there may be considerable complication on account of the delay in this respect.

Just six days remain in which the county tax collectors and tax receivers can make the bond required of them by law, and although there was an election in every county in the state, up to date there have been

ty in the state, up to date there have be only forty-one collectors and forty-five to receivers who have given the requisite bor As the law provides a penalty for a bonded officer attending to his duties before his bond is made there is likely to be some trouble to the officers who are behind hand in this respect. The governor has commuted the sentence of Ed Davis, the Savannah boy murderer,

to life imprisonment. Davis's case is one in which a great deal of interest has been manifested and the petitions in his behalf have been very strong. He killed a negro named Devoe and under the sentence of the court was to have hanged on the 15th of this month. CHIEF JUSTICE JACKSON'S BODY It Was Removed from Oakland Ceme

tery to Rose Hill Cemetery. The body of the late Chief Justice Jackon which, for several years has been at removed several days ago to Macon, where it will be interred in Rose Hill cemetery Chief Justice Jackson succeeded on th

supreme bench of Georgia Chief Justice Hiram Warner, and died while he held the ffice in 1887.

nent Georgian.

WATCHES. DIAMONDS. JEWELRY.

WE ARE UP-TO-DATE II DIAMONDS,

NOVELTIES. WATCHES, AND ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY

Such prices for such Clothing is like "picking up money." Weeks of unexampled selling, and still there isn't a thin spot anywhere. Piles of the things needed at prices that no one has the right to expect prove the masterfulness of the management that provides them. Figures tell

Irresistible Offerings.

Men's Black and Blue Clay Diagonal, Cheviot and Fancy Fabrics IN CUTAWAY, SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED

\$12.50 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 6.25 \$13.50 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 6.75 \$15.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 7.50 \$18.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 9.00 \$20.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$10.00

Bargains in Furnishings.



Men's hemstitched Handkerchiefs, pretty and good, worth up to 20c; our price.... 50

Men's 4-ply Linen Collars, all the popu-

lar shapes, worth 200; our price.....10C Men's tast black, Hermsdorf dye half Hose, full regular made, double heel and

signs, worth 50c; our price.....10C

— Superintendent H. N. Hurt, of the Consolidated rallway, explained last night that the reason why he intended issuing the order allowing only policemen in uniform and helmets to ride free qn his line, was for the protection of his men from unjust suspicion. "You understand," said he, "that a great many policemen in citizens' ciothing, or wearing mackintoshes over their uniforms, get on the cars. Some times there are a half dozen of them on a

He held the stand over two hours. He was there to make a clean sweep of things, and he cleared the field as he went. Now and then it took a verbal tilt to get what e wanted, but he got it, and put his story He told of the trial of gambiers and of the policy pursued with reference to the eepers of lewd houses. Mr. Rucker aimed his questioning at sensational disclosures said he considered them faithful, diligent bringing of cases to his court from the He was on the stand when the hour of ad-

vas stolen, appeared. The woman was dressed in black and

nount. It was made out to bearer.
"Why did he change checks?" was asked.

Cason."
The woman stated that no reason was given to her by Cason for changing checks She was asked whether the girl who stole the money was ever prosecuted, and

for Dr. Smith. He testified that Looney had told him that all that was necessary was for his client, Mr. Smith, to go to the city court and be fined \$25 and costs. "Til state this," said the lawyer, "that I thought that Looney said that to ac-

forfeitures to pay detectives.

here a foeman that's worthy of your steel."

"I know that, Mr. Thomas. I know that. But don't be so impatient," replied Mr. Rucker, continuing his examination.

The statement of Mr. Thomas threw new light on the cause for the removal of Mr. Ernest Looney. He implied that the removal was made because he refused to bigeonhole the case against Mr. John Loyd for gaming. The solicitor gave a full history of the gaming cases and told how it was they happened to be brought to the city court.

The witness did not respond. He hesitated some time and seemed to be drilling his memory to march his ideas out in good shape.

"In 1892," he stated in a deliberate and measured tone, "it was in the early part of the year, a settlement came up in the office for insolvent costs. There was a bill brought up signed by Solicitor Thomas to pay Chief Connolly for the detectives to work up certain cases. I protested, but we decided it was best to let it go. I believe it was to go for paying for telegrams

Chief Connolly to pay the detectives for making cases against lewd houses." "I object to that," interrupted Mr. Glenn. "These detectives here on trial are in no

"After that almost night and day the detectives have prosecuted gambling cases. They have shown no favors. Bill Brown was fined \$700 for gaming and keeping a

Mr. Thomas told about W. H. Faith

As to Fred Cooper. "Now, as to Fred Cooper. He, I think was prosecuted for larceny. His brothe

e asked that the bill be not prossed. I die it at this request from the prosecutor.
"I want to allude to Saxe, During the Baker case he said that I persecuted instead of prosecuted him. I know nothing about the facts of the indictment. It is in McConnell's handwriting. I came to the office of Judge Westmoreland and called on

aterfered and got the court to be lenient with Saxe. Looney put in a word in his behalf, too, and I think that he was fined The solicitor stated that only twice had

and said me had locate know, a pro-sional gambler, and wanted \$5 to pay for telegrams. He gave it.

Mr. Thomas produced the checks in both cases mentioned. He stated that many gamblers had been made to quit their pro-

tender in the National hotel saloon in 1890. He knew Looney. He came into the barreem frequently to get a drink or a small flask of whisky to take home with him. He knew there was a blind tiger in the

have objected to the manner of your mak

the lewd women in the city court and asked how many cases had been made against them.

The solicitor said that in 1892 eighteen cases were made of that kind, the next year twenty-three and in 1894 thirty-two cases. Mr. Rucker pointed his questions to

warm with inquiry and reply.
"Isn't it true," asked Mr. Rucker, "that

"Do you mean to say," asked Mr. Rucker "that Judge Westmoreland was insane?" "Not at all, but I thought that it was im

LADIES CHOCOLATE MATCH LADIES CHOCOLATE MATCH
Ladies and gentlemen please call and
Try our Coson Chorolate and Coffee.

Cake receipts presented to visitors.

At Hight's, whitehall Street.

Free Be quick or you'll miss it.—Free

"I do."
"Is he a gambler?"
"I think he is."
"Did he not make a threat against the "I believe he did. He threatened to d

"Did he not include the chairman of the police board?"
"How is that, Mr. Glenn?" asked Cap-tain English.
"I asked if he did not threaten you also,"

plied Colonel Glenn.
"I am not afraid of anybody's intimida tion," said Captain English.

The witness in answer to the question replied that Harp had also threatened the

chairman of the police board.

"The money put up by you may have been forfeited, may it not, Mr. Grant?" asked the attorney: "and was not a bribe "Yes, sir."

J. B. McElveen and Ben Floyd were th next witnesses introduced. McElveen tes-tified that he held the papers in a poker game at the Aragon hotel and had them made made payable to him horder to keep his friend. Thompson, who was in the game,

from getting into trouble with his bank. This was the game in which Cunningham Ben Floyd told of the raid that was mad on his gaming house in the old library building on Decatur street. He knew of

Captain English asked the witness a nur ber of questions, stating that he desired to get all the light possible. He invited all who had charges to make against the force to make them during the investigation.

NEW SPECIFICATIONS PROBABLE.

noon and we will spring it with telling

—Mrs. K. H. Scherman, of Washing-ton, representing The American Hebrew, the representative Jewish publication in the United States, is in the city, stopping at the Kimball, in the interest of that pub-lication. Mrs. Scherman will remain in the city until after the convention of the B'Nai Brith next week. She will represent tly visited the city and is widely

"He used to come into the saloon duce of twice a day, as we knew each other inti-mately. He was not much of a drinker, but he smaked pretty heavy. He seemed to like the cigars. I gave my clerk in-structions to let Looney have anything he commissioners yesterday, although it was the regular meeting day. The meeting was sent over unterpretation for the country was sent over unterpretation. The cause of the postponement was the absence of Chairman Collier and Commissioner Spalding, both of whom are out of the city on exposition business. wanted. No policeman on the force was charged anything, but all of them together given him information of Captain Couch's intention to close his place of business. He went before the board and promised to went before the board and promised to conduct an orderly saloon and to stop all gaming. He denied having sent \$400 to Big Dutch while in jail. Baker had not been

finished before the last of the week. The husband of the plaintiff was killed while cutting a call wire that had in some way become crossed with a trolley wire.

meantime the demurrer to Judge Clark's ruling on the indictment will be heard in the supreme court Monday.

—Every member of the staff of the wo-man's edition of The Journal is earnestly requested to attend an important meeting Thursday morning, February 7th, at 10 c'clock, at the office of the woman's de-partment, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Presi-dent.

Mr. Oscar Hall on the Stand.

Mr. Oscar Hall, formerly associated with Mr. Goldsmith, in the city's employ, was next introduced.

He testified that he had heard part of a conversation between Hall and Looney in regard to a raid of the Markham house saloon. Looney told Hall that the officers had come mighty near getting him and he would have to look pretty sharp.

A New Witness. man's department. It is important that every member be present. Mrs. B. W. Wrenn, Advertising Manager; Mrs. W. M. Dickson, Business Manager.

THE PASSING THRONG. Solicitor General Howard Thompson, of Jainesville, is at the Kimball. Hon, J. M. Coleman, of Swainsboro, member of the legislature from Emanuel country, is at the Aragon. Judge Hamilton McWhorter, of Lexing ton, is at the Kimball.

Colonel James Prather, of Toccos, is in Mr. W. B. Berry, the Newnan banker, is Senator Trammell Starr, of Dalton, is at the Markham house, Judge Sam Maddox, of Dalton, is at the Kimball. Colonel Tom Jones, of Dalton, is at the Kimball.

Mr. S. T. Ballard, of the Ballard mills. Louisville, is in the city on business. LEMON ELIXIR. its Wonderful Effect on the Liver,

Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood. For Biliousness, Constipat For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Head-

For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache.
For Sieeplessness, Nervousness and
Heart Diseases.
For Fever, Chills, Debility and Kidney
Diseases, take Lemon Elixir.
For Blotches and Pimples on the face take
Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic
regulation, take Lemon Elixir is prepared
from the fresh juice of lemon, combined
with other vegetable liver tonics, and will
not fall you in any of the above named
diseases, all of which are caused by a torpid
or diseased stomach, liver or kidneys, Fifty
cents and 31 bottles at druggists.
Frepared only by Dr. H. Mosley, Atlanta,
Ga.

Beautiful display of new Rugs, Algernon, Dages-ton, Persian, Oriental, Turkish, Smyrna and Wilton. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

main & Bukel

Cut Glass and Sterling Silver Ware. 31 WHITEHALL ST.



Picking Up Money.

SUITS AT ASTOUNDING PRICES.



Men's plain and fancy bordered Handker chiefs, nicely hemstitched, worth up to

Men's handsome Teck and Flowing-End Scarfs, rich colors and de-

HELLO! NEW COMPANY

Citizens Who Want to Build a New Telephone System.

WANT TO GET TO WORK AT ONCE

Bay They Will Cheapen the Cost of Telenes by One-Half-A Talk with Colonel A. J. West,

to build and operate a complete telephone service in Atlanta, and if the city council grants the petition for a franchise which was asked for Monday, Atlanta will soon have another first-class telephone system. The petitioners desiring a franchise for the purpose of building a new telephone

system are among the best known and most influential citizens of Atlanta. Among them are Captain A. J. West,

Messrs. James R. Collins, T. B. Brady, F. Hardy, N. C. Boyster, A. P. Morgan, A. L. Glenn, J. W. McPherson and others. These gentlemen petitioned the council

to grant them a franchise to construct and operate a telephone system in the usual manner, and stated that if the petition was granted that work on the project would begin at once and would be pushed to completion within a very short time. The promoters of the new company have

been working on the matter for sometime, but have kept it very quiet, and when their intentions were made public Monday quite a good deal of comment was caused among Atlanta's telephone subscribers and citizens generally.

The gentlemen interested in the new company propose to reduce the price of telephones in Atlanta by about one-half.

and it is on that proposed reduction that they rely chiefly to secure a sufficient number of subscribers to maintain the sys-They claim that for about one-half the

price now paid by Atlantians for telephone service they will be able to render equally as good and prompt service as is now being furnished, and to demonstrate that they

furnished, and to demonstrate that they can do that, all they desire is permission to go ahead by the city council.

The organizers of the new company claim that the field is amply able to support two telephone companies, when taking into consideration the rapid growth of the city and increasing popularity of the telephone as a means of conducting business. The promoters of the enterprise are en-

the privileges desired the city and vicinity will soon be able to "Hello!" through a new set of instruments, new wires and everything else connected with a well regulated telephone establishment. Captain A. J. West was seen by a Con-

stitution reporter yesterday and when asked what steps had been taken by his associates, said that they could make no further move until the council acted on

their petition.
"We have considered the matter for sometime," said Captain West, "and are thoroughly convinced that Atlanta is in need of a new telephone system. It is the purpose of our company to establish and operate one of the best and most perfect telephone systems in the south, and to equip it with the latest and most modern mproved instruments. The company has not yet been fully organized but all the preliminaries have been arranged and the next step is to secure a charter.

"It will require but a short time," said Captain West, "to get the project under headway. We will undertake to render the people strictly first-class telephonic service for about one-half the price they are now paying. The venture will be no experiment, and we are confident that it will prove successful, because Atlanta is getting large enough to support two telephone

"Mr. Boyster has just completed a sec-ond system in Birmingham and Knoxville, and in those cities the venture is proving ssful, and certainly if cities the size of Birmingham and Knoxville can sup-port two systems Atlanta with her rapid-ly increasing population and growth can. "In Knoxville at this time the people are ting free telephone service on account

of the new company coming into competi-tion with the old. The new company of-fered the Knoxville people two months' free service to enable them to test the merits of both companies in point of service rendered, and agreed that if they did not give as good satisfaction and service as the old company, that no charge would be made for putting in the instruments." A Card from Mr. Fairman.

mass meeting in the interest of woman suffrage at the courthouse, these words oc-

suffrage at the courthouse, these words occur:

"Colonel Henry Clay Fairman, of The Sunny South, begged for the privileges of the floor long enough to express his sympathy, in behalf of the movement and to assure the delegates that the columns of his paper, circulating as far as the Pacific coast, were at their disposal."

As they are somewhat mislending, I beg a little space for explanation. I did not offer space in The Sunny South to the suffragists. I spoke only for myself, and in a speech which occupied less than two minutes announced that I Nished to declare myself unqualifiedly in favo of giving women the ballot, and to pledge by influence to the movement. I also said that my conversion The Sunny South were aware of the fact that I had long since declared myself in favor of woman suffrage. Yours sincerely, HENRY CLAY YAIRMAN.

Rhoumatism is primarily caused by acid-ity of the blood. Hood's Sarsapa illa puri-nes the blood and thus cures the disease.

Jacksonville, Fla., Has a Fine New

Depot. The big new union depot at Jacksonville, Is now about completed and the Southern Italiway by its connections with the Florida Central and Peninsular railway, are right in ft. All the through Florida passenger trains of the Southern railway enter the new station connecting closely with trains of diverging lines for all points in Plorida. This gives the Southern railway a great advantage for Florida travel.

the Cotton States and Interwenth says the Cotton States and Interwenth says the sa

Baby Is Cutting Teeth, and use that old and well-tried rem-rs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for setting. It soothes the child, the guins, allays all pain, cures colo and is the best remedy for res. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

nd display in Table s at prices to please st skeptical. Cham Johnson & Co.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

A Powerful and Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder-its value in Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Gout, &c.

Case of Mr. R. L. ROYS, of Meriden, Conn.

The following plate is from a photograph, which accompanies a report made by Dr. C. H. Davis, of Meriden, Conn., of the case of Mr. R. L. Roys—stone in the Bladder—to the New England Medical Monthly for July, 1890 (see page 496 of that journal), and represents some of the largest specimens of Dissolved Stone discharged by Mr. R. under the action of





Two Ounces and Twenty-Seven Grains of Dissolved Stone der the action of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Smaller Particles, and a Quantity of Brickdust Deposit, not estimated.

That this Water possesses extraordinary remedial potency in Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Nervous Exhaustion or Depression, Female Complaints, and some forms of Dyspepsia as well, is so attested as to admit of no question.

BUFFALOLITHIA WATER

THOMAS F. GOODE, Propr., Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

dec6-3m-thur GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.-Ordina-GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1884.—Cfifford L. Anderson, administrator of George N. Barge, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

Mr. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1884.—Clifford L. Anderson, administrator of Rosalle L. Sinclair, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1894.—James Swann, executor of Janie A. Swann, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letduties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

Monday The Cally of the control of

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—C. D. Nessmith and Albert George Horton, executors of Eliza Ann Horton, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next why said executors should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, jan10-3m-thur jan10-3m-thur

Do you want fine lamb's wool Blankets LOW? We are determined not to pack them for summer keeping. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD BONDS. STATE OF GEORGIA, Executive Department, Atlanta, Ga., January 5, 1895.—
To the holders of the bonds of the Northeastern Railroad Company endorsed by the state of Georgia in accordance with the provisions of an act approved October 27, 1870: the state of Georgia in accordance with the provisions of an act approved October 27, 1879.

The governor of Georgia is authorized and directed by an act of the general assembly approved December 18, 1884, to make to the above named bondholders the following proposition, to-wit: "Said bondholders shall deposit their bonds with the treasurer of this state on or before the lst day of March, 1885, for the purpose of exchanging said bonds for new bonds of the state, or receiving the principal and interest thereon in cash, as they may prefer; that so soon as three-fourths of said bonds have been so deposited the treasurer be authorized to exchange at par new bonds of the state of Georgia bearing 3½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually and running for twenty years, for the principal of said Northeastern bonds so endorsed by the state and to pay in cash the dicrued interest due on said bonds at the time such exchange is made.

"Provided, however, that in case it should appear at the same time when such exchange is offered that the treasurer can negotiate and sell the bonds of the state of Georgia herein before referred to at a sum greater than the par value thereof, then, and in that event he shall not exchange the same at par, but shall sell the said bonds of the state of Georgia herein before referred to at a sum greater han the par value thereof, then, and in that event he shall not exchange the same at par, but shall sell the said bonds of the state of Georgia on same. The treasurer of the state shall continue to exchange or to pay such Northeastern bonds endorsed by the state, as herein required, until the entire amount of the issue aforesaid has been taken up or paid off in full. The treasurer shall issue a receipt to the party depositing the bonds in the name of the state of Georgia for each bond and coupon so deposited, to be surrendered when the new bonds are received or the money paid for the old."

All persons destring to accept this proposition are directed to deposit their bonds with Hon. R. U. Harde

nary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Henry A. Cassin, administrator of Annie Miller, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his safe trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Sarah A. Owen, administratrix of Robert S. Owen, deceased, represents that she has fully disdeceased, represents that she has fully dis-charged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or be-fore the first Monday in April next, why said administratrix should not be discharg-ed from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, jan10-3m-thur

jan10-3m-thur GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordina y's Office, December 5, 1894—Jesse W. Ran-din, Jr., administrator of Mary P. Rankin, epresents that he has fully discharged the luties of his said trust, and prays for let-ers of dismission. This is, therefore, to lotify all persons concerned to show cause, f any they can, on or before the first donday in March next why said administra-or should not be discharged from said trust. or should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1894.—Thomas Goosby, executor of M. H. Bird, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, dec6-3m-thur

dec6-2m-thur GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1894.—W. D. Grant,
executor of Martha C. Grant, represents that he has fully discharged the
duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to
notify all persons concerned to show cause,
if any they can, on or before the first
Monday in March next, why said executor
should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

dec6-3m-thur dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY .- Ordina GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 184.—W. D. Grant, executor of John T. Grant, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of digmission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1894.—Temple Gunby, administratrix of Hattle Gunby, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.—dece-3m-thur rust. dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—Frances Zurline, administratrix of Frank A. Zurline, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

ministratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

jan10-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Otdinary's Office, January 9, 1895.—W. M. Middlebrooks, administrator of W. B. Wilson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first allow, and any they can, on or before the first allow, and any in they can, on or before the first allow, w. I. CALHOUN, Ordinary, jan10-3m-thur

jan10-3m-thur janio-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1894.—Clifford L. Anderson, administrator of William T. Park, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

dec6-3m-thur

dec6-3m-thur

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 5, 1884.—Clifford L. Anderson, administrator of Annie R. Speer, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first monday in March next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN. Ordinary. dec6-3m-thur

A LOW RECORD MADE

But Cotton Afterward Advanced on the Certainty of a Bond Issue.

SLIGHT ADVANCE IN STERLING EXCHANGE

And \$750,000 Gold Was Withdrawn ffor Export - The Gold Dollar Keeps Wheat at a Low Price.

New York, February 6 .- Speculation at the stock exchange was extremely dull to day, the sales of stock amounting to only 114,452 shares, against 157,843 yesterday and 188,000 on Monsiay. The decline is directly traceable to the delay in the bond issue. Still the market holds well for the reason that the street is firmly convinced that the negotiations for the placing of the bonds have been successful and that all that remains is to announce the details of the deal. Mr. J. Pierrepont Morgan was quoted as saying, "I am satisfied no an-nouncement of a bond issue will be made until after the vote in the house on the Springer bill. I am also satisfied that President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle are keenly alive to the situation." This had a great weight with operators who were inclined to add moderately to their lines. Sterling exchange was also weaker, and under heavy offerings by houses supposed to be in touch with the bankers handling the new loan posted rates were reduced 1/2c to 4.871/2 and 4.89.

reduced ½c to 4.87½ and 4.89.

The renewed activity on the part of the friends of the railway pooling bill in the senate encouraged the bulls somewhat, although it is doubtful whether anything can be accomplished at this late hour. London added to the bullish feeling by its purchases of St. Paul, Louisville and Nashville and some of the low-priced is-Nashville and some of the low-priced issues. The recovery in corn and wheat also had a good effect. The gain in prices ranged from ¼ to 1½ per cent, Louisville and Nashville, Sugar, Chicago Gas, Lead, the Grangers, Western Union, Northern Pacific preferred, Erie and Missouri Pacific all being prominent in the advance. In the last hour there were realizations and the gain noted was partially lost. Norfolk and Western common fell to 3% and the preferred to 13% on the appointment of receivers. The market closed steady with prices anywhere from 1/2 to 7/2 higher than yesterday. In the inactive list Consolidated Gas rose 2% to 129½0128½. United States Rubber sold at 43%. The directors today declared the first dividend on the common stock. The dividend is 2½ per cent and is payable March

At a late hour the posted rates of sterling exchange were restored to 4.88 and 4.89½. Actual rates were 4.87½ for 60 days, 4.8814@4.8816 for demand and 4.8834@4.8916 for cables. One of the large foreign houses, understood to be heavily interested in the proposed new government loan, were the buyers of bills all day. The sum of \$700,buyers of bills all day. The sum of \$100,000 gold was withdrawn from the subtreasury by the Merchants' National bank today. It is understood that the gold will not be shipped to Europe.

The bond market was higher.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated \$6,000 shares and of unlisted stocks 28,000 shares.

shares.

Money on call easy at 1011/2 per cent last loan at 1½; closing offered at 1½; prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent.

Bar silver 59%. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87@4.87½ for 60 days and 4.88@4.88½ for demand; posted rates 4.87½@4.89; commercial bills 4.86@ 4.86%.

Government bonds firm. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds firmer.

Railroad bonds firmer.

Silver at the board was 60½ bid.

London, February 6.—Bar silver 27½d.

Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes, 103

francs, 15 centimes for the account and exchange on London 25 francs, 20 centimes for checks.

The following are closing bids:

The following are	crosing	Dids:	
Am'n Cotton Oil	1978	Mobile & Ohio	16
do, pref	64	Nash., Chat. & St.L.	64
Am'n Sugar Refin .	632	U S. Cordage	14
do. pref	92%	do, pref	84
Am'n Tobacco		N. J. Central	8842
do. pref	107	N. Y. Central	9912
Atch., T. & Santa Fo	456	N. Y. & N. E	30
Baitimore & Ohio	63	Norfolk & Western.	1234
Canada Pac	5214	Northern Pac	3
Ches. & Ohio	16%	do. pref	16%
Chicago & Alton	147	Northwestern	97 %
C., B. & Q	72	do. pref	1421/2
Chicago Gas	75	Pacitic Mail	2149
Del., Lack. & W	15919	Reading	16
Dis. & Cat. Feed	954	Rock Island	6317
Erie	1642	St. Paul	56%
- do, pref,	2134	do. pref	118
Ed. Gen. Electric	2914	Silver Certificates	601/4
Ifis, Central	88	T. C. I	1434
Lake Erie & West	16	do. pref	70
do. pref	70%	Texas Pac	874
LakeShore	1375	Unica Pac	819
Lous. & Nash,	538	Wabash, St. L. & P.	6
L'ville, N. A.& Ohio.	7	do. pref	135
Manhattan Consol	108	Western Union	883
Memphis & Chas	10	Wheeling & L. Erie.	9
Mich. Central	95	do. pref	35
Missouri Pac	22		
Bonds-			
Alabama, Class A	10436	Va. funded debt;	58%
do, Class B	194	U.S. 4s, registered	110
do, Class C	94	do coupon	110

do. Clavs C. 94 do coupon. 110
Louisiana stampéd. 100 do. 28 milway. 95 y
N. C. 68 98 Southern Railway 5 86 y
Tenn. new set m 13 84 do. common. 10
do. preferred. 100 prefe

Early Morning Gossip.

Early Morning Gossip.

Dow, Jones Co., by Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager:

Washington Special: From the highest sources the following facts have been learned: The bond sale is an accomplished fact. Its secrecy is an official fiction necessary to avoid congressional interference. The announcement will be made as soon as the already assured defast of the pending bill based on the president's last message is determined in the house or the senate. If the house fails to pass the bond measure Thursday the sale will be declared Friday. Should a bond or currency bill pass the house Thursday there will be but little further delay, as the senate inance committee has decided adversely on the matter of bond legislation. Thus the sale will be proclaimed this week certain. The cabinet is a unit on the financial question, the president and Secretary Carlisle being in perfect harmony on the policy being pursued. The cabinet meeting Tuesday, the visit of J. P. Morgan and others from New York, the subsequent conference at the white house, were all important. The subject of a possible sudden raid on the gold reserve by certain parties in New York not pleased with the administration's present course was discussed. When the day closed every arrangement had been made to protect the treasury. The president now views the future with a complacency that is only disturbed by the failure of congress to listen to his appeals for relief by legislation. From this time forward he will see that a gold basis is maintained.

Boston Special: We learn that some of the directors of Rubber want a 3 per cent and others a 3 per cent dividend, among the latter being Mr. Bannigan. At the moment it looks like a compromise from a 3½ basis.

A broker especially familiar with the operations of the Granger roads said last night: "The Northwest statement was worse than I expected. It appears to have earned by St. Paul. The statement brought some selling, but it will take a little time for people to realize how small the earnings are. In case gold shipmen Dow, Jones Co., by Private Wire to J. C.

looks to me as though Northwest would be found the most vulnerable stock of the list."

New York News Bureau.
London stocks opened strong but without a great amount of arbitrage buying.
Gas rose on buying by Grossbeck. Wormser and DeCordova. Schepp was the principal buyer of Sugar—above 2,000 shares. Cooledge bought 500 shares of St. Paul. Randolph sold St. Paul.
Louisville and Nashville earnings from July 1st to January 31st increased \$859,257. The market was supported by the placing of considerable bonds abroad. Most foreign bankers were satisfied that a bargain had been struck in some way or another at a 3½ per cent basis or better.
Comments on Northwest's showing for the six months from July 1st to December 1st varied materially. The bears insisted that it meant no dividend on the common stock next June, because there would be

none earned. The bulls said that Northwest was a great recuperative property—the greatest in the country—and a dividend could be declared from the accumulated surplus. Nevertheless it was admitted that the showing was more than had been anticipated, and would probably have an effect upon the stock market when the next downward movement occurred.

American Tobacco common 3 per cent preferred, 2 per cent dividend.

The Lake Erie and Western books opened today.

The Lake Erie and Western books opened today.

There were indications Tuesday night that the exchange market has had its last rally for some time to come. The advance developed the fact that there was plenty of exchange for sale at a price, and that the back of the market was broken, so far as gold exports are concerned. It seems clear that certain houses in the exchange market are willing to sell exchange to a considerable amount at about present rates, relying on the bond issue and the feeling that the government bond issue will not be deferred beyond this week.

On weak days the Grangers are sustained by the evidently large outstanding short interest, but their immediate prospects are considered somewhat doubtful, in view of the increasing uncertainty as to the passage of the bill to levelize railway nooiling. considered somewhat doubtful, in view of the increasing uncertainty as to the passage of the bill to legalize railway pooling. Earnings of Missouri Pacific for the fourth week in January decreased \$9,000.

Closing Stock Review.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, February 6.—New York News Bureau, by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager: The stock market was intensely dull today Almost the only feature was the continued buying by London of such favorites as Louisville and Nashville, St. Paul and Union Pacific.

Louisville and Nashville rose over 1 per cent, but subsequently reacted fractionally. St. Paul gained nearly 1 point.

The Industrial list was irregular. Sugar opened heavy, but advanced 1 per cent in the afternoon on the prospect of an early statement.

the arternoon on the prospect of the statement
Lead and General Electric were unsettled.

Speculation is waiting on the official announcement of the government bond issue, but the undertone was strong.

DESCRIPTION.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Delaware & Lack				1594	1604
Northwestern	96%	97%	96%	9736	96%
Tenn. Coal & Iron				14%	143
Southern Railway	10%	10%	10	10	934
New York & N. E	80%	331/2	30	30	30%
Lake Shore	1877	138%	1373	137%	1371
Western Union	88	88%	88	8852	87
Missouri Pacific	21%	2008	21%	20	21%
Union Pacific	912	93,	. 628	936	834
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	810	5142	914	9%	91
Atchison	4%	4%	4%	4%	434
Reading Louisville & Nash	9%	101/8	9%	10	93
Louisville & Nash	523	54	525	58%	52%
North. Pacific pref St. Paul		16%	16	16%	1614
Rock Island	63 to	633	6334	631	633
Chleago Gas	7419	75la	74%	75	744
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	7134	7234	71%	72	244
Ame'n Sugar Retinery	9214	9334	9230	93%	92%
Erie	101/2	1004	-10%	104	10%
Am'n Cotton Oll		.04	10.8	19%	19%
General Electric	- 29%	201-4	29%	2914	298

BOND AND	STO	CK QUOTATIO	19.	MONTHA
Thefollowing are bi	d and	asked quotations		
		CITY BONDS.		February
ew Ga. 3½s, 27 0 30 years99 ew Ga. 3½s, 25 0 40 years99 ew Ga. 4½s 915	100 100 115 119 114 107	Atlanta 4½s	102. 10035	March
lanta 68, L.D. 112 lanta 68, S.D. 103 lanta 68, L.D. 103		Col. S.C.grad'd 3s & 4s, 1910 63 Ala., Class A101	70 100	
RAI	LROA	D BONDS.		
orgia6s,1897. 99 orgia6s,1910,107 orgia6s,1922,119 ntrai7s,1893,116 a. Pac. c't'fs110 b. Pac.de 2d 52 P.& L.,1917s 95	101 109 113 119	C. C.& A. 1st 5s, 1909	10	Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday
A.& M. 186 60	82	1st 7s, 19 7 do. income 6s 1900	1	Total
RAI	LROA	D STOCKS.		January
orgia 157 othwestern 74 otral 17 o. deben 28	160 73 20 28	Aug. & Sav 82 A. & W. P 85 do. debeu 93	90 95	March April May

The Gold Reserve. Washington, Februray 6.—The treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at \$42,182,631 The withdrawais for the day and late Tuesday afternoon at New York aggregated \$1,074,570. No general resumption of gold withdrawais is expected.

PLAINLY STATED.

WATSON & GIBSON, 55 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Daily Market Letter. New York, Monday, February 4, 1895. Dear Sir—One meets occasionally an alarmist who says that of the government stops the government gold redemption of its notes, the remaining paper and silver money of this country will sink to the bullion val-ue of silver or to a valuation of about 50 cents on the dollar, or, in other words, gold will sell at a premium of 100. Their argument is that a foreigner selling merchandise here after gold redemption was abandoned would be paid in silver dollars, which he would have to sell in London as bullion, and which in consequence would be worth only about 50 cents.

From this it would follow that all American buyers of foreign goods on new contracts would have to pay \$2 in our money for what cost \$1 abroad. If this theory wer

for what cost it abroad. If this theory were to prove true, this would become a very small market for foreign wares. With the incomes of our rich people derived, in American legal tender money, from real estate, morigages, bonds and stocks, the purchasing power of our people in foreign gold equivalent, at a premium of 100 on gold, would be exceedingly light, and the suddenly closed outlet for European merchandise and bankrupt the immense trading and manufacturing European interests. But gold would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would not go to a premium of 100; it would proportionately check American purchases abroad, and pari passu increase foreign purchase of our commodities. If gold were at a premium of 10 per cent the Englishman would buy, in American currency counting a pound sterling as \$50, eleven dollars worth of our wheat for his (two pounds) ten dollars in gold. Our exports would increase and our imports decrease.

There is no free coinage of silver, and if we went over to a silver basis Europe, even if it had, as it has not, a lot of silver pullion, could not send it here for convertibility, could for a gold to a silver basis, properly speaking, if we ceased to redeem in gold? Our currency would contract, ig anything, with gold at a premium, and this would give a value to the remaining circulating medium that would probably neutralize its lost power of convertibility into gold. Take the case of Italy, with which would give a value to the remaining circulation in Italy for four years were "lire," coined on the same ratio as French and Belgian silver, and a full lega

natter of fact, are flat money, money not edeemable by its terms in anything.

THE COTTON MARKET. Local market closed steady; middling 5c.
The following is our statement of the receipts, ship
ments and stocks at Atlanta:

RECEIPTS SHIPM TS STOCKS. 1895 | 1894 | 1895 | 1894 | 1895 | 1894 200 25385 106 213 25847 410 200 25029 803 483 25000 8887 8829 9060 9187 128 462 193 174 Total...... 956 1466 1313 1096

Stevens & Co.'s Cotton Letter. Stevens & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By private wire to J. C. Knox, manager.

New York, February 6.—The price took a
sudden turn today. Perhaps, there has been
a little overselling among local operators,
but one of the main influences contributing

a little overseiling among local operators, but one of the main influences contributing to the rise today was the announcement that a big bond issue by the government is a certainty, and that any denial of that fact is merely an "official fiction" out of respect to congress. Another was a bullish estimate of the receipts at New Orleans tomorrow, and another, some buying by Liverpool and the continent and more or less covering by the local talent. Everybody was surprised to see that the estimated receipts at New Orleans tomorrow were only 4,000 to 6,000, against 18,554 last Thursday, and 5,541 last year. Houston received only 1,724, against 4755 this day last week, and 1,318 last year; St. Louis 491, against 481 last year, and Augusta 365, against 199 last year.

Spot cotton here was still dull and weak, though without quotable change. The southern markets were slow and unaltered.

Spot cotton here was still dull and weak, though without quotable change. The southern markets were slow and unaltered. At the ports today the receipts were 23,083, against 24,186 this day last week, and only 6,746 last year. Thus far this week the total is 106,228, against 123,527 for the same time last week. Liverpool declined ½ point and closed quiet and steady, while spot sales there were 10,000 bales, at unaltered quotations. In Manchester some business was done in yarns at lower prices, and cloths were quiet. New Orleans advanced 5 points; New York advanced 2 points, and though it weakened later on, there was a subsequent rally which carried prices 4 to 5 points above the closing quotations of yesterday, and the final tone was firm, with sales of 120,900 bales. It is still narrow, the local market being under the influence very largely, of the receipts at the ports from day to day. It is supposed that the New York stock will increase much faster in the near future if the market continues weak, as the spinners of this country have already taken nearly as much cotton as they did for the entire season last year. Roughly speaking, they have taken 1,500,000 bales, against 1,625,600 bales for the entire season last year, and 1,750,000 bales in the previous season. In the meantime, the cotton goods trade here and in England is slow, and the sales of spot cotton are notorlously small at all the American markets. though without quotable change. southern markets were slow and unalt

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York today:

RECEIPTS EXPORTS. STOCKS. 1895 | 1894 | 1895 | 1894 | 1895 | 1894
 22797
 14247
 52469
 40748
 968777
 1049225

 31435
 24384
 26802
 11405
 966416
 1064502

 28913
 2:215
 17144
 28129
 978739
 1050065

 23083
 6746
 11167
 11128
 975769
 1048423

New York, February 6.—Summary Hubbard, Price & Co.'s cotton letter. The steadiness of the market remains the most noticeable feature of the situation. It is attributed to the covering of the local short interest and the buying for a long turn by those who believe that these low prices must bring about a reduction in acreage, and a smaller yield next season. The temper of the market is inclined to be bearish owing to the absence of outside speculation, but prices yield slowly and only through the liquidation of holders who became tired at the constant decrease in the value of their cotton. The falling off in the movement at the interior towns was without any other effect than to prevent a further decline. During the afternoon the absence of sellers and a better feeling in the stock market caused a change in the temper of the cotton trade and the close was firm at the best prices of the day. So far as can be judged the purchases are not based upon any change in the situation, but are induced by the belief that the market is over-sold. There is each day a small investment demand, but this as yet has not been sufficiently large to absorb the offerings of tired holders. The market remains, the fore, a very narrow one and should anything occur to cause the trade Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Cotton Letter offerings of tired holders. The

Riordan & Co.'s Cotion Letter,

New York, February 6.—The market today was dull and depressed £r most of the
day and the lowest prices yet recorded
were touched. May opened at 5.48 and declined to 5.45. The tone at one time was
quite weak. The port receipts were about
four times what they were for this day
is st season and the bears seemed very confident that a break was at hand, but the
market, while sluggish and inactive, did
not break. In the last thirty minutes the
temper of the trading underwent a decided
change. Liberal orders were received and
the price of May moved up easily 5 points
above the lowest. The close was firm with
5.50 bid for May. After the close we hear
that 5.51 was freely bid for May. A leading
house, known to be identified with the bull
side, but which has, of late, maintained a
passive attitude, was a heavy buyer. The
bears explained the reaction by saying that
the market had been a little oversoid. If
Liverpool should send us a good report tomorrow we shall probably get a better idea
of how much it is oversoid.

Semi-Weekly Crop Statement. Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter,

Semi-Weekly Crop Statement.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

1,034; stock 155,469.

Norfolk February 6—Cotton steady; middling 5 1-16; net receipts 880 bales; gross 880; sales 548; stock 45,753; exports coastwise 1,495.

Baltimore, February 6—Cotton dult; middling 516; net receipts 1,100 bales; gross 2,346; ales none; stock 16,480; exports to Great Britain 5,156; to continent

stock 85,537; exports to continent 4,500; coastwise 2,650.

2,650.

New Orleans, February 8—Cotton quiet; midding 5; net receipts 10.334 baies; gross 11,200; aais 3,000; stock 361,478; exports constwise 10.330.

Mobile, February 6—Cottonquiet; midding 4 15-16; net receipts 316 baies; gross 1,010; tales 300; stock 42,627; exports coastwise 917.

Memphis. February 6—Cotton steady; midding 51-16; net receipts 1,014 baies; shipments 4,066; sales 1,7760; stock 122,741. Augusta, February 6 - Cotton steady; middling 5 3-16; not receipts 356 bales; shipmens 532; sales 392; stock 30,783.

Charleston February 6—Cotton quiet; middling 51s, net receipts 893 baies; gross 893; sales none; stock 59,402; exports to continent 1,240.

Houston, February 6—Cotton easy; middling 5 1-16; net receipts 1,724 baies; salpments 3,546; sales 545; stock 45.997. W. H. PATTERSON & O

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Indebted to Corn for Its Advance Yesterday.

Wheat Indebted to Corn for Its Advance Yesterday.

Chicago, February 6.—Wheat was indebted to corn for all the strength it showed today. For two reasons, the first during the morning and the second right at the close, the sympathy of the nine with the coarse grain was distinctly manifest. When the early advance in the latter was checked wheat fell away to almost the position it held at the opening and displayed but little inclination to rally from that time until the final bulge took place. The news in wheat was not very important. There was a resurrected item touching damage to the Argentine crop, which was given wide publicity a month ago, but when the crowd became aware of the fact that it was stale they sold out what wheat they bought on the information. The New Yorkers were conspicuously sellers at the opening, their own market showing a decline. May wheat opened at 53%c, sold between 53% and 54%c, closing at the outside, %c higher than yesterday. Cosh wheat was firm and averaged about %c higher than yesterday. The cold weather just passed and the predictions of a severe cold wave in the immediate future gave rise to the talk of greater consumption with an appreciable impression on the stocks and the large short interest with the light offerings did the rest. There were two notable bulges to prices, one during the morning and the other within the last fifteen minutes. May corn opened from 44 to 44%c, sold between 43% and 45%c, closing at the top, 1%clinge higher than yesterday. Cash corn was strong at an advance of 1@11%c over yesterday.

Oats, as a matter of course, firmed with corn, but presented no individual merit. The decline after the early boom was off corn, but rallied again with that market. The close was firm with May ½clinger than yesterday. Cash oats were ½cl

Provisions—The bulk of the trade in provisions was of a scalping order. The bulge in the position of corn threw some firmness into the product and a stronger and higher hog market added legitimate strength to the trade. The close was 20c higher than yesterday for May pork, 5071½c higher for May lard and 7½@10c higher for May ribs. Domestic markets were quiet and firm.

... 10 074 10 224 10 024 10 20 ... 6 65 6 674 6 60 5 3214 5 25

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter. By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager. Chicago, February 6.—Influenced by unfavorable cables and a very light trade, opening prices were a shade lower. Later the reports of higher markets abroad, Liverpool No. 2 cash red ½d higher, and Paris about to per bushel higher, gave the market a much better tone. Probably the most potent factor in causing the advance was the repetition or rather the confirmation of the unfavorable reports from the Argentine Republic. It is probably settled beyond question that the crop there is not only very light, but the quality is so poor that the exportable surplus will be even below he former estimate. Bradstreet's report makes the decrease in the available supply about 2,00,000 bushels. Primary receipts continue very light. Millers in winter wheat section are bidding 4 to 5c per bushel above Chicago prices to supply the domestic trade. Receipts are very fight, due partially to the extreme weather, which interferes materially with transportation. The speculative feeling is becoming more friendly to corn, and this is likely to produce a broader market and probably better Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter

duce a broader market and probably better prices.

The same feeling prevails in the hog product and the market was strong, with a good demand. The receipts of hogs are light, with the general tendency to better prices; in fact, grain and provisions are statistically stronger, and we can see nothing to prevent the general improvement in prices all around, except, perhaps, the advance of the gold dollar. We believe this is the only factor in the way or a healthy improvement.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

Flour, Grain and Meai.

Atlants, February 6 - Flour, first patent 25,85; sond patent 85,25; straight \$2,90; fancy \$2,70; trafamily \$2.50. Corn, white 56cc mixed 52,00; rust proof 52c; white 46c; mixed 43:. Rye, 6cor, 75c. Bariey, 6cordia raised 85c. Hay, No. 1 tin thy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timot mail bales, 80c. Meai, plain 56c; bolted 54c. Where, narge sacks, 90; small sacks 92%, Grits \$3, brain, large sacks, 90; small sacks 92½. Grits \$3.30. Mew York. February 6 — Southern flour dull but Apsats; good to choice \$2.80\(\text{s}\)3.25. common to fair extra\$\frac{1}{2}.90\(\text{s}\)2.55. Common to fair extra\$\frac{1}{2}.90\(\text{s}\)2.75. Wheat spot is to common to fair extra\$\frac{1}{2}.90\(\text{s}\)2.75. Southern flour flows from the same properties of the same propertie

July 424. Oats quiet; No. 2February 304; May 304; Chicago, February 6 - Flour unsettled; winter patent \$4.256 3.0; winter straights \$2.756 3.10; No. 2 spring wheat 546/564; No. 3 spring -; No. 2 red 50%, No. 2 cont 3. No. 2 cots 256/289. Cincinnati, February 6 - Flour quiet; winter patents \$2.6562, 290; fancy \$2.5562, 75. Wheat inactive but in fair demand and firmer; No. 2 red 53%. Corn active; No. 2 mixed 43%. Oat, about steady; No. 2 mixed 31%.

Grocerles.

Atlants, February 6-Roasted coffee 22,60 % 100 h cases. Green—Choice 20c; fair 19c; prizas 18c. Sugar—Standard granulated 4 kc; off granulated 4

Savannah, February 6 — Spirita turpentine firm at 27 for regulars, sales 475 caaks; receipts 205 casks Rosin firm and unchanged with no sales; A. Rad C 41.00; D 41.05; E 41.10; F 41.20; G 41.30; H 41.75; H 41.90; K 42.10; M 42.40; N \$2.60; window-glass \$2.75; waterwhite \$2.85. Wilmington, February 6-Rosin firm: strained \$1.02\frac{1}{2}; good strained \$1.02\frac{1}{2}; torpentine firm at \$20\frac{1}{2}; torpentine firm at \$1.00; crude turpentine steady; hard \$1.10; soft \$1.50; virgin \$1.70.

New York February 6-Rosin dull, unchanged strained common to good \$1.35\frac{1}{2}1.40; turpentine quiet and steady at \$29\frac{1}{2}630 bid.

Charleston, February 6-Tarpentine firm at \$25; rosin firm; good strained \$1.00.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS.

BARKER & HO

Investment Securities ROOM 6, CAPITAL CITY BANK PIDE

John W. Dickey. Stock and Bond Broke AUGUSTA, GA Correspondence Invited

RAILROAD SCHEDULES Showing the Arrival and Departure of Trains from This City-Central Time ARRIVE. DEPARE
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

CENTRAL RALLROAD OF GEORGIA
From Hapeville 5 45 am To Hapeville 5 45 WESTERN AND ATLANTIC BALLSOAN
FFrom Nashville. 7 00 am Fro Nashville. 7 From Marietta... 6 20 am Fro Nashville. From Marietta... 6 20 am Fro Nashville. From Nashville. 2 25 pm Fro Marietta... 15 50 am Fro Marietta... 15 From Nashville. 2 25 pm Fro Marietta... 15 From Nashville.

From Newnan.....10 15 am To Newnan..... 11

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY (PIEDMONT AIR-LINE)

GEORGIA RAILROAI

SEABOARD AIR-LINE

GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULP.
(VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GEIPPIN) From Columbus... 11 37 am To Columbus 18 From Columbus... 8 05 pm To Columbus.... 48

MIDDLE GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC. (VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD TO COVINGTOL.) From Milledgeville 12 15 pm | To Milledgeville | From Milledgeville 6 00pm | To Milledgeville 2 ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILBOAD

The shortest possible and most to route from the south to Chicago is via NASHVILLE AND EVANSVILLE



J. B. CAVANAUGH, G. P. A. Evansville, D.

J. M. CUTLER, G. S. A., Atlanta, Ga.

S. A. L. SEABOARD AIR-LINE, SCHEDUL NORTHBOUND.

DOUBLE DAILY No. 38. No. 401. Central Time. No. 401. Daily. Daily and Sunday Daily 8 l5 pm 12 00 m Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 m pm 12 28 pm Ar... Winder... Lr 3 45 pm 11 48 pm 2 C pm Ar... Winder... Lr 3 45 pm 12 57 am 4 0 pm 13 Ar... Winder... Lr 3 63 pm 12 57 am 4 0 pm Ar... Lebertile Lr 1 15 pm 3 4 5 pm Ar... Lebertile Lr 1 15 pm 13 5 30 am 6 60 pm Ar... Clatter Lr 1 15 15 pm 14 50 0 am 7 7 35 pm 14 7 ... Cleater Lr 10 15 15 am 6 30 am 8 45 pm Ar... Monroe... Lv 19 3 15 am 6 30 am 8 45 pm Ar... Monroe... Lv 19 3 15 am 6

1025 .m 9 45pm Ar.. Charlotts ... Lv 5 50 m 18 230pm 753am Ar Wilmingt'n Lv 7-30pm 5 50 pm 7 30 am Ar .. Nor oik ... Lv 9 00 pm

Trains Nos. 402 and 402 are solid varies with Pullman Buffet Sleepin between Atlanta and Washington, is sleepers between Monroe and Paris Washington and New York; sleepin between Charlotte and William Buffet parlor cars in Washington and New York; sleepin between Charlotte and William Trains Nos. 28 and 41, solid between it as and Norfolk, carrying Pullmas attached, making direct comechs Weldon with Atlantic Coast Line

ta and Norfolk, carrying Pulimas attached, making direct connection Weldon with Atlantic Coast Medical Washington and New York, and north and east; at Norfolk with for Washington, Bay Line for Washington, Bay Line for Washington, Bay Line for Meanington, Bay Line for Actional and the Columbia, with through coaches of at the company's ticket office, at Kimball house.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President, JOHN H. WINDER, General Massacratic Columbia, With Mindell Research Control of the Company's Line of the Co

TH

His Crime Today.

HE WILL PLEAD GUILTY AND RETURN

Morning That a Posse Would Come-Sheriff Camp Is Here.

This morning at 5:35 o'clock Sheriff Camp

and a strong guard will take Joe Dean, the

heartless slayer of old man Leigh, from the

Dean will plead guilty to the terrible

crime, receive the death sentence and be brought back to Atlanta at 2:35 o'clock

Atlanta jail and carry him to Fairburn.

JOE DEAN.

as murder, he would have been lynch-

ed. There is still some little fear of trou-

are Sheriff Camp, J. T. Hearn, J. C. Peel

and W. D. Cochran, four brave and sturdy

realizes his crime and his condition and fears that his neck will be broken before sentence is passed on him. He will plead guilty, as he has confessed that he murder-

ed Mr. Leigh, and he will be sentenced to

hang in a very short time.

The murder of Mr. A. B. Leigh was more horrible than even that of young Kiser, who was killed in that county less than

three years ago. Mr. Leigh was the father of Mr. W. D. Leigh, of Atlanta.

The negro's own story furnishes all the

facts. He says that he needed some money

facts. He says that he needed some money to finish paying for a horse. He was pressed for the money and had to get it. Finally he was driven to such an extreme that he determined to do murder for it if necessary. He went to the home of Mr. A. B. Leigh, for whom he had frequently worked, and aroused the family. Mr. Leigh, an aged man, came to the door and Dean told him that one of the Leigh farm hands was very ill. Mr. Leigh at once procured some medicine and started out with Dean

some medicine and started out with Dean some medicine and started out with Dean fog the house of the sick, negro tenant. They had gone only a short distance when Dean struck his benefactor down from be-hind, knocking him senseless at the first blow. Remorselessly the negro finished his

work by cutting the throat of the insensi-

Shot at by the Daughter.

Dean then returned to Mr. Leigh's hom

and knocked at the door. He was admit-ted. Inquiries were made by the family for

old them that Mr. Leigh was at the negro

pected that something was wrong and re-fused to go. This refusal aroused Dean

the money in the house. Miss Leigh ran into an adjoining room and came out with a shotgun. She fired once at Dean, and as

he ran shot at him again.

Dean fied and was pursued. The body of
Mr. Leigh was found and the neighborhood
aroused. The negro managed to evade
every attempt to arrest him and succeeded

in getting within a few miles of Tallapoosa. He was found there by a couple of Talla-poosa citizens, who heard that he was at a negro cabin near the town. They laid in

Then they rushed in upon him, though not before a big dog had given warning and Dean had started to run from the house, when the men burst into the moon. He was brought to Atlanta for safe keeping and has been these these that

When

Anything

to you or Yours, Nine times out

of ten you can Cure it

Yourself with

ing and saw Dean go into the house

he ran shot at him again.

leigh and in a stammering way Dean

hardly be anything serious.

RSON & Securiti

Dickey. ond Brok 'A, GA ice Invit

Notice was received yesterday morning by Jailor Mardis that a posse from Camp CHEDULES bell county would reach here in the after noon and take Joe, the murderer, back to The posse, headed by Sheriff Camp, arriv ed yesterday afternoon and this morning will return on the Atlanta and West Point Feeling is extreme against the negro, and

IR-LINE.

chicago is vis

NASHVILLE CHICAGO LIMITE

NE. SCHEDUL 23, 1894. I" Solid Vesti Fare Charged. DAILY and New York

Sunday Dai y ta c.ti Ar 4 00 ym 1 der...Lv 3 42 ym 1 mee cas ...Lv 2 03 ym 1 rtos ...Lv 2 04 ym 1 ville Lv 1 15 es wood Lv 1 104 pm 1 ster ...Lv 1 104 pm 1 ster ...Lv 1 104 pm 1 otts ...Lv 5 60 am otts ...Lv 5 60 am ngt'n Lv 7-30 pm

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ines Lv 10

You know things will happen-falls and bruises, cuts and burns, cramps and colic, coughs and colds, croup and sore throat, grip and rheums tism, diarrhoea and indigestioncome what will, when it will, you can repair damage quickly and go on your way Ir you have a bottle of Pain-Killer. Prepared only by PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. *********

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE. -20c- HUNDRED | said to be a very fine one.

Handle the Atlanta Team.

A MAN WITH AN EXCELLENT RECORD

The Decision Was Reached Yesterday The New Manager Will Reach Here Friday-The Baseball Outlook

It is to be Manager Knowles. President Hirsch, of the Atlanta club. announced yesterday that a decision had been reached in the matter of a manager and that Atlanta will have one of the best known minor league managers in America during the coming season.

For several years "Jimmy" Knowles has en one of the most prominent managers and captains of the Eastern League, for when it won the championship, and the since then have always stood well. He was with the New York team a few seasons ago, and has since been in Providence and Troy. Last season he declined to play for the salary offered him, and went into ousiness in Jersey City. A good offer from the Atlanta club has induced him to change his mind about retiring and he has tele-

graphed his acceptance of the offer. Manager Knowles was very highly re ommended by Mr. P. T. Powers, president of the Eastern League, and by the Spauldings. For several years he was closely associated with Mr. Powers, and hat gentleman's recommendation is of the most enthusiastic order. Knowles has a record of being an excellent ball player, plays equally well at first or third, is good hitter, fine base runner and the sort of a manager who fights for his rights, "From everything we know," said Prest, dent Hirsch last evening, "Knowles is the very best man available. It is particularly ortunate that he was not connected with any club last season, or it would have been impossible for us to secure him. We

believe that he is the right man for us and that he will give Atlanta a winning team." Manager Knowles will reach Atlanta Friday. He telegraphs that he has a numper of good players in sight and as lines are out for several promising men the baseall people feel confident of being able to secure a team that will make an excellen showing. They have as yet reached no settlement of the grounds question or th fellows who will fight to the death before they will surrender if an at-tack should be made. Despite all this the negro Dean does not want to go back to Campbell county. He other details of the season, everything else being subservient to this principal and important move, the manager.

TAKEN BACK TO CLAYTON. One of the Men Refused to Leave His

Cell as He Feared Lynching. Henry Tidwell and Charles Shank, two negroes, who were arrested in Clayton county not long ago for criminally assault ing a white woman, have been taken back o Clayton, where they will be tried this

the jail and asked for Shanks, he refused to leave his cell. He swore that he would not go to Clayton county as they would lynch him when he got there. He persisted in his refusal to come out of his cell, and Jailer Mardis finally overpowered him and the negro was handcuffed and shackled. He and Tidwell, who exhibited the same fear as to lynching, but who was less de-monstrative in his fright, were chained together.

When the crime was committeed ther was considerable feeling against both men and when they were captured an attempt was made to use the rope on them, but th officers eluded the mob and brought the me here for safe keeping.

MR. RUSSELL IN TWO PLAYS.

Nobody but Sol Smith Russell could hav drawn such audiences as went to the Grand yesterday afternoon and last night. "Peace ful Valley" and "A Poor Relation" were the plays, both favorites and both worthy of their popularity. Mr. Russell has won his way to the hearts of the people through the medium of Hosea Howe and Noah Vale and they are characters which in his hands will never grow old. The supporting company is seen to excellent advantage in bot plays. Mr. Hudson MacKay, Mr. Smylie Miss Ford, Miss Custerle, Miss Ryan and Miss Boniface all deserve mention. Miss Custerle is great as Scallops, and added very much to last night's performance. The children, of course, charmed every-

William H. Crane Tonight. William H. Crane will make his first ap-pearance in Atlanta since his separation from Stuart Robson tonight at the Grand Tonight he will be seen in "The Senator," which will be presented with the New York casts, scenery, properties and costumes. "The Senator" will also be produced at a special matinee Friday and "Brother John" Friday night. "The Senator" is an intensey American work, and is a good pictu

Friday night. "The Senator" is an intensely American work, and is a good picture of social, political and diplomatic life in Washington. The first act is laid in the home of Silas Denman, who has grown old and poor endeavoring to have congress allow a claim he has against the government. The second act is laid in the reception room of the house of Secretary Armstrong, the third act in one of the senate committee rooms, in which the big scene of the play occurs, and the last act in the apartments of Senator Rivers. The play has been seen in all over forty weeks in New York, and its profits have made Mr. Crane a rich man, even in the days of enormous fortunes.

In his production of "Brother John" Comedian William H. Crane will be seen as John Mackett, a shrewd yankee, who has made a fortune in the manufacture of hats. Mrs. Kate Denin Wilson will be his elder sister, Beck; Miss Anne O'Neill, a very pretty girl, will be his youngest sister. Sophie; Mr. Joseph Wheelock, Jr., will be little Brother Bobby; Mr. Orrin Johnson will be Ed Kidd, a young society man in love with Sophie; Mr. Loyd Putnam will be Henry de Ruyter, a gambler; Mr. Percy Brooke will be Wolf Hopkins, the foreman of the hat factory; Miss Lizzie Hudson Collier will be the forewoman of the factory and John's sweetheart, and Mr. George F. DeVere will be Mr. Van Sprague. Others in the cast will be Mr. William Herbert, Miss Lille Vance, Miss Ida Burrows and Miss Folliott Paget.

The gifted actor, Robert Mantell.

Robert Mantell.

Robert Mantell.

The gifted actor, Robert Mantell, is announced for Saturday night at the Grand.

"Monbars" will be the bill. The New York Press says of the play:

"Mantell, in the title role of Monbars, was superb, filling the character with subtle power and fairly creating the part by his own individuality. The audience called him before the curtain six times in the fourth act, where he discloses to his wife the act that she is suspected of poisoning him. "Monbars' as a play is exceptionally fine, and Mr. Mantell is particularly fortunate in selecting it to close his metropolitan season with."

BIG NEW DEPOT.

Jacksonville, Fla., Has a Fine Union Depot.

The blg new union depot at Jackson-ville, Fla., has been completed now and all trains into that city enter the same depot. By this new arrangement the trains of the Southern railroad, in conjunction railroad, now run into the new depot, making that route preferable to all others for Florida travel. The new depot is The new depot is

BACK TO CAMPBELL MANAGER KNOWLES OUT OF THE HOSPITAL PLEA FOR THE SCHOOL

100 Dean Will Be Taken to the Scene of A Well-Known Eastern Leaguer to Mrs. Hicken's Husband Spent Yesterday Captain R.J. Lowry Makes Strong Argu-Afternoon with Her.

MRS. HICKEN TELLS A STRANGE STORY

She Says She Could Create Surprise by Declaring Her Identity-Denies That She Is Mrs. McFadden.

M. E. Hicken, the husband of Mrs. M. E. Hicken, has been released from the Grady hospital and is now seeking work. He was a visitor to the jail yesterday and was admitted to his wife's cell, where he remained the greater portion of yesterday

He still has the appearance of a sick man and is suffering from a wound on his leg which he received some time ago, and from which he has never fully recovered. He is able to get about, however, and stated yesterday that he hoped to get work in a furniture house in Atlanta if possible. He states that he feels much better and would be all right but for his leg. Mrs. M. E. Hicken is apparently in fin health and is not one whit discouraged by the fact that she is now under sentence to two-years' term in the penitentiary on the charge of forgery. She is an educated woman and talks well. She speaks in a most interesting fashion of the charges

believes that when the case goes to the upreme court she will be granted a new trial at once if Judge Clark overrules the "I have not been properly treated by the lewspapers," said Mrs. Hicken yesterday o a Constitution reporter. "Things that ution reporter. "Things that have said have been written up in such a way as to word the sentiment correctly, but so as to leave an impression entirely different from the one I intended to con-

against herself and husband and affirms her innocence in most positive terms. She

"There is one matter in which I have been done a grave injustice. It was print-ed in one of the afternoon papers that a son of mine came here from Florida and son of mine came here from Florida and visited the jail. The name of this son was given as Roy McFadden, and he was made o say that I was his mother. I have never seen a man claiming to be Roy Fadden and the jailers will tell you to no such man was ever in the jail." Mrs. Hicken continued very warmly:

"I deny most positively that I am Mrs McFadden. I told one reporter in a I was, but fortunately he did not use it. He uttered an exclamation of surprise. I mentioned it before I thought, and I would not tell it now. If I were to tell exactly who I am it would create no small surprise here. My husband and myself are both from Canada, though he is an Englishman. We own property in Canada. We do not speak French because we lived in Canada west, where English is spoken almost en-

the statement made that I am Mrs. Mc-Fadden. This statement wrought much harm at the trial. One of the jurors, I am told, said to the others that I must surely be guilty if, woman of refinement as I appeared to be, I was denied by my son, who had come to Atlanta for the purpose of identifying me. No son of mine ever came to Atlanta and saw me. As to the cashier that the state wanted here to testify against me, I wrote to try to get him to ome but he would not. He would have helped my side.

"Now, there has been much said about the trouble the jailers had with me. I have not had trouble with a single jailer here. I did have upon one occasion some words with Jailer McCullough, but since he has been reinstated I have had no cause for complaint. Then, it was printed that I did not eat for a day or two. I eat three meals a day and expect to for some time. I have friends who will go on my bond when it is announced. I am sure to get free and my lawyer assures me that I will be out by the 11th of this month. "I have a statement written out telling all about my life and my relations. My attorneys have advised me to say nothing about its contents, and, of course, I cannot. But I am most positively not Mrs. McFadden, of Florida, and never eloped with Mr. Hicken. He is my husband. All of this being true, who is the myste-

SEVERAL LODGES WILL OCCUPY IT.

he New Masonic Hall in the Chambe of Commerce Rapidly Under Way. The Atlanta Masons are rapidly getting eir new quarters in shape. The hall will be splendidly fitted out, and the regalia will all be new. That in the old capitol build-ing was destroyed by fire, but there was an insurance of \$8,000. This will not cover the entire loss, but will go a long ways towards entire loss, but will go a long ways towards reducing the outlay that will be necessary from the treasury of the Masons.

Four blue lodges will meet at the new hall. These are Atlanta Lodge No. 58, Fulton Lodge No. 216, Georgia Lodge No. 296 and Gate City Lodge No. 2. The others that will meet in this hall are the Mount Zion chapter, the Jason Burr council, the Coeur de Lion commandery and the Atlanta commandery and the Atlanta commandery and the Atlanta commandery and the Shripers.

Atlanta commandery and the Shriners.
While the new quarters are hardly as convenient as those in the old capitol, they will be elegantly fitted up and the arrangeents will be thorough, especially for in-

HALF FROZEN AND STARVING.

A Demented Negro Woman Found Near Hapeville in a Sad Condition. Yesterday morning Ordinary Calhoun had before him Jane Carpenter, a half-dement-ed negro woman, who had been found near Hapeville by two negro men.

These men, Ned Ellis and Tom Berry,

estified that they found her in an old field testified that they found her in an old held near Hapeville, and that she was nearly frozen, and had not had anything to eat for a day or two. She gave her nameras Jane Carpenter, and managed to make it understood that she once lived in Seney, Ga., and had worked for awhile in Atlan-Ordinary Calhoun committed her to jail until something further could be found out about her. It is possible that she has relatives here who would take charge of her. She appears to be neither hopelessly nor dangerously insane.

THE STREET STREET, STR An Up-to-Date Necessity For the Toilet and Bath

Pine Blossom Soap

Medicated, antiseptic, absolutely pure. Soothing and healing, it purifies and gives health and beauty to the skin, removing all irritating and humiliating disfigurements.

Price 25 cents.

FOSTER MEDICINE CO.,

ment for the High School.

NO MONEY HAS BEEN SET ASIDE FOR IT

And the Work Has Been Stopped-A Queer Argument Pres nt-d - W bat Captain Lowry Says:

The Boys' High school building present

The building is now one-fourth built, an

work has been suspended without any prospect of its being resumed before from the present. The entire box of education is stirred up over the matte and is seriously exercised over the prospe of no provision being made by the count for the prosecution of the work this year, They declare that it is a matter of prim

importance and the failure of the council to provide a single dollar for the work whe the year's apportionments were made has will take some organized action soon to try and get the city fathers to reconsider the Speaking of the matter yesterday Captai

he board of education, said: "Can it be that the city council is op-posed to the building of the Boys' High school? It has been whispered around that it may be so; however, I do not believe

obert J. Lowry, for years a member of

'The Boys' High school now under wa was commenced last year, so as to have it finished by this fall, after free consultation with ex-Mayor Goodwin and a number of the members of the council that would hole over, who knew the situation, as it had often been done before in other der of the city. I will venture the assertion that the citizens composing the board of education do more disinterested work than any other department of the city, without fee or reward.

"The appropriation this year is much smaller than we had reason to expect, con sidering the improvements and the constant growth of the schools. The board uses every conomy possible, and if you will look o the names composing the board you will find there men who are largely ricrested in every movement to help build up At-lanta. If it is necessary for the city council to go to the legislature for power to borrow money for other improvements, why not let what money you now have go to finishing up the Boys' High school, now well under way, and wait for other necessary improvements not commenced until you have the money in hand? I am one of those who believe in having money in sight before you commence your improvements and that is the only correct way to do, but this is an exceptional case, and we had assurances hat we would have the means furnished us to finish the building. If it had been oth-erwise, I know the board of education would never have commenced it. This being the fact, I think the city council should urnish the means to complete the building

rom some source. "The place we have now we will have to nade by the city in the new building would be. This school has never had a permanent home; it has moved time and again. An institution that has done as much for Atlanta as this school has is entitled to a permanent home, and a good one.

"Graduates of this school can be found in the country of the co

in all walks and positions in life, and when you see a graduate, you will find a man competent to fill any position of honor or trust in the country, and, further, many of the graduates would not have obtained the education which fits them for the many positions they fill, but for this school. We

higher education which enables them to obtain places that are always open to the competent, and our graduates will ever feel proud in saying: 'I am a graduate of the Boys' High school of Atlanta.'

"In this building we have rooms set apart for a night school for boys which will enable many hard working boys who labor all day to obtain an education and have the benefit of our schools, and who but for them would have no education at all."

A Bad State of Affairs.

The people of the South are being deceived in the purchase of imitation medicines. It's poor consol a tion to a sick man to be told that the medicine offered him certainly won't do him any harm? This is the best reason why you should be sure to get the right medicine. Don't risk any of the many Liver Medicines which have sprung up in the Southto be sold in the place of Simmons Liver Regulator, put up by J. H. Zeili n& Co., with the Red Zon every pack age. Have nothing to do with any thing else, or any dealer who would persuade you that the many imita tions under different names are just as good. It's not true.

FORTUNES

made daily by speculation; market low. Grasp this opportunity to increase your income by successful speculation in grain, stocks, provisions. Our latest manual mailed free. J. S. Level, Banker and Broker, 28 Ralato building, feb5 6t tues thur sat sun

For a genuine Linen Handkerchief, see our new shipment. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

The Original and Genuine

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

Hot and Cold Meats,

BAREBITS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Take None but Lea & Perrins.

Lea Dermis

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK,

SALADS, SOUPS,

FISH,

All creditors of the estate of John A. Houseworth, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. January 30, 1895.

W. M. LYON, JOHN A. LYON, JAMES Executors. Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS illott street. hes—Office 389; Factory 1020.

WILLINGHAM & CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Colds, Catarrh and ALL PAIN.

POND'S EITRACT is highly recommended by physicians as an ANTISEPTIC; being non-poisonous, it can be used as freely as desired. GENUINE CURES. IMITATIONS DO NOT.

A Conundrum MARDI GRAS

"WANT OF MANLINESS

UNMANLINESS! INEFFECTIVENESS! The WHAT and WHY is glowingly expressed in nutshell fashion by Miss R. who answers: "DARE-DEVILTRY is what the eternal woman in us likes best. We would be fought for still—and MASTERED."

The thousands of men readers of The Constitution should DIGEST and PROFIT by this lucid insight of the

NEW WOMAN.

NEW WOMAN.

She has evidently reached the bottom facts on what the paper declares (and truly) to be "a most important question"—one that intimately concern human happiness. Mark! MANLINESS is THE ESSENTIAL with her—nothing feminine or epicene. MANLINESS, as Webster defines it, "is having the qualities—VIRILITY, BRAVERY and mental and moral SOUNDNESS—are based on perfect health of BODY AND MIND. BODY AND MIND.

But the dissipations of youth's mature manhood exhaust the citadel of LIFE as surely as the inroads of AGE. Yet aman-so called-young, middle aged or old, impotent and helpless in body and mind, a harphones in short, a

PATTERN FAMILY SKELETON! can by a brief course of home treatment be radically cured of cally cured of NERVOUS DEBILITY

and restored to HEALTH, STRENGTH and a SECOND YOUTH, his shortcomings FORGOTTEN and his future happiness and well-being assured.

A course of scientific treatment by those expert specialists, Dr. Hathaway & Co., 22½ South Broad street, will of a VERITY promptly insure the above. Rochefoucauld says: "Few people know how to be old." WE say: "Few people know how to be young." Read our book of 64 pages and learn how to be a perfect man or a perfect woman. Sent free by mentioning The Constitution.



Dr. Hathaway & Co

No. 22½ South Broad Street, Atlanta Ga. Hours 9 to 12, 2 to 6 and 7 to 8.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857. PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, and branch store at 201 Peters street, in addition to his large and varied stock, is now receiving his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard, blue and red top grass seeds, German millet, eastern-raised Irish potatoes, onlon sets; all kinds of watermelon and cantaloupe seeds, and garden seeds of all kind; gardening tools and other hardware; guns and pistols, cartridges and ammunition of all kinds, and other varieties of goods, too numerous to mention here. He keeps up the old style. Whenever you fall to find anything, be sure and come to his place and you will be very apt to find it. All of the above varieties are to be found at his stores on Whitehall and Peters streets.

The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers, porters, brandles, gins, rums and whiskies of the very best grade, for medicinal and beverage purposes are to be found at his Whitehall street store.

A perfect variety store at each place. All orders, accompanied with the cash, filled promptly and at reasonable prices. On hand a good lot of arctic and rubber overshoes and rubber boots for the cold and bad weather. Terms cash.

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Proprietor.

with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms. The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis. First-class accommo-dations at fair prices on either the American or European Plan.

> C. B. KNOTT, Manager liotel Ponce de Leon will open Jan. 16, 1895.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

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and every class of house building material, in hardwood or pine; stair building, store fronts and office fixtures.

Dealers in window, plate and fancy glass. Wholesale and retail dealers in lumber and bridge timbers. Get your estimates from us before placing your orders. Office No. 1 North Forsyth street. Factory—Nos. 64 to 88 Elliott street.

On account of the Mardi Gras festivities at New Orleans, La., the At lanta and West Point railroad and the Western Railway of Alabama will sell round trip tickets on February 22d to 25th inclusive, good to return 15 days from date of sale, at the lo rate of ONE FARE.

For sleeping car reservations and any other information, call on any agent of these companies or write to JNO. A. GEE, G. W. ALLEN,

Gen. Pass. Agent, Trav. Pass. Ag't Atlanta, Ga. Remember this is the only line run-

ning extra through sleepers to Nev G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR

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FOR RENT. Whitehall Street Store

for any strictly first-class retail business It consists of two floors and basement; well lighted and prettily finished inside and

ISAAC LIEBMAN. Real Estate, Renting and Loans Agent,

28 Peachtree Street

33,00 buys new 5-room house, all conventiences, lot 50x150 to alley, on Boulevard Terms reasonable.
312,000 buys 11-room house, lot 100x100 to alley, on Church street; one-third cash alley, on Church street; one-third cash, balance easy.

\$1,500 cash buys 6-room house, lot 62x100, on Yonge street; cost \$2,000 six months ago.

\$1,000 buys 4-room house, lot 50x120, on Bailey street, near Fair street.

\$2,500 buys new 6-room house, corner lot, 88 1-3x200 to 20-foot alley, on Madison st. fronting Grint park; one-half cash, 1, 2 and 3 years. Reduced from \$3,000.

\$300 buys 4-room house, lot 46x100, on Boaz street, near Edgewood avenue; rents \$10 per month.

street. \$500 buys 3-room house, lot 65x150, on Flat Shoals and Fair street. \$1,500, on easy terms, buys 4-room house, lot lies well, on Georgia avenue, near Capitol avenue Cheap lots on Rankin and Edith streets

Cheap lots on Rankin and Edith Streets and Angler avenue.
50x120, corner, on Forest avenue.
\$3,000 buys 200x200, corner, on Thurmond street. Cheap.
\$2,250 buys corner lot, 100x230, on Elizabeth street, in Inman Park. \$650 buys corner, 100x100, on McMillan st. Local money to loan on Atlanta real es-tate. No delay. ISAAC LIEBMAN, 28 Peachtree Street

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans. \$6,750 for the cheapest home on north side of city. In splendid neighborhood.
\$4,300—Elegant home, 6 rooms and fine corner lot. Reduced from \$4,750.
Beautiful corner lot, 50x150, on one of choicest streets on north side, worth fully \$3,000, but compelled to be sold.
\$5,500—Beautiful Inman Park lot, 100 feet—\$4,000 has been refused for it.
\$13,000—Alabama street store, renting now for \$70 per month.
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\$300 per acre for 5 acres at Decatur.
Money to loan at reasonable rates on good city property. Office 12 East Alabama street; phone 363.

H. NORTHEN. WALKER DUNSON

NORTHEN & DUNSON, Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Building. We have \$5,000 to loan on Atlanta prop-

We have \$5,000 to loan on Atlanta property.

THINK OF IT—\$3,500 buys 550 acres of fertile land one mile of Appling, county site of Columbia county, 25 miles of Augusta. Ga. 8 miles frem railroad, with 18-room, 2-story frame residence, 2 barns, 4 double, 2 single frame tenement houses, hothouse, dairies, ginhouse, 5-acre orchard, apples and peaches; also admirably adapted for fine stock farm, with 200 acres of bermuda grass bottoms, 4 springs; branch and creek, Improvements alone cost more than \$13,000 ard only \$3,500 buys land and all improvements. and only \$1,500 buys land ments.

EXCHANGE—Two houses, new, renting for \$420 per annum, for \$4,000, and will take other property or farm in part payment.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

Sam'l W. Goode.

J. A. Reynolds.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S

Real Estate Offers.

SOUTH BOULEVARD HOME, one block this side Grant park, one block from Park avenue car line, six-room dwelling, neat, new, in good condition, paved street and walks, water main in front, electric lights on street, lot 60x190 feet to a 20-foot alley; place fronts west; nice shade of elms and oaks; mortgage on it for \$2,000, payable \$30 per month without interest. Price \$2,500, or will exchange for a less expensive home and party assume the expensive home and party assume the mortgage. We must sell or exchange this quickly. Submit your offers. CHOICE SMALL FARMS near Fayettaville, 18 miles from Atlanta on the A. and F. railroad, 100 to 300 acres to exchange for Atlanta property or for sale on easy terms.

terms.

EAST FAIR STREET—New 2-story, 8-room residence, water, gas, barn and stable, central, lot 57x100 feet, on car line, good neighborhood, worth \$5,000 and will exchange for a West End home of equal value.
FOREST AVENUE and Merritts avenue
and North avenue homes and vacant lots
for sale. Also choice lots and residences
on Peachtree and all best streets. See us
if you wish to buy or sell real estate
or to exchange it.

exchange it.

BAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.;

15 Peachtree Street.

YOU KNOW

We show reliable, fresh and styl-

WE BELIEVE

It's wiser to close out stock at the end of a season at cost, or even below, than to carry it from season

The First Loss Is the Best

Upon entering our store, and after seeing the large piles of SUITS, OVERCOATS and ODD PANTS,

You Will See and Believe

That We Need Room

For our spring stock (and it's going to be a dandy), which will soon be here. We know of but one way to get that room-viz: To turn out

For What It Will Bring.

Every Garment in the House

Come in; short pocketbooks go

The Popular Outfitters. 3 WHITEHALL ST.



TONIGHT and FRIDAY at MATI-**NEE and NIGHT**

WM. H. CRANE And his admirable company drection of Joseph Brooks. Tonight and Friday Matinee.

By David D. Lloyd and Sidney Rosen-Friday night, Martha Morton's delightful

The Senator,

BROTHER JOHN.

Saturday Night, February 9th, the Favor

ROBT. MANTELL,

"MONBARS,"

As played by Mr. Mantell over 1,000 times

sun, wed, thur, frl, sat. Auction prices on Ladies and Misses' Jackets. We are determined to close them out if possible; if not, send them to auction. If you care for a fine late style Jacket at auction price, come and get choice. Chamberlin,

EDUCATIONAL.

Johnson & Co.



THE BERLITZ SCHOOL LANGUAGES,
19 E. Cain St.,
FRENCH-GERMAN-SPANISH.
Director: L. Coche.

If you want Wedding or Holiday Presents IN PRETTY CHINA

LYCETT'S. 831/2 Whitehall Street. Lessons in China and Oil Painting. Art daterials for sale. White China for Decora-tion a specialty.

For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons,

Auburn avenue....
Summitt avenue....
N. Pryor street....
Mills street..... 6-r. h. Hilliard street
6-r. h. Lovejoy street
6-r. h. Mills street
6-r. h. Mills street
6-r. h. Mills street
6-r. h. Marietta street
6-r. h. Marietta street
6-r. h. E. Fair street
6-r. h. E. Fair street
6-r. h. Luckie street
4-r. h. Luckie street
4-r. h. McAfee
4-r. h. Gartrell street
4-r. h. Guilatt street
4-r. h. Bush street
4-r. h. Bush street
4-r. h. Magnolia street
4-r. h. Magnolia street
6-r. h. Magnolia street
6-r. h. Fort street

For a dining-room outfit see our new oak and mahogany. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.



to read how cheap you can buy Clothing, but take our advice, don't buy thatkind of clothing All the recommendation anybody can want is in our guarantee that better qualities are not to behad, and lower prices for them cannot be quoted. Come here. Don't judge the bargains by the size of this in-

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters,

38 Whitehall.



Cups and Saucers French China, assorted shape

Dinner Sets Grand variety, sold on th

Tea Sets

same unprecedented gener

effects and prices lower that

61 Peachtree St. USEBARNES'INK

Dobbs, Wey & Co.,

BECEIVER'S SALE By order of the Hon. J. H. Lum

county, in the case of Riley-Grant Co. et al. entire stock of merchandise belonging to the Colwell Manufacturing Company, consisting of stoves, ranges, tinware, material usually kept by a first-class stove house; Said bids to be in writing, sealed and delivered to the undersigned not later than 9:30 o'clock a. m., on Saturday, the 9th day of February, 1855. A complete inventory of the assets may be seen, or an examination of the goods had, by applying to the re-ceiver, or to Culberson & Blalook; or Al-bert & Hughes, attorneys, Inman building All bids to be made subject to approval ar rejection by the court. Terms cash.
ROBERT L. SAWYER.

feb 1-10t 81 Peachtree Street, Affanta, Ga.

Art At Hard-Time Prices. For one month I offer all my pictures at half price. On sale or on order.

JAMES P. FIELD,

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Civil and mining engineers, of Gate City bank building, Atlanta, Ge. Burveys of all kinds. Special attention given to minea, quarries and hydraulics.

Eatonton, Ga.

Milton A. Candler. Wm. S. Thomson.
CANDLER & THOMSON,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms 635 and 637 Equitable Building.
jan 31-3m.

jan 31-3m.

Howard E. W. Palmer. Charles A. Read.
PALMER & READ,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

E. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell,
DORREY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
LAWYERS,
Offices-1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building,
65% Whitehall street. Telephone 639.

W. B. WILLINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GE Gate City bank building,
Atlanta, Ga.
W. W. GOODRICH,
ARCHITECT,
ATLANTA, GA.
MARVIN L. CASE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
205 Equitable Ballding, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Thomas J. Dempsey, administrator of Mollie M. Bone, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March, next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1885.—Clifford L. Anderson, guardian of John H. Cooper, lunatic, has applied for leave to sell the land and stock of said lunatic. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March, next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Della McDermott, administratrix of Timothy McDermott, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

from said trust, W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. feb 7-3m, thur.

feb 7-3m, thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Francis F, Appling, administrator of George T. Appling, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
feb 7-3m. thur.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Notice is hereby given to, all concerned that Baskin Miler, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration of the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in March, next, unless valid objection is made thereth.

unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Minnle L. Derick, widow of A. C. Derick, for a twelve months' support for herself, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next March term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, GEORGIA. FULTON, COUNTY, Ordinary.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.
GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Alice L. Garwood has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary L. Vandiver, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March, next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—J. A. Farnesworth has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Willie Doree, deceased. This, is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March, next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

feb 7-14-21-28 thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—E. A. Van Dyke has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Arthur J. Van Dyke, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Annie A, Allein has applied for letters of administration on the estate of E. T. Allen, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Grand display in New

Carpets, consisting of Ax-

BRUNDER JOHN RECEIVED FOR

W. F. & H. A. JENKINS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Entonton.



Large assortment; new designs. J. 1 Stevens & Bro., Jewelers, 47 Whitehall st.

spots on the sun

It is good and pure-you run no chances with our whisky.

"four aces rye"

are all right-on sale at all first-class

bluthenthal & bickart.

marletta and forsyth streets.

ACME **Pure Old Rye Whisky**

It is the product of one of the best distilleries of the world, and its purity is abso-

Leading physicians recom-mend it for its efficacious medicinal qualities. It should be upon every home side-board and in every family medicine

Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO

7-13 DECATUR ST.





KELLAM & MOORE, SCIENTIFIC The oldest lens-grinders in the state. Retail salesroom, 40 Marietta street.

POTOMAC ROE HERRING.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST BISCUITS

AMERICAN CLUB HOUSE CHEESE Very Fine for Luncheons.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO.

B90 and 392 Peachtree St. 'Phone 628.

Thanks! Thanks!

At the beginning of a new month, I wish to thank my many customers and friends and the people of Atlanta, for their ready and quick appreciation of my effort to sell them the best quality of Eatables at the lowest price ever known before.

I assure them that it shall still be my aim to save them money on everything in the Grocery line and to give them the very best quality of everything at the same time. I am neither selling out nor moving, though many, seeing the quantity of goods going out, it is my aim to sell out each day and lay in a fresh supply the next, thus always giving fresh goods and cheap prices to my trade. Major T. H. Mickingli, who is known everywhere as one of the livest and most proposition of the sales department and will be glad to meet his maititude of friends at our store, meatment as well as money-saving this change has been made because

change has been made because a gone actively into the Fire Ince hasiness. Mr. George M. a and aspecif, under the firm of Brown & Hoyt, have five of trongest Insurance Companies series, and are in position to eare of our friends in all insurance of the friends in the friend treet. Hoyt's cheap prices

valore and get them.
money daily?
W. R. HOYT,
DO Whitehall St.

MORE ROOM SECURED

The City Will Occupy the Chamber of Commerce Another Year.

ANOTHER FLOOR SECURED YESTERDAY The Rental Is to Be \$5,000 Per Annum A Meeting of the Committee Was Held Yesterday.

The city offices will remain in the Champer of Commerce until March next year and ample additional room will be given the various city departments.

A joint meeting of the finance and pubic buildings and grounds committees yesterday afternoon determined this fact. The top floor of the building was secured in addition to the other room already occupled by the city, and the city offices will spread out after March 1st.

On March 1st the city's contract with the Chamber of Commerce people expires and the matter of securing a home for the city offices for another year devolved upor the two committees named yesterday. A joint meeting of the two committees was called by Chairmen Inman and Welch, and yesterday a goodly delegation of councilmen, aldermen and representatives of the Chamber of Commerce assembled in Mayor King's office. They met within the shadow of the noted detective trial, but seemed undisturbed by the clamor outside. Mr. Welch, whose committee had the

natter of securing the building for another year directly in hand, presided over the meeting. Messrs. Stewart Woodson, J. G. Oglesby, H. G. Saunders and one or two other representatives of the Chamber of Commerce were present and were given a

hearing.

For some months there has been serious For some months there has been serious complaint among the city officials with offices in the Chamber of Commerce that they were cramped in their quarters and that more room was needed. This complaint was by no means unfounded and the justice of it was apparent to all of the city officials. It was very plain that the city's husiness was being conducted in a city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city's husiness was being conducted in a contract of the city of the cit city's business was being conducted in a space altogether too limited. The water office, the city clerk's office, the marshal's office, the comptroller's and city assessors' office, the tax collector's office and the office of the commissioner of public works are all cramped together on one floor. During the past year several changes have been made, the offices being shifted about, with a view to getting them more convenently arranged. The mayor's office was noved from the first floor to the second, the city engineer was moved up stairs and the office of the commissioner of public works was brought down. Still the need

of room is felt. A direct effort to get more room was made before the present committee on pub-lic buildings and grounds and resulted yes-terday afternoon in the rental of the top floor of the building for the use of the city.

The conference between the two committees and the representatives of the Chamber of Commerce was for the purpose of arriving at a figure at which the building could be rented for the coming year, Five thousand dollars per annum was agreed upon. This is \$500 more than the city has paid heretofore, the additional \$500 being in consideration of the additional floor. The Chamber of Commerce is

to keep the elevator running from the bot-tom floor to the top floor.

The mayor's office is to be moved to the top floor, where it will be nicely fitted up. What other changes are to be made will

be decided upon later. The room will all be utilized by the city. The arrangement made by the city yes-terday for the use of the Chamber of Commerce for another year by no means ex-cludes the possibility of a satisfactory ar-rangement being made with Messrs. Steele and Ansley, who propose to erect a fine hotel in time for the exposition in the same block on which the city hall stands the hotel to be used as a city hall after the exposition is over. The hotel, if built, will be used for hotel purposes until the time of the expiration of the contract made

yesterday, at the very least,
There seems to be a favorable sentiment
among the members of the council regarding the proposition, and every member of the council is willing to listen to what Messrs, Steele and Ansley have to say. If their proposition is a good one there is every reason to believe that the big hotel and city hall they propose will be built.

The importance of taking a good spring benefits to be derived from a reliable prer ration like Hood's Sarsapartila makes it worthy your notice.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA. October Term, 1894-Number of Cases

Remaining Undisposed Of.

Proceedings Yesterday.

Pettit vs. mayor and council of Macon.
Argument concluded.
John M. Sharp vs. American Freehold
Land Mortgage Company. Argued.
J A. Orme, agent, vs. Mrs. R. E. Birney. Argued.
Exchange Bank of Macon vs. Macon Construction Company et al. Argued.
Minnie Tinsley vs. A. &. N. M. Block.
Withdrawn.
Adjourned to Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

The Thront .- "Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat. "The Earthly Footsteps of the Man of

Impure water, the cause of so much ill health, is made harmless by adding a little Angostura Bitters. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Slegert & Sons. At all druggists. Galilee."

May be obtained only through The Constitution. Bring or send 10 cents and reading certificate to business office of The Constitution and get this great art work.

Reader's Certificate.

This certifies that the holder of this is reader of The Constitution, and as such sentitled to participate in the distribution of the new religo-educational fine art series, "Earthly Footsteps of the Man of Gaillee," upon the name all terms specially arranged for our readers and subscribers as follows: as follows:

Bring or send this certificate with 10
cents to cover cost of postage, wrapping, handling, mailing, etc., to The Constitution and any part issued will be delivered or mailed.
Unless a "Reader's Certificate" is brought
or mailed, the price of these portfolios is
cents per copy.

dec 27-20w thur sun tue

25 cents per copy.

NOTICE.

Candler & Thomson have moved their office from the Fitten building to rooms 635 and 637 Equitable building. jan31-7t. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women. 22½ South Broad street.

PERSONAL. C. J. Daniel, wal paper, window shades rurniture and room moniding. 49 Mariette street. Send for samples.

The St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Co., is made of Bohemian hops and Wisconsin bariey. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale dealers. Drink hearty when you get the St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Co., for it is pure mait and hops. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale dealers.

NO SECRET IN THIS WOMAN'S CASE.

Mrs. Campbell Wishes Her Letter-Published so that the Truth May Be

Of the thousands of letters received from women all over the world by Mrs. Pinkham, not one is Pinkham, not one is given to the public unless by the wish of the writer. Thus absolute confidence is established between Mrs.

Pinkham and her weether the property of the pr and her army of

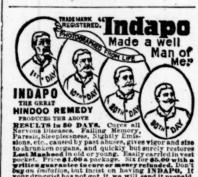
ter from

is in ill health or alling. In the case of Mary E. Campbell, of Albion, Noble Co., Ind., her suffering was so severe, her relief so suddenly realized, and her gratitude so great, that she wishes the circumstances published, in the hope that others may be benefited

thereby. She says:—
"My physician told me I had dropsy and falling of the womb. My stomach and bowels were so bloated I could not get a full breath. My face and hands were bloated badly. I had that dreadful bearing-down pain, backache, palpitation

of the heart, and nervousness. "One of my physicians told me I had something growing in my stomach; and the medicine that I took gave me relief only for a short time. I thought I must die. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it worked like a charm. After taking the first bottle I could walk across the street, now I am I advise all my friends to take it."

-MARY E. CAMPBELL, Albion, Noble Co.



JACOB'S PHARMACY ATLANTA, GA.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Fullstrength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 200 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (scaled) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y. Jan27-sun tues thur nrm

Just received, an elegant line of Ladies' Fine Shoes; new lasts. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Notice to Railroad Contractors. Fifty miles of heavy work, including grading bridging and masonry on the line of Texarkanna and Fort. mith railroad will be let by the undersigned on and after February 12th, at Texarkanna, Ark.

MONROE, STRANG, LEE & CO., feb5-7t

15 Wall Street, New York.

Look!

Look! Look!

500 Hardwood Mantels from \$4

2,000 Grates from \$1.50 up. 1,000 Tile Hearths and Facings

at your own price.

Our stock must be reduced. These goods must be sold, and

you will be the loser if you do not call and see us. They are being closed out first. We sold 60 Mantels this week. Come at once and get your choice.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, February 6 1895.—William L. Gilbert has applied for letters of adminis tration on the estates of Henry and Jane West, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Andrew P. Stewart has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Emily Hunicutt, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—J. H. Foster has applied for letters of administration on the estate of William Foster, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary, feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur. We sell the best Wrought Steel

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

COMPANY,

Dissolution Notice.

Atlanta, Ga., February 2, 1895.-The copartnership heretofore existing between Liebman & Kaufmann has been dissolved by mutual consent, D. Kaufmann retiring and L. Lieberman succeeding. All accounts due the old firm will be collected in the name of Lieberman & Kaufmann.

L. LIEBERMAN. D. KAUFMANN.

as now. These are as In retiring from the firm of Lieberman & Kaufmann I desire to express by thanks to the patrons of the old firm and wish a fresh as a new pin just opened. Chamberlin, ontinuance of same to my succes Johnson & Co. D. KAUFMANN.

Without reserve or exception-you catch that, do you? Means that you'll buy the choicest Clothing in the city at a rebate of 33 1-3 per cent.

> \$3.33 Saved on a \$10 Suit or Coat, \$4.00 Saved on a \$12 Suit or Coat. \$5.00 Saved on a \$15 Suit or Coat. \$6.00 Saved on an \$18 Suit or Coat. \$6.67 Sayed on a \$20 Suit or Coat.

It's the grandest chance yet offered the buyers of this community. The reputation of our Clothing doesn't need a word of praise. You know it is true, fashionable and rich in workmanship. Bargains every day.....



LITHIA WATER AND BATHS

CURE

Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Insomnia and Gout. SWEETWATER PARK HOTEL, Lithia Springs, Ga.

(20 MILES FROM ATLANTA.) H. T. BLAKE, Proprietor, - Late of Pass Christian, Miss., and Manitou, Colorado,

Massage, Electric, Vapor, Needle, Shower, Steam and Mineral baths; modern, 200-room hotel, dry climate, altitude 1,200 feet. Rates, \$14 to \$25 per week, 10 per cent discount by the month. Rooms with private bath, toilet, hot and cold running water, steam neat. Glass enclosed porches and sun pariors. Six trains daily to Atlanta, forty-five-minute ride; also telephone com munication. Office opposite Aragon hotel. Open February 1st. Stop on your way home from Fiorida and get the malaria out of your system.

A PERFECT LAND SLIDE,

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1885.—Henrietta Bishop has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of John G. Bishop, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in March, next.

GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—It being necessary that a guardian should be appointed for Harry, Willie, Kate and Cecil Bussey, miners, of said county, and no application having been made therefor, notice is hereby given that on the first Monday in March, next, said guardianship will be vested in the county guardian unless valid objection is made thereto.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary. It Was the Late Election. This Is S mall Compared to the Big 30-Day Cut Sale Lieberman & Kaufma nn Are Making on Trunks and Valises. Why Just Think of It.

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY. LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN, 92 Whi tehall.

WILLIAM C.HALE, President. D. H LIVERMORE, Vice-Prest. J. C. DAYTON, Cashior

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

Torner Peachtree and Mari etta Streets, Atlanta, Ga. CAPITAL, \$100,000.

UNDIVIDED PROFITS, \$10,000.

Accounts of individuals, firms, corporations, and banks received on favorable terms, Correspondence solicited.

JOSEPH A. McCORD, Cashler, T. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashler.

THE ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING GO

Corner Alabama and Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

Accounts of firms, corporations and individuals solicited on terms constent with legitimate banking.

DIRE CTORS.

J. CAR ROL PAYNE,
EUGEN E C. SPALDING,
H. M. A TKINSON.

A. P. MORGAN,
A. RICHARDSON,



Wrought Iron Pipe 8 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga

BRASSGOODS

HEADQUARTERS FOR

feb 7, 14 21, 28—thur. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—George W. Kennedy has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Thomas A. Kennedy, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Walthall R. Joyner hus applied for letters of administration on the estates of William B, and Mary A. Allen, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in March next. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

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